

Average Circulation
of THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE
Daily . . . 556,019
Sunday . . . 939,391

Chicago Daily Tribune

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FINAL EDITION

VOLUME LXXXII NO. 84 C

[COPYRIGHT 1923 BY THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE]

SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1923.—36 PAGES THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF TWO SECTIONS—SECTION ONE

* * PRICE TWO CENTS

IN CHICAGO AND SUBURBS THREE CENTS

HERRIN JURY AGAIN ACQUITS

DOYLE'S 'SPIRIT' PHOTOS OF WAR HEROES THRILL

Eerie Film of Heads, Countless Heads.

New York, April 6.—[Special.]—Sir Arthur Conan Doyle moved his audience by a "spirit" photograph so deeply in the last few minutes of his lecture on spiritualism in Carnegie Hall tonight that several women began to sob and one cried out hysterically. Sir Arthur called it "the greatest spirit photograph ever taken."

The photographs—there were really two of them, complementary of each other—were taken in London at the time of the two-minute silence around the cenotaph to England's dead in the war. They were taken by a Mrs. D. Rockwell Jr., to send them questionnaires on social hygiene. Page 4.

President Harding, in address at Augusta, Ga., deplores development of bloc as national menace. Page 1.

Only 2,500 married women and 2,200 single women, out of 20,000, ask John D. Rockwell Jr., to send them questionnaires on social hygiene. Page 4.

Louisianian and family, colonized in Russia, return with amazing story of deception, misery, and attempted "love"; two alleged agents of "Big Bill" Haywood arrested in New York. Page 5.

Former Supreme Court Justice Clarke pleads for league of nations, saying United States must avert war between England and France. Page 5.

La Salle county judge's adverse ruling endangers Illinois waterway. Page 5.

Rockwell to appeal. Page 5.

Third faction enters Klan quarrel, asking receiver. Page 5.

LOCAL.

Eddie Kaufman, long sought as fixer at Gov. Small's trial, taken on south side through ruse. Page 1.

Bosse worth \$200,000 before profit

is delivered to homes of 100 stockholders under dissolution of Gronnem & Ulrich, wholesale liquor house. Page 1.

Dover may name Mrs. Dover for member of school board, the mayor elect's friends pointing out that such a selection would be fitting. Page 2.

George Kaiser, friend and fellow employee of missing Lewis Larson, shoots self to death; despondent over missing man and business worries. Page 3.

Lundin and others accused of school

bonding are balked in demand for further bill of particulars and may ask change of venue. Page 3.

Employee of Adams-Baetz-François, appearing before grand jury, tell of city hall "sugar" charged up to them which they didn't get. Page 3.

Proposal to call conference of governors of wheat growing states to consider reduction in wheat acreage despite wide difference of opinion in conference here. Page 7.

Four persons, including little boy, near death as result of day's auto accident. Page 9.

Scientists here scoff at theory of "tomb curse," pointing out that both history and common sense refute such fantastic theory. Page 18.

Government's case against Capt. Rosenthal is outlined; Putney's charge is not the sole base of prosecution. Page 16.

These were a few persons of megalomaniac influence who had been seen in the crowd and asked to say. Page 1.

Heads, Countless Heads.

The next picture had been exposed for the full two minutes of silence and was the one which so moved the audience. When it was flashed upon the screen, there was a moment of silence and then a little gasp rose and spread over the room and the voices and heads of a few women could be heard. For over the heads of the crowd in the picture—a crowd which had almost disappeared because of the conditions of the exposure, except for a few distinct figures—floated heads, countless heads, heads of men with strained, grim expressions. Some were tight, some were loose; others were marked out distinctly on the plate so that they might have been recognized by those who knew them.

There was nothing else, just these heads without even necks or shoulders, and all that could be seen distinctly were the fixed, stern look of men who might have been killed in battle.

Even Scowlers Are Moved.

Despite the opinion of many persons that Sir Arthur's pictures had been produced by natural means, there was something about this picture and the conditions under which it was shown that was so eerie, so weird, so supernatural that it moved even the scowlers.

For back in the hall a woman's voice could be heard, half muffled, and then came the hysterical cry: "Can't see them; can't you see them?" Her voice and other mumbles were the only sounds to be heard for a time in the great hall.

Sir Arthur stood still on the stage, holding his pointer and apparently disconcerted by the unexpected effect of his picture. Finally he broke the strained silence:

"It is no wonder that this picture moves people's emotions. I think it is the greatest spirit photograph ever taken, the spirits of those men who came back that day while this crowd was paying tribute to their sacrifice."

Preparations to take these pictures had been carefully made," Sir Arthur continued, "and if I had the time I could tell you all the steps by which the plates were guarded. They were taken away immediately and developed in a way that I am sure was a guard against fraud."

Sir Arthur showed other pictures, one a mould of a glove of paraffin which had been formed about the hand of a materialized spirit and left when the spirit had withdrawn.

Rudyard Kipling, Reported Dying, "Never Felt Better"

Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.

PARIS, April 6.—Rudyard Kipling, the London papers today report to be dying, declared over the telephone from Tonkin that he "never felt better."

EDDIE KAUFMAN.

Norval C. Douglas, who have been twice arrested

and his wife, have been twice arrested

suing affidavits to prove I would be unfair," he told newspaper men. "I am willing to turn over my matter to another judge at any time now."

Col. Smith declared the judge had changed his attitude. He said he had requested Judge Edwards to call in another judge at the time the grand jury was reconvened, and that Edwards refused, even when informed he might be called as a witness. Judge Edwards is one of the last of witnesses on the back of the Fields-Kaufman-Courtney indictment.

"Col. Smith declared I felt he was unfriendly toward my office," said Col. Smith, "but he would not call in another judge under any circumstances."

Judge Edwards denied ever having had such an conversation with the state's attorney.

The petition for a writ of habeas corpus on behalf of Riley was filed in the Superior court by Attorney Emory J. Smith, with offices at 111 West Monroe street, who set forth in his petition that he was representing Carl Hoffmann, proprietor of a car repair shop in Waukegan. Riley had left Chicago and was working as a bartender in Argo at the time he is alleged to have made his confession to the Lake county authorities.

Plan to Balk Work.

The petition immediately was assigned to Judge John B. Sullivan for a hearing. Judge Sullivan is out of the city, and it is doubtful if he will be back in time to conduct a hearing today.

In the meantime word of the habeas corpus proceedings was flashed to Waukegan, and it was said that Col. Smith planned to move the witness to a hotel in Milwaukee, beyond the reach of the Cook county courts. Riley has been in the custody of members of Waukegan's "sponge" squad, who have been moving him from one hotel to another along the lake shore to prevent him from attempting to kidnap him. It was reported he was concealed in a hotel in Racine, Wis., on Thursday night, and yesterday was at the home of Howard Brookwell, a member of the "sponge" squad, in Waukegan.

Statement by Lawyer.

Attorney Emory Smith denied that any pro-Small interests were backing him in the habeas corpus proceedings.

"Some of Riley's friends came to me and asked me to do what he could to get him out of the city, but whether he wants to remain in the custody of the Lake county authorities or not," he said. "I asked Col. Smith to let me talk to Riley and he promised he would and then changed his mind. I haven't the time or money to keep running up to Waukegan and that is why I filed the petition for a writ here instead of up there."

Riley, in his confession, agreed to have admitted he received \$1,000 from Kaufman and Courtney to be delivered to Juror Fields at the close of the trial. Riley spent \$800 of the money in the purchase of his trial suit and had only \$200 left when it ended, it was reported. This, he is said to have testified, he turned over to Fields with the promise he would make another payment, as promises had been made that more money would be forthcoming from the same source.

The criminal investigation is to be resumed on April 21.

FLORIDA BEGINS PROBE OF DEATH IN CONVICT CAMP

Tallahassee, Fla., April 6.—(By the Associated Press)—The machinery was set up today for a legislative investigation into the death of Martin T. Tuber, 30, of North Dakota, who is alleged to have been taken from a freight train excursion in this state in December, 1921, tried at night, sent to a private convict camp and died as the result of brutal treatment.

The probe was overunningly to conclude in a legislative session adjourned yesterday for a joint legislative investigation, the committee to be composed of two members from the senate and three from the house.

When the house hopper was opened today, two bills were introduced to abolish the county contract lease system under which it is claimed Tuber died.

On the Tuber case proper, the house acted quickly today. As the first order of business, a committee of five named Tuesday to study a resolution from the North Dakota legislature, reported back recommending that a full investigation be made.

Roosevelt Birthday Is Urged as Holiday

A movement to make Theodore Roosevelt's birthday, Oct. 27, a national holiday was launched yesterday by Theodore Roosevelt Post of the American Legion at a luncheon at the Hamlin club. The resolution petitioning congress to enact the necessary legislation was unanimously adopted by the post.

Mandel Brothers
Men's Shop—second floor



ÆTNA Insured Hat

The newest spring shapes—and pearl gray, tan, beige, steel and green are some of the shades. Hats of marked superiority—satin lined, silk ribbon trimmed. We'll find the style most becoming to you—and you are sure to be pleased with the values.

DEVER MAY NAME MRS. DEVER FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE

Fitting for Him to Do So, His Friends Assert.

BY PARKE BROWN.

(Pictures on back page.)

French Lick, Ind., April 6.—(Special)—Mayor-elect Dever's first appointee may be his wife. It has been suggested to him that the public would consider it an earnest of his intentions concerning the schools to appoint Mrs. Charles E. Merriman, a member of the board of education. Both

were inclined to think at the proposal when it was made, but several arguments have been advanced in support of it.

There is a vacancy on the board of Mrs. Dorothy Ginzberg—and it is thought she would be the best name a woman for it. The question is asked why, in making the selection, his first choice should not be Mrs. Dever. The trustees do not receive salaries and Dever has made it plain that he wants to name men and women in whom he has the greatest personal confidence.

Merriman First on List.

But the decision probably will await the disposal of the question concerning Prof. Charles E. Merriman's appointment to the school board.

Dever would like to have Merriman as president of the board and is prepared to ask the council to appropriate a substantial salary for the position if Merriman will accept.

It is understood, however, that Merriman is anxious to retain his place on the faculty of the University of Chicago. If he would consent to surrender that he could have any place in the Dever cabinet that he would accept.

The mayor would prefer to see him at the head of the school system or have him in the administration of some other branch of government where they are needed just as much as he is about the city buying the car lines.

It is said that he wants trusts built in outlying and cross-town regions that need them most; also he wants more car lines.

U.S. TAX HEARING KNOCKS ROMANCE OUT OF CIRCUSES

Washington, D. C., April 6.—(Special)—A hint of the romance and interests that lie hidden behind the apparently prosaic and compulsory duty of paying income taxes to the government came to light today, when the board of appeals and review of the inheritance division of the treasury department returned to a reversal of the decision of the tax collector.

The case in point involved taxes upon the estate of Henry and Alfred T. Ringling, John M. Kelley of New York, counsel for the estates, contend that the "good will" in the Ringling Bros. and Barnum & Bailey circus shows, passed along by the dead man, was merely of nominal value and, indeed, extremely difficult of determination.

Henry Ringling, owner of considerable interest in the circus, died in Florida in 1918; Alfred T. Ringling, owner of one-third interest, died in New Jersey in 1919. Upon each estate the service commission and champions of Capt. William Russell report that they did not make much progress with their investigation before the board of appeals today was simply how much the "good will" involved should be taxed.

It was learned that the attention of the whole amusement world is centered on this case, as the decision of the board will set a precedent, while all affected branches of entertainment, not only of circuses but of theatrical attractions, midway shows, Coney Island features, and the like.

Garrison Leads for Chief.

Right now Capt. James Gleason, whose record during the last Harrison administration stands out in Dever's mind, is considered in the lead for the position—but organization leaders still believe he is too old.

Capt. P. J. Harding is believed to have been hurt materially by the fact that he was hard hit by the police investigation under the Harrison civil service commission and champions of Capt. William Russell report that they did not make much progress with their investigation.

Dever is still keeping himself out of the lobby arguments but it is believed certain that he agrees with the organization on the proposition that Martin J. O'Brien, chairman of the managing committee, should be identified with his administration in an important way.

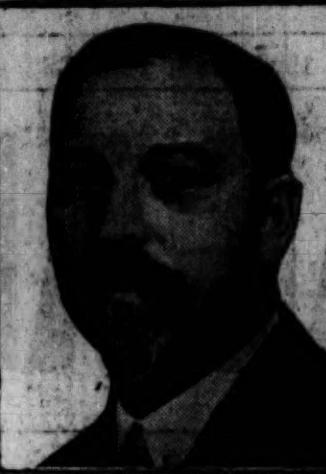
O'Brien Not Eager.

O'Brien is not anxious to get in anywhere, and is willing to devote his time to the amateur business, but he is interested, but if he is to take a cabinet job, he would prefer the post of commissioner of public works to the comptrollership. But there are organization leaders who hold that the comptrollership which ought to go to O'Brien is the comptrollership. He doesn't like the look of that but may be persuaded to identify with his administration in an important way.

Bride Asks Police Hunt Mate Who Left with \$530

Mrs. Martha Clew Lee, 30, widow of a one-time stock broker, died in New York, yesterday, leaving \$530,000 to her husband, William Lee, who disappeared a few days after their marriage in February. He took \$530 of her money when he left, stating he was going to Washington on busi-

CHOSEN FOR HIGHER COURT



Judge Joseph H. Fitch, named as Justice of the Appellate court to take the place vacated by the death of Judge Donald L. Merrill. (Gibson, Sykes & Powers Photo.)

concerning the next health committee is whether Dr. James Whitney Hall, president of the Iroquois club, is a candidate.

Think Much About Traction.

There is considerable disappointment among some of the newspaper men with Dever's part. They want the mayor elect to talk traction, to tell exactly how he is to bring about municipal ownership over night; but he isn't talking about it yet.

He is, however, to talk to Ald. U. S. Schwartz, chairman of the local transportation committee of the council, and the alderman said he was going ahead with the Schwartz plan, but Dever is thinking about traction more than about immediate profits.

Dever is needed just as much as is about the city buying the car lines.

It is said that he wants trusts built in outlying and cross-town regions that need them most; also he wants more car lines.

JUDGE GEMMILL FINDS DRY LAW AID TO CHICAGO

Chicago has been benefited by protection. This was the conclusion reached yesterday by Judge William N. Gemmill of the Municipal court, who conducted a survey for the Union Signal, official publication of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

The judge, in his report, cited court records, juvenile delinquency figures, poorhouse reports and coroners' statistics to show that conditions in the city have improved.

City Losing Big Interest.

The surface lines will be technically

broken off from the franchise.

Dever's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

Judge Gemmill's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge

also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

JUDGE GEMMILL FINDS DRY LAW AID TO CHICAGO

Chicago has been benefited by protection.

This was the conclusion reached yesterday by Judge William N. Gemmill of the Municipal court, who conducted a survey for the Union Signal, official publication of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

The judge, in his report, cited court records, juvenile delinquency figures, poorhouse reports and coroners' statistics to show that conditions in the city have improved.

City Losing Big Interest.

The surface lines will be technically

broken off from the franchise.

Dever's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge

also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

Judge Gemmill's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge

also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

JUDGE GEMMILL FINDS DRY LAW AID TO CHICAGO

Chicago has been benefited by protection.

This was the conclusion reached yesterday by Judge William N. Gemmill of the Municipal court, who conducted a survey for the Union Signal, official publication of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

The judge, in his report, cited court records, juvenile delinquency figures, poorhouse reports and coroners' statistics to show that conditions in the city have improved.

City Losing Big Interest.

The surface lines will be technically

broken off from the franchise.

Dever's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge

also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

Judge Gemmill's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge

also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

JUDGE GEMMILL FINDS DRY LAW AID TO CHICAGO

Chicago has been benefited by protection.

This was the conclusion reached yesterday by Judge William N. Gemmill of the Municipal court, who conducted a survey for the Union Signal, official publication of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

The judge, in his report, cited court records, juvenile delinquency figures, poorhouse reports and coroners' statistics to show that conditions in the city have improved.

City Losing Big Interest.

The surface lines will be technically

broken off from the franchise.

Dever's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge

also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

Judge Gemmill's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge

also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

JUDGE GEMMILL FINDS DRY LAW AID TO CHICAGO

Chicago has been benefited by protection.

This was the conclusion reached yesterday by Judge William N. Gemmill of the Municipal court, who conducted a survey for the Union Signal, official publication of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

The judge, in his report, cited court records, juvenile delinquency figures, poorhouse reports and coroners' statistics to show that conditions in the city have improved.

City Losing Big Interest.

The surface lines will be technically

broken off from the franchise.

Dever's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge

also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

Judge Gemmill's resignation from the Supreme court jurists yesterday. His

resignation as Superior court judge

also was forwarded to Gov. Smith, who, however, has not the power to appoint new judges in place of Dever and Merrill.

JUDGE GEMMILL FINDS DRY LAW AID TO CHICAGO

Chicago has been benefited by protection.

This was the conclusion reached yesterday by Judge William N. Gemmill of the Municipal court, who conducted a survey for the Union Signal, official publication of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

The judge, in his report, cited court records, juvenile delinquency figures, poorhouse reports and coroners' statistics to show that conditions in the city have improved.

City Losing Big Interest.

The surface lines will be technically

broken off from the franchise.

BRITISH SCENT FRENCH MOVE TO END RUHR SNARL

Wall Loucheur Envoy of President Millerand.

BY JOHN STEELE
[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]
LONDON, April 6.—[Tribune Radio]—Louis Loucheur returned to Paris today, having seen on his "private and unofficial visit" former Prime Minister Lloyd George, Prime Minister Bonar Law, Stanley Baldwin, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Lord Grey, Secretary of War.
"I am pleased with my visit," he said, "and I am going back to France satisfied that if Great Britain is not with us on the Ruhr she is not against us."

It is now understood that M. Loucheur came here as an unofficial emissary of President Millerand, who has dissociated himself from Premier Poincaré's policy and is sounding out the British statesmen as to how they would view a change in the French policy towards Germany. It is believed that if M. Poincaré is forced to resign he will be succeeded either by M. Loucheur or M. Pétain as premier, with Loucheur as minister of finance.

Let Uncle Sam Hold Bag.

M. Loucheur's plan, which he put before the British politicians, provides as usual in European settlement plans Uncle Sam to hold the bag. The brief is that the French should agree to accept a much reduced sum in reparation from Germany on condition that Germany will assume the French debt to the United States. The French are sure that the Belgians and Danes would accept this plan enthusiastically. Great Britain also is expected to agree to France, Belgium, and Italy turning over their debts to Great Britain to Germany for payment.

In this connection a highly placed foreign diplomat told me today that there are indications of an early joint venture from Great Britain and the United States, who now are the only two creditor nations, towards their European debtors, inviting them to pay a little more account.

Paris Press Bitter.

There Tribune Foreign News Service]—The press this morning was unanimous in its judgment on the subject of his "quiet visit," which brought him into contact with "France's most bitter enemy," former Prime Minister Lloyd George. The tone continues unfriendly which indicates that M. Loucheur needed his instructions, if he ever had them.

Loucheur, arriving here last night, was angry and refused to make statement. The steel-magnate immediately went into conference with the editor of his newspaper.

German Banks Seek German Railways.

BERLIN, April 6.—[By the Associated Press]—Charges that American interests have been trying to get control of the German railroads and that there is an imminent danger of a Franco-German combination for a world monopoly as an outgrowth of the war were made yesterday by Dr. Neuhausen, a well known mining engineer, before the association of German Engineers.

Dr. Neuhausen was introduced as taking from facts gleaned during four years of activity in various countries.

"We are fighting the war," he declared, "Germany led in heavy industry, the English and Americans. The war was the war. Had Germany won the ore basins of Longwy and been made available to her, then American heavy industry would have been done for."

France Now Seeks Monopoly.

Now it appears a near possibility that France may assume Germany's position. For this she needs coke and the industry of the Ruhr district, which cannot and will not permit herself to be absorbed absolutely in the German machine.

The big news is this: Are the French bold acting in agreement with the Germans in the occupation of the Ruhr or have they stolen a march in order to prevent a world war?

In accordance with its old trust, America is interested primarily in the hold of the German industrial railways. Therefore, it is now mighty dangerous to speak of revolting the German federal railroads.

Confiscate 2,750,000 Marks.

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

DUSSELDORF, April 6.—Belgian officials today discovered a secret money bag in the offices of the General Assurance in Münster. They confiscated 500,000 marks.

The French confiscated 500,000 marks from banks in Bochum and 250,000 marks from banks in Düsseldorf.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself. See how much more attractive you look with bright, curly hair. Be sure that our druggist gives you LeCurle.

LE NOYE, Ltd., Chicago, Ill.

\$35

Values to \$75

EVERY Saturday is business women's day at Bennett's—for today we offer a sale of dresses—sale that represents the opportunity of the season. Many are authentic reproductions of foreign models—creations that ordinarily sell as high as \$75. There are dresses for every occasion. Your unrestricted choice of a wide assortment. At

\$35

everyone Can Have Naturally Wavy Hair

Thousands of women have discovered that LeCurle is just the thing to give a beautiful, natural wave effect to the straightness hair. This pure, natural and entirely liquid brings out the natural wavyness of your hair and keeps it in for weeks or more. It makes your hair look more silvery, flattery, and curly that you can easily do it up in many of the new styles right at home.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself. See how much more attractive you look with bright, curly hair. Be sure that our druggist gives you LeCurle.

LE NOYE, Ltd., Chicago, Ill.

SALES MEN
WANTED

To sell Addressographs. Good territories. Large earnings. Immediate openings. See our Want Advertisement in today's classified section.

Addressograph

PRINTED FROM TYPE

901 W. Van Buren St.

Holmes Co.

ARTISTS
ENGRAVERS

Engraved
Wedding
Invitations and
Announcements
are now being
shown in the new
and correct styles

Moderate Prices

Addressograph

PRINTED FROM TYPE

901 W. Van Buren St.

Branch Store
17 N. State St.

Subscribe for The Tribune

Cut Out The Coupon
In This Advertisement

The Annual Jubilee Celebration—one of the greatest shopping events of the year. Values extraordinary, plus the extra saving of S. & H. Stamps—themselves as good as cash in this store.

STARS CONDUCT RAFFLE AT GALA MART AT LINCOLN CLUB



Left to right: Mrs. Edward R. Fisfeld, Mrs. Douglas F. Fisler, Leon Errol, Mme. Olga Petrova, Beth Merrill, Ralph Bunker, Mrs. Leon Errol, and Alice Hatterman as they appeared yesterday while Leon Errol and Mme. Petrova were raffling off a dainty negligee. The affair is a benefit for the new Illinois Women's Athletic club.

[TRIBUNE Photo.]

FRENCH REVEAL SECRET ARMY OF GERMAN POLICE

Captured Letters Show Conspiracy.

BY PAUL WILLIAMS.

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

DUSSELDORF, April 6.—Evidence indicating that there are secret operations of the German civil police in the country terminates as follows: the French intelligence service in two letters alleged to have been written by officials of the green police.

These communications seem to reveal a plan for a clandestine disposition of 250 picked officers and noncommissioned officers in the industrial plants of Essen.

Sixty Men for Krupp Plant.

Whether policemen are at those posts the French do not say. The secret service is concentrating its investigation on suspected agitation in the Krupp works, where the workmen demonstrated against a detachment of infantry on Sunday with fatal results. One of the letters states that the six men and four or five officers were sent to Krupp's remaining three weeks if the scheme was carried out.

The French openly charge that national propaganda is encouraged by the management of the plant, and now the chief interest seems to be whether the police also had a hand in it.

Blames the Capitalists.

Gen. Jacquemet, commanding at Essen, has written to the German masters that he has no objection to the search of the Krupp dead at one fu-

rtiling the war. He said: "Because I am convinced that the incident was not the fault of the workers themselves, but the fault of the capitalists who stirred them up against the French military. The responsibility is equally on the management of Krupp."

The burgomaster has asked that the troops involved be punished, the general replying: "The sanctions you requested have already been taken. Four Krupp directors already have been im-

prisoned."

France New Seeks Monopoly.

Now it appears a near possibility that France may assume Germany's position. For this she needs coke and the industry of the Ruhr district, which cannot and will not permit herself to be absorbed absolutely in the German machine.

The big news is this: Are the French bold acting in agreement with the Germans in the occupation of the Ruhr or have they stolen a march in order to prevent a world war?

In accordance with its old trust, America is interested primarily in the hold of the German industrial railways. Therefore, it is now mighty dangerous to speak of revolting the German federal railroads.

Confiscate 2,750,000 Marks.

[Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.]

DUSSELDORF, April 6.—Belgian officials today discovered a secret money bag in the offices of the General Assurance in Münster. They confiscated 500,000 marks.

The French confiscated 500,000 marks from banks in Bochum and 250,000 marks from banks in Düsseldorf.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself. See how much more attractive you look with bright, curly hair. Be sure that our druggist gives you LeCurle.

LE NOYE, Ltd., Chicago, Ill.

Values to \$75

everyday Can Have
Naturally Wavy Hair

Thousands of women have discovered that LeCurle is just the thing to give a beautiful, natural wave effect to the straightness hair. This pure, natural and entirely liquid brings out the natural wavyness of your hair and keeps it in for weeks or more. It makes your hair look more silvery, flattery, and curly that you can easily do it up in many of the new styles right at home.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself. See how much more attractive you look with bright, curly hair. Be sure that our druggist gives you LeCurle.

LE NOYE, Ltd., Chicago, Ill.

Values to \$75

everyone Can Have
Naturally Wavy Hair

Thousands of women have discovered that LeCurle is just the thing to give a beautiful, natural wave effect to the straightness hair. This pure, natural and entirely liquid brings out the natural wavyness of your hair and keeps it in for weeks or more. It makes your hair look more silvery, flattery, and curly that you can easily do it up in many of the new styles right at home.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself. See how much more attractive you look with bright, curly hair. Be sure that our druggist gives you LeCurle.

LE NOYE, Ltd., Chicago, Ill.

Values to \$75

everyone Can Have
Naturally Wavy Hair

Thousands of women have discovered that LeCurle is just the thing to give a beautiful, natural wave effect to the straightness hair. This pure, natural and entirely liquid brings out the natural wavyness of your hair and keeps it in for weeks or more. It makes your hair look more silvery, flattery, and curly that you can easily do it up in many of the new styles right at home.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself. See how much more attractive you look with bright, curly hair. Be sure that our druggist gives you LeCurle.

LE NOYE, Ltd., Chicago, Ill.

Values to \$75

everyone Can Have
Naturally Wavy Hair

Thousands of women have discovered that LeCurle is just the thing to give a beautiful, natural wave effect to the straightness hair. This pure, natural and entirely liquid brings out the natural wavyness of your hair and keeps it in for weeks or more. It makes your hair look more silvery, flattery, and curly that you can easily do it up in many of the new styles right at home.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself. See how much more attractive you look with bright, curly hair. Be sure that our druggist gives you LeCurle.

LE NOYE, Ltd., Chicago, Ill.

Values to \$75

everyone Can Have
Naturally Wavy Hair

Thousands of women have discovered that LeCurle is just the thing to give a beautiful, natural wave effect to the straightness hair. This pure, natural and entirely liquid brings out the natural wavyness of your hair and keeps it in for weeks or more. It makes your hair look more silvery, flattery, and curly that you can easily do it up in many of the new styles right at home.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself. See how much more attractive you look with bright, curly hair. Be sure that our druggist gives you LeCurle.

LE NOYE, Ltd., Chicago, Ill.

Values to \$75

everyone Can Have
Naturally Wavy Hair

Thousands of women have discovered that LeCurle is just the thing to give a beautiful, natural wave effect to the straightness hair. This pure, natural and entirely liquid brings out the natural wavyness of your hair and keeps it in for weeks or more. It makes your hair look more silvery, flattery, and curly that you can easily do it up in many of the new styles right at home.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself. See how much more attractive you look with bright, curly hair. Be sure that our druggist gives you LeCurle.

LE NOYE, Ltd., Chicago, Ill.

Values to \$75

everyone Can Have
Naturally Wavy Hair

Thousands of women have discovered that LeCurle is just the thing to give a beautiful, natural wave effect to the straightness hair. This pure, natural and entirely liquid brings out the natural wavyness of your hair and keeps it in for weeks or more. It makes your hair look more silvery, flattery, and curly that you can easily do it up in many of the new styles right at home.

The LeCurle also protects your hair against the vicious eat of the sun and prevents the breaking and splitting caused by curlers and crimpers. It imparts a rich, soft, lustrous wave that will delight you and surprise your friends.

Get a small quantity of LeCurle at your druggist and test yourself.

QUESTIONNAIRE PROVES WOMEN AREN'T CURIOUS

Only 5,700 Out of 20,000
Ask for John D. Jr. Quiz.

New York, April 6.—[Special.]—The unmarried women of America are not curious and more than the married women, according to the results of a questionnaire seeking to determine the intimate details of the sex life of American women.

A far greater percentage of questionnaires, filled out, have been returned to the bureau by unmarried than by married women.

Ten thousand letters were sent to married women asking if they would be willing to fill out questionnaires or would like to look them over. Of these 3,500 requested that questionnaires be sent to them. Only 1,000, however, returned the questionnaires with the questions answered.

From the same number of letters to unmarried women, 2,200 requests for questionnaires were received and 50 per cent of these filled out and sent them to the bureau.

Tabulation Is Slow Work.

The tabulation showing the results of the unmarried women's questionnaires will not be completed for months. The tabulation of the married women's questionnaires is still going on, although it was started two years ago.

The first report of the results of the unmarried women's survey may be prepared in a few weeks.

One of the most interesting features of the survey of married women is that which deals with the extent to which they have learned about sex matters before marriage and the sources of this information.

Of the 922 women who answered this question, 554 said they had received some general sex information. The largest number, 187, said they had been instructed by their mothers. Novels, other books and pamphlets were the sources of information for 183 women.

Knowledge of Birth Control.

Although only 554 women had any general knowledge about birth control before marriage, 897 of the married women answering expressed knowledge of birth control methods. The sources from which they received this information were even more scattered.

Some of the sources, with the number of women who learned birth control from them, follow:

Physicians, 279; married women friends, 174; husbands, 138; mother, 42; books, 23; birth control circulars, 21; "common knowledge," 27; nurse, 15; medical studies, 9; "various," 8; the Bible, 3; a servant, 1; a psychoanalyst, 1.

MAIL ROBBERS' LOOT IN ST. LOUIS PUT AT \$2,364,900

Newspaper Describes Stolen Bonds.

St. Louis, Mo., April 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—Postal inspectors tonight expressed the belief that when they completed checking up on the nine pouches of registered mail taken Monday the total loot, which was announced as \$2,364,100 today, would be increased considerably. The loot consists mostly of non-negotiable bonds, it was stated.

U. S. Admits the Loss.

Edward F. Clark, register for the local federal land bank, stated that he had received a letter from Washington saying the parcels in which \$2,139,000 unsigned land bank bonds were being sent to St. Louis were included in the pouches taken by the bandits.

Bank officials said they did not believe the bandits would attempt to dispose of the bonds, as so do so would mean almost certain apprehension.

The bonds were in number and denomination as follows: Ten of \$40, 20 of \$100, 500 of \$1,000, 25 of \$5,000, 150 of \$10,000, and 25 of \$500.

Numbers of the Bonds.

The 540 bonds were numbered XL-

199,001 to 199,010; the \$100, C-199,001 to

199,020; the \$1,000, M-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$5,000, N-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$10,000, P-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$500, Q-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$100,000, R-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$500,000, S-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$1,000,000, T-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$5,000, U-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$10,000, V-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$50,000, W-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$100,000, X-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$250,000, Y-199,001 to 199,500;

the \$500,000, Z-199,001 to 199,500.

Other bonds, negotiable and non-negotiable amounts, and \$100 in cash also were received by the inspectors, who estimated that less than half of the bonds were negotiable.

No clue to the identity of the bandits has been found, police and federal investigators said.

BAKER WHO SLEW BROTHER-IN-LAW IS EXONERATED

George McCluskey, who shot and killed his brother-in-law, Joseph J. Kline, after the latter had attacked him with a butcher knife, was exonerated yesterday by a coroner's jury.

McCluskey, proprietor of a bakery at 627 West 43d street, and Kline, married sisters. Kline lived at 3173 Archer avenue. McCluskey's wife became ill and he requested that Mrs. Kline help him in the store. She refused and a quarrel followed.

When Kline arrived home that night his wife told him McCluskey had insulted her. He demanded an apology. A fist fight followed. Kline picked up a knife. McCluskey fled to the rear of the store, grabbed a revolver, and fired. Kline fell, with a bullet through his heart.

FREED ON SHOOTING CHARGE.

Clyde Miller, 44 years old, 112½ North Wells street, was freed yesterday by Justice Charles Marsh, 35 years old, in the foot, was discharged yesterday when the latter told Judge Eiler he would not prosecute.

Come and Hear MATTHEW AMATURO (In Person)

of

Bargy's Trianon Orchestra

play the

LYON & HEALY

INSPIRATION SAXOPHONE

At 3 P. M. Today - Fifth Floor



Play the most popular of all musical instruments. Be popular. If you can play the "sax" you are in demand. It means fun and profit for you. Come in and let Amaturo help you select your "sax." Play as you pay under our easy plan. Special offering in C Melody Saxophones, brass \$123.50 model, with case. \$15 down. \$10 a month.

LYON & HEALY

Everything Known in Music Founded in the Year 1864

WABASH AVENUE at JACKSON

One of Chicago's finest
clothing stocks
at close-out prices

THOUSANDS of suits
and topcoats bearing the
label of the most famous makers,
and bought to last a whole
season, must go before we
move to the Chicago Temple
Building.

Big price reductions on mer-
chandise of this character
make this sale unique.

FOREMAN'S

63-65-67 West Washington Street



SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

Nothing's more important than fine quality in clothes

Good style depends on it;
so does long wear. Fine
quality means fine value too.
The best of it's here for you

Hart Schaffner & Marx silk
lined or 2-trouser suits

\$50

All-weather topcoats of
Crosstwist

\$45

Two-trouser suits; lots
of extra-value at

\$35

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX
BOYS' SUITS \$25 \$30 \$35

Maurice L. Rothschild
GOOD CLOTHES
Southwest corner Jackson and State.

Chicago
Minneapolis
St. Paul

FRENCH-BRITISH
WAR SEEN UNLESS
U. S. IS IN LEAGUE

Former Justice Clark
Pleads for Entry.

New York, April 6.—(By the Associated Press.)—Declaring that war has come to America's entrance into the League of Nations is "a small grave but ambitious men—some of them very old—who are characteristic prodigal of the lives of others," Justice John H. Clarke of the United States Supreme Court tonight said notice that the League issue would force him to take a stand on the question of whether or not the president or senate would be permitted to occupy his position for a single week.

Speaking on the sixth anniversary of America's declaration of war on Germany, at the first of a series of mass meetings throughout the country arranged by the League Nations Nonpartisan Association, which he is president, Justice Clark said:

"It is reported that Senator Kimball, speaking for the Democratic party management, says the League nations is not to be an issue in presidential campaign next year.

League Association Grows.

"Tell it not in Gath, publish it in the streets of Ascalon" or of Washington, but the suspicion grows that the churches and women's clubs of the great newspapers will have something to say about that, and that farmers and labor unions will be something to say about it, and I presume the senator that our 300,000 regiments and the League of Nations Nonpartisan association will have great deal to say about it.

"Our association is already organized in every state in the union a long before this time next year we shall have an organization in every congressional district in the country."

Justice Clarke, who resigned from the Supreme Court to work for America to enter into the League, declared that more profoundly now than ever before did "the fate of the world hang upon this decision."

Applies for England and France.

Besides serving as a mediator between Turkey, Germany and Russia, disturbing the peace, he declared America's influence in the league of nations, the sole agency that could keep England and France "in amity and peace."

"With Germany and Russia probably, as they are," he said, "nothing can be done to stop them from invading Europe, unless only Great Britain and France can do it. And the world in the near future must be, depends whether these two nations shall be friends or enemies."

Britain is a trading nation and must have markets or perish. France lies within herself, but only in mere dread of invasion by her age-long enemy, Germany, can she be stored to that she may trade with France fears—who shall say what France means—unless Germany restored another ruthless invasion for her."

France and Britain have been enemies oftener than friends during the last 300 years. It is plain truth to say that France has not had a time in modern history when two nations stood so much in need of an impartial counselor, guide, and friend to compose irreconcilable differences as they arise between Britain and France stand in need of one today."

Japan is too far away and is alien in blood and tradition for such service and it seems indisputably clear to those of us who believe, notwithstanding the experience of the last nine years, that this is still God's world that the most powerful and peace-loving nation of our day has been sent to heaven to thus serve as friends, our allies, and make known holding these two great nations together in amity and peace.

"We may not be able to accomplish this end, but it is our manifest destiny to attempt it and there's no agency in the world except the league of nations."

Criticism Harding for Inaction.

President Harding, he continued, after pledging himself in the most solemn manner to the League and the association of nations to promote the peace of the world, "had failed to half his term to do anything but to work to a limited alliance with a few powers to deal with the problems of the Pacific, but which touches not all the crisis on the Atlantic, while threatening to overwhelm the world."

Later he redrew the boundaries of the request for a treaty-making American party to the International court of justice, as "signs that day is still God's world that the most powerful and peaceful loving nation of our day has been sent to heaven to thus serve as friends, our allies, and make known holding these two great nations together in amity and peace."

He criticized the President, however, for asking the Senate to "advise and consent" to conclude a treaty instead of sending that body a committee to negotiate a treaty and asking for its ratification.

Benedetto Allegretti & CANDY

Being Hand Made, the
Slightly Misshapen Pieces
(11-Lb. Quality) Are Sold

FRESH—DAILY

At Factory Prices

**3 LBS.
-\$1.00.**

\$1.00 SPECIAL \$1.00

2 lbs. Nuts, Fruits, Creams, etc.

1 lbs. Boxes by Parcel Post, Insured
Within 2d Zone 4d Zone Insured
1 box 8c 16c 24c 32c
2 boxes together, 25c 45c 75c

**FACTORY & SALESROOM
137 N. WABASH AVE.**

Phone Central 6600

FRENCH-BRITISH WAR SEEN UNLESS U. S. IS IN LEAGUE

Former Justice Clarke
Pleads for Entry.

New York, April 6.—[By the Associated Press.]—Declaring the only serious bar to America's entrance into the League of Nations is "a small group of able but ambitious men—some of them very old—who are characteristically prodigal of the lives of others," former Justice John H. Clarke of the United States Supreme Court tonight seemed certain that the league issue would be forced into the 1924 election, and that a candidate for the presidency or the Senate would be permitted to conceal his position for a single week.

Speaking on the sixth anniversary of America's declaration of war on Germany, at the first of a ten day series of mass meetings throughout the country arranged by the League of Nations Nonpartisan Association, of which he is president, Justice Clarke said:

"It is reported that Senator King of Utah, speaking for the Democratic party management, says the league of nations is not to be an issue in the presidential campaign next year. We shall see! We shall see!"

League Association Grows.
"If it not in Gath, publish it not in the streets of Ascalon" or of Washington, the suspicion grows that the churches and women's clubs and the great newspapers will have something to say about it, and that I presume the senator that our 4,000,000 young soldiers and the League of Nations Nonpartisan Association will have a great deal to say about it.

"Our association is already organized in every state in the union and long before this time next year we shall have an organization in every congressional district in the country."

Justice Clarke, who resigned from the Supreme court to work for American entry into the league, declared that more pressingly now than ever before did "the fate of the world hang upon this decision."

Applies for England and France.

Besides serving as a warning to Turkey, Germany and Russia against disturbing the peace, he declared, America's influence in the league was the sole agency that could keep England and France in amity and peace."

"With Germany and Russia prostrate, as they are," he said, "modern Europe means only Great Britain and France, and what the world in the war future must be, depends on whether these two nations shall be friends or enemies."

"Britain is a trading nation and must have markets or perish. France can live within herself, but only in mortal dread of invasion by her age-long enemy. Both nations feel so restored that she may say without reason—that Germany restored means another ruthless invasion for her."

"France and Britain have been enemies oftener than friends during the last 200 years. It is plain truth to say that the world has been saved from war history when two nations controlling the destiny of the world stood so much in need of an impartial counselor, guide, and friend to compose irreconcilable differences as they arise as Britain and France stand in need of such a one."

"The world is too far away and is too dim in blood and tradition for such a service and it seems indisputably clear to those of us who believe, notwithstanding the experience of the last nine years, that this is still God's world, that this great despicable and mean devotion to the welfare of our best and dearest to thus serve our friends, our allies, and mankind by holding these two great nations together in amity and peace."

"We may not be able to accomplish this end, but it is our manifest destiny to attempt it and there's no agency in the world except the league of nations."

Criticizes Harding for Inaction.

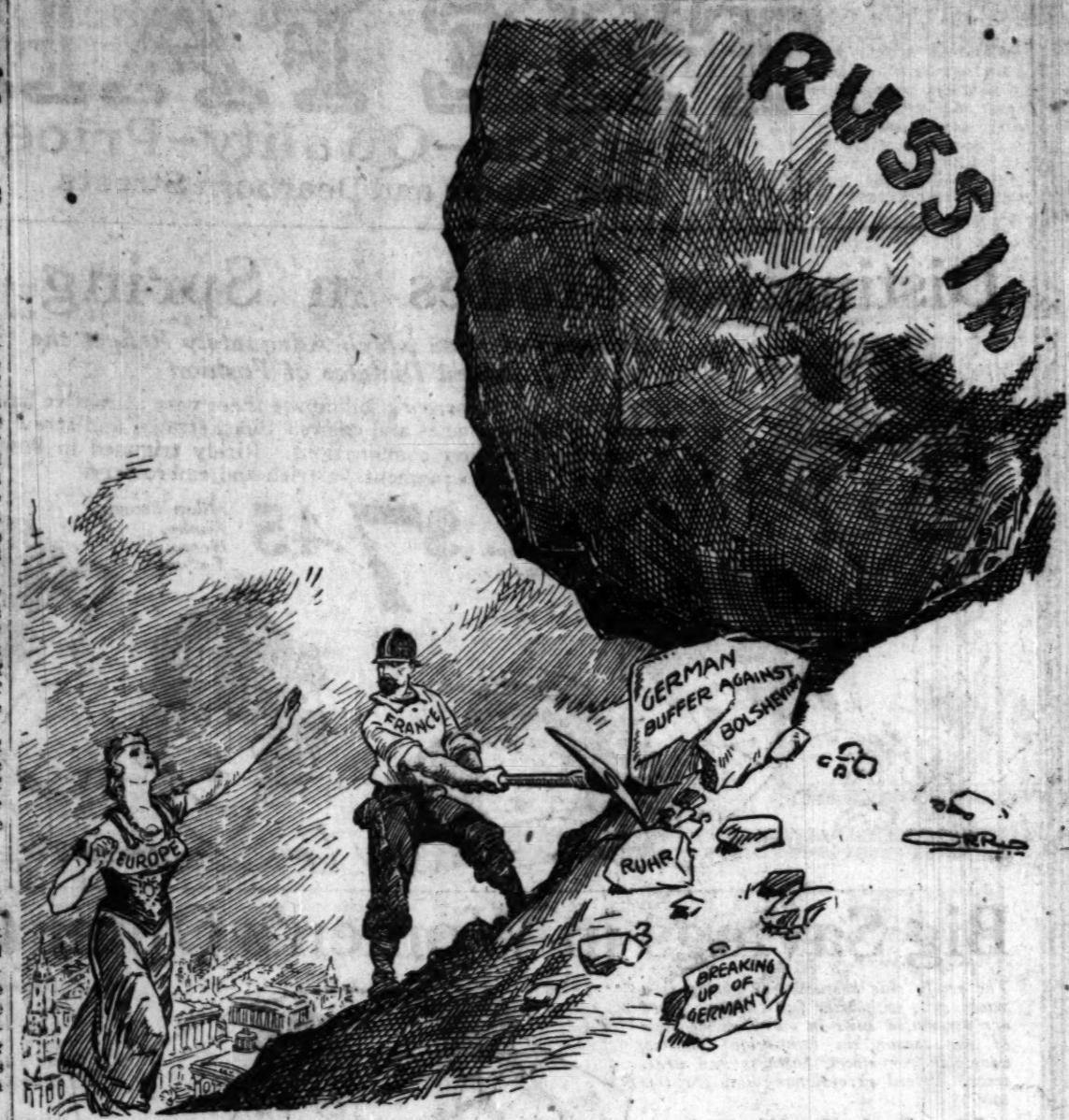
President Harding, he continued, after pledging himself in the most solemn manner to enter the entire organization of nations to promote the peace of the world, had failed for half his term to "do anything but revert to a limited alliance with a few powers to deal with the problems of the Pacific, but which touches not at all the crisis on the Atlantic, which threatens to overwhelm the world."

Lately he has been told that President's proposal for a treaty making America a party to the international court of justice, as "signs that day" is breaking in the longitude of Washington."

He criticized the President, however, for asking the Senate to "advise and consent" to an unmade treaty instead of sending that body a completed treaty and asking for its ratification.

NEARING THE DANGER POINT

[Copyright: 1923: By The Chicago Tribune.]



TWO GIRLS FOUND SLAIN; BUTCHER KNIFE ONLY CLEW

Staten Island Black Handers Hunted.

New York, April 6.—Miss Bessele McMahon, 18, of Utica, N. Y., and Mrs. Irene Blandino, 22, of Jersey City were stabbed to death early this morning with a butcher knife and their bodies dumped from a motor car on a lonely stretch of road near Stapleton, Staten Island.

Scored of uniformed police and detectives who spent the day on the case still had not ascertained tonight just where the two bodies were found or what was the motive.

Mrs. Blandino's second husband, James, a barber in Jersey City, identified the bodies this afternoon, and with Broccario Di Lorenzo, an assistant in his barber shop, was subjected to a long questioning. Both were ordered jailed as material witnesses.

Mrs. Blandino's first husband was

killed by Black Handers, and police are trying to connect the crime.

While searching for线索, police who had told detectives to draw two women answering the general description of the slain pair, together with three men, to an address near the spot where the bodies were found, was confronted with Blandino and Di Lorenzo, but said he could not identify them as members of the gang.

Blandino admitted he was absent from home until 3 o'clock this morning, and relatives of Mrs. Blandino at Utica said he had been intensely jealous of her, but Blandino said he did not leave Jersey City last night. Miss McMahon, known as "Irene" and "Irene Phillips," had been seen near Utica.

The clew on which police bank most—the long, keen butcher's knife found blood-smeared in the bushes near the bodies—had not been traced tonight.

**Widow of Strike Victim
Receives \$33,333 Damages**

Yorkville, O., April 6.—Counsel for Mrs. Mary Cost, widow of a man killed during a strike riot in a steel mill a year ago, today announced the case had been settled by the Wheeling Steel corporation, which paid the widow \$33,333.84. Mrs. Cost sued for \$100,000, charging that her husband was killed by a mill guard.

ACCEPT FRENCH NAVY SCRAPPING PLAN, BRYAN PLEA

Miami, Fla., April 6.—William Bryan tonight told several hundred persons who had braved the rain to hear him make an open air address on the entrance of the United States into the league of nations, that he hoped that "by Sunday there would be a message from the White House accepting the invitation of the president of the French navy to let the fleet of the French senate call a conference to abolish the navies of the world."

Mr. Bryan declared that he hoped such a conference would go even further and abolish all the arsenals and secure world peace for all time.

The address scheduled was not given because of rains.

Mr. Bryan opened the meeting, which was called by the Miami Nonpartisan League of Nations association, until Sunday afternoon.

COUPLE HELD FOR BABY CRIME.

Ralph Gabaleo and his wife were held to trial grand jury yesterday by Judge Richardson when arraigned on charges of passing \$100,000,000 in forged checks.

The couple were arrested in Los Angeles and brought back to Chicago.

BUTTER

Strictly fresh daily from the best creameries near Chicago. You will just love the tub butter sold by our stores because it is always fresh and sweet.

LB. 47
PIGGY WIGGLY
All Over the World

Benedetto Allegretti & CANDY

Being Hand Made, the
Slightly Misshaped Pieces
(1/2 lb. Quality) Are Sold

FRESH—DAILY

At Factory Prices

3 LBS.

\$1.00.

SPECIAL \$1.00

2 lbs. Nuts, Fruits, Creams, etc.

For Mailing by Parcel Post, Insured
Weight per lb. 1.25 lbs. 1.50
1.75 lbs. 2.00 lbs. 2.25 lbs.
2.50 lbs. 2.75 lbs. 3.00 lbs.
3.25 lbs. 3.50 lbs. 3.75 lbs.
4.00 lbs. 4.25 lbs. 4.50 lbs.
4.75 lbs. 5.00 lbs. 5.25 lbs.
5.50 lbs. 5.75 lbs. 6.00 lbs.
6.25 lbs. 6.50 lbs. 6.75 lbs.
7.00 lbs. 7.25 lbs. 7.50 lbs.
7.75 lbs. 8.00 lbs. 8.25 lbs.
8.50 lbs. 8.75 lbs. 9.00 lbs.
9.25 lbs. 9.50 lbs. 9.75 lbs.
10.00 lbs. 10.25 lbs. 10.50 lbs.
10.75 lbs. 11.00 lbs. 11.25 lbs.
11.50 lbs. 11.75 lbs. 12.00 lbs.
12.25 lbs. 12.50 lbs. 12.75 lbs.
13.00 lbs. 13.25 lbs. 13.50 lbs.
13.75 lbs. 14.00 lbs. 14.25 lbs.
14.50 lbs. 14.75 lbs. 15.00 lbs.
15.25 lbs. 15.50 lbs. 15.75 lbs.
16.00 lbs. 16.25 lbs. 16.50 lbs.
16.75 lbs. 17.00 lbs. 17.25 lbs.
17.50 lbs. 17.75 lbs. 18.00 lbs.
18.25 lbs. 18.50 lbs. 18.75 lbs.
19.00 lbs. 19.25 lbs. 19.50 lbs.
19.75 lbs. 20.00 lbs. 20.25 lbs.
20.50 lbs. 20.75 lbs. 21.00 lbs.
21.25 lbs. 21.50 lbs. 21.75 lbs.
22.00 lbs. 22.25 lbs. 22.50 lbs.
22.75 lbs. 23.00 lbs. 23.25 lbs.
23.50 lbs. 23.75 lbs. 24.00 lbs.
24.25 lbs. 24.50 lbs. 24.75 lbs.
25.00 lbs. 25.25 lbs. 25.50 lbs.
25.75 lbs. 26.00 lbs. 26.25 lbs.
26.50 lbs. 26.75 lbs. 27.00 lbs.
27.25 lbs. 27.50 lbs. 27.75 lbs.
28.00 lbs. 28.25 lbs. 28.50 lbs.
28.75 lbs. 29.00 lbs. 29.25 lbs.
29.50 lbs. 29.75 lbs. 30.00 lbs.
30.25 lbs. 30.50 lbs. 30.75 lbs.
31.00 lbs. 31.25 lbs. 31.50 lbs.
31.75 lbs. 32.00 lbs. 32.25 lbs.
32.50 lbs. 32.75 lbs. 33.00 lbs.
33.25 lbs. 33.50 lbs. 33.75 lbs.
34.00 lbs. 34.25 lbs. 34.50 lbs.
34.75 lbs. 35.00 lbs. 35.25 lbs.
35.50 lbs. 35.75 lbs. 36.00 lbs.
36.25 lbs. 36.50 lbs. 36.75 lbs.
37.00 lbs. 37.25 lbs. 37.50 lbs.
37.75 lbs. 38.00 lbs. 38.25 lbs.
38.50 lbs. 38.75 lbs. 39.00 lbs.
39.25 lbs. 39.50 lbs. 39.75 lbs.
40.00 lbs. 40.25 lbs. 40.50 lbs.
40.75 lbs. 41.00 lbs. 41.25 lbs.
41.50 lbs. 41.75 lbs. 42.00 lbs.
42.25 lbs. 42.50 lbs. 42.75 lbs.
43.00 lbs. 43.25 lbs. 43.50 lbs.
43.75 lbs. 44.00 lbs. 44.25 lbs.
44.50 lbs. 44.75 lbs. 45.00 lbs.
45.25 lbs. 45.50 lbs. 45.75 lbs.
46.00 lbs. 46.25 lbs. 46.50 lbs.
46.75 lbs. 47.00 lbs. 47.25 lbs.
47.50 lbs. 47.75 lbs. 48.00 lbs.
48.25 lbs. 48.50 lbs. 48.75 lbs.
49.00 lbs. 49.25 lbs. 49.50 lbs.
49.75 lbs. 50.00 lbs. 50.25 lbs.
50.50 lbs. 50.75 lbs. 51.00 lbs.
51.25 lbs. 51.50 lbs. 51.75 lbs.
52.00 lbs. 52.25 lbs. 52.50 lbs.
52.75 lbs. 53.00 lbs. 53.25 lbs.
53.50 lbs. 53.75 lbs. 54.00 lbs.
54.25 lbs. 54.50 lbs. 54.75 lbs.
55.00 lbs. 55.25 lbs. 55.50 lbs.
55.75 lbs. 56.00 lbs. 56.25 lbs.
56.50 lbs. 56.75 lbs. 57.00 lbs.
57.25 lbs. 57.50 lbs. 57.75 lbs.
58.00 lbs. 58.25 lbs. 58.50 lbs.
58.75 lbs. 59.00 lbs. 59.25 lbs.
59.50 lbs. 59.75 lbs. 60.00 lbs.
60.25 lbs. 60.50 lbs. 60.75 lbs.
61.00 lbs. 61.25 lbs. 61.50 lbs.
61.75 lbs. 62.00 lbs. 62.25 lbs.
62.50 lbs. 62.75 lbs. 63.00 lbs.
63.25 lbs. 63.50 lbs. 63.75 lbs.
64.00 lbs. 64.25 lbs. 64.50 lbs.
64.75 lbs. 65.00 lbs. 65.25 lbs.
65.50 lbs. 65.75 lbs. 66.00 lbs.
66.25 lbs. 66.50 lbs. 66.75 lbs.
67.00 lbs. 67.25 lbs. 67.50 lbs.
67.75 lbs. 68.00 lbs. 68.25 lbs.
68.50 lbs. 68.75 lbs. 69.00 lbs.
69.25 lbs. 69.50 lbs. 69.75 lbs.
70.00 lbs. 70.25 lbs. 70.50 lbs.
70.75 lbs. 71.00 lbs. 71.25 lbs.
71.50 lbs. 71.75 lbs. 72.00 lbs.
72.25 lbs. 72.50 lbs. 72.75 lbs.
73.00 lbs. 73.25 lbs. 73.50 lbs.
73.75 lbs. 74.00 lbs. 74.25 lbs.
74.50 lbs. 74.75 lbs. 75.00 lbs.
75.25 lbs. 75.50 lbs. 75.75 lbs.
76.00 lbs. 76.25 lbs. 76.50 lbs.
76.75 lbs. 77.00 lbs. 77.25 lbs.
77.50 lbs. 77.75 lbs. 78.00 lbs.
78.25 lbs. 78.50 lbs. 78.75 lbs.
79.00 lbs. 79.25 lbs. 79.50 lbs.
79.75 lbs. 80.00 lbs. 80.25 lbs.
80.50 lbs. 80.75 lbs. 81.00 lbs.
81.25 lbs. 81.50 lbs. 81.75 lbs.
82.00 lbs. 82.25 lbs. 82.50 lbs.
82.75 lbs. 83.00 lbs. 83.25 lbs.
83.50 lbs. 83.75 lbs. 84.00 lbs.
84.25 lbs. 84.50 lbs. 84.75 lbs.
85.00 lbs. 85.25 lbs. 85.50 lbs.
85.75 lbs. 86.00 lbs. 86.25 lbs.
86.50 lbs. 86.75 lbs. 87.00 lbs.
87.25 lbs. 87.50 lbs. 87.75 lbs.
88.00 lbs. 88.25 lbs. 88.50 lbs.
88.75 lbs. 89.00 lbs. 89.25 lbs.
89.50 lbs. 89.75 lbs. 90.00 lbs.
90.25 lbs. 90.50 lbs. 90.75 lbs.
91.00 lbs. 91.25 lbs. 91.50 lbs.
91.75 lbs. 92.00 lbs. 92.25 lbs.
92.50 lbs. 92.75 lbs. 93.00 lbs.
93.25 lbs. 93.50 lbs. 93.75 lbs.
94.00 lbs. 94.25 lbs. 94.50 lbs.
94.75 lbs. 95.00 lbs. 95.25 lbs.
95.50 lbs. 95.75 lbs. 96.00 lbs.
96.25 lbs. 96.50 lbs. 96.75 lbs.
97.00 lbs. 97.25 lbs. 97.50 lbs.
97.75 lbs. 98.00 lbs. 98.25 lbs.
98.50 lbs. 98.75 lbs. 99.00 lbs.
99.25 lbs. 99.50 lbs. 99.75 lbs.
100.00 lbs. 100.25 lbs. 100.50 lbs.
100.75 lbs. 101.00 lbs. 101.25 lbs.
101.50 lbs. 101.75 lbs. 102.00 lbs.
102.25 lbs. 102.50 lbs. 102.75 lbs.
103.00 lbs. 103.25 lbs. 103.50 lbs.
103.75 lbs. 104.00 lbs. 104.25 lbs.
104.50 lbs. 104.75 lbs. 105.00 lbs.
105.25 lbs. 105.50 lbs. 105.75 lbs.
106.00 lbs. 106.25 lbs. 106.50 lbs.
106.75 lbs. 107.00 lbs. 107.25 lbs.
107.50 lbs. 107.75 lbs. 108.00 lbs.
108.25 lbs. 108.50 lbs. 108.75 lbs.
109.00 lbs. 109.25 lbs. 109.50 lbs.
109.75 lbs. 110.00 lbs. 110.25 lbs.
110.50 lbs. 110.75 lbs. 111.00 lbs.
111.25 lbs. 111.50 lbs. 111.75 lbs.
112.00 lbs. 112.25 lbs. 112.50 lbs.
112.75 lbs. 113.00 lbs. 113.25 lbs.
113.50 lbs. 113.75 lbs. 114.00 lbs.
114.25 lbs. 114.50 lbs. 114.75 lbs.
115.00 lbs. 115.25 lbs. 115.50 lbs.
115.75 lbs. 116.00 lbs. 116.25 lbs.
116.50 lbs. 116.75 lbs. 117.00 lbs.
117.25 lbs. 117.50 lbs. 117.75 lbs.
118.00 lbs. 118.25 lbs. 118.50 lbs.
118.75 lbs. 1

WATERWAY HARD HIT BY RULING OF COUNTY JUDGE

Springfield, Ill., April 6.—(Special)—All steps in the construction of the Illinois waterway were brought to an abrupt stop by Judge Harry Rock of the La Salle County court today.

Attorneys went so far tonight as to declare that nothing but a complete reversal of Judge Rock's decision will make the waterway a possibility.

When the news reached Springfield the attorney general's office took immediate steps to prepare an appeal to the Supreme court for a hearing in June and a ruling on Judge Rock's opinion at the earliest minute thereafter.

The case in which the decision was made grew out of condemnation proceedings instituted by the state to obtain title to thirty-eight acres indispensable to the construction of the proposed Starved Rock lock near Utica.

Judge Rock ruled that the state was without authority to bring condemnation suits until all the cities and villages along the sixty-five mile route, as well as the federal government, through the war department and its chief engineer, had approved construction of the waterway.

The state, under the ruling, is required to submit all plans and the most minute details of every mile of the waterway route to all cities and villages along the way. Even should Judge Rock's ruling be set aside by the Supreme court, the litigation means an immense loss to the state in delay and money, the attorney general's office declared.

Litigants against the state were represented by Charles Woodward, Ottawa attorney and president of the recent constitutional convention.

Sheriff Unable to Find Purnell; Wife Grieves

St. Joseph, Mich., April 6.—Benjamin F. Purnell, leader of the Israelite House of David, which is involved in a dissolution suit brought by the state of Michigan, is not at the Benton Harbor colony where he has been staying since New Year's day, and members of the cult do not know his whereabouts, was the statement made today by Mary Purnell, his wife.

A fruitless search of the colony was made today by Sheriff George Bridges, who said he had no information. Mrs. Purnell said, and with a slight quiver of the lips she added that she did not know when he might return.

MORE WONDERS OF THE PACIFIC



and reefs as far as Wake Island, about 1,800 miles west of Hawaii.

HONOLULU, April 4.—(By the Associated Press)—A party of government scientists left here today aboard the naval mine sweeper Tanager for Bird Island reservation, northwest of the Hawaiian archipelago proper, to make a survey of the fauna and flora of this isolated bit of land.

The Tanager, through a cooperative arrangement between the navy, the United States biological survey, and the Bishop museum of Honolulu, will survey thirteen islands and the nearby waters, all of which lie to the north of Niihau, the northernmost of the Hawaiian group, and Midway island.

Surveys also will be made of atolls

and reefs as far as Wake Island, about 1,800 miles west of Hawaii.

TOKIO, March 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—A consular report to the foreign office records the discovery of a new island off Salomon by the steamer Wakasa Maru. The vessel, en route from Hongkong to Singapore, sighted an island hitherto unknown and not recorded on the charts.

The British schooner Cartilage made a survey of the new island, which was found at a point of 10.10 north longitude, 109.20 east latitude, in the direction of Saisa island.

According to the report of the captain of the British steamer Mores, which entered Singapore March 12, the new island has a circumference of about half a mile and extends about ninety feet above the sea level. It is believed to be of volcanic origin.

SOCIAL LIGHTS IN LEGAL WAR OVER \$25,000 JEWELRY

(Picture on back page.)

Accounting of her stewardship of \$25,000 worth of jewelry said to have been arbitrarily seized by Mrs. Rosamond Chadwick is sought in a petition filed in circuit court yesterday by Mrs. Marion H. Douglass, the former Mrs. Royal M. Williamson.

The suit is the culmination of the four-year "coolness" which has existed between the two social leaders since Mrs. Douglass hastily left the Beverly Hills home of Mrs. Chadwick, where she has been guest for nine months after the death of Mr. Williamson, a insurance broker.

Diamond tiaras, pins, brooches, bracelets and rings, an ermine scarf, "my husband's hip boots" and a ukulele are included in the terms which Mrs. Douglass charges are held for security for a loan, while she "has remained offered to pay."

Mrs. Chadwick reached by telephone at Hot Springs, Ark., last night, denied the charges made by Mrs. Douglass and said that she would issue a statement explaining the matter today.

"I do not know where Benjamin is," Mrs. Purnell said, and with a slight quiver of the lips she added that she did not know when he might return.

Dresses that are different

Women of today appreciate advantages which small shops offer, especially the unique group of dress shops in this building. Selection becomes a simple matter, for each frock has requisites which all women are in search of—individuality, distinction, style, quality and prices lower than the usual.

Stevens Building Shops
11 N. STATE ST.



Spring Hats

Stetson, Crofut & Knapp Dunlap and Borsalino

In choosing from our enormous selection of fine Hats from these four leading makers, you are assured the last word in style, quality and correctness. Many distinctive styles and color effects are here that were created especially for our Spring exhibit.

Stetson and Dunlap Hats, \$7 to \$40 Borsalino Hats, \$9 and \$10
Crofut & Knapp Hats, \$5 to \$10

Lytton Special Hats, of exceptional quality, \$4 and \$5

THE CROWN

Henry C. Lytton & Sons

STATE at JACKSON—on the Northeast Corner

\$50,000 HEART BALM ASKED OF DIAMOND BROKER

Forgotten promise of marriage ascribed to Isidor C. Newman, wealthy wholesale diamond broker in the City Hall Square, is cited as cause by Miss Ruth Jane Newman, 5th avenue, New York, in modest in a \$50,000 heart damage suit filed in Circuit court yesterday.

An acquaintance begun when Miss Schindel engaged the broker to repair a diamond ring, culminated in his proposal on July 15, 1920, it is alleged by Att. Gen. A. E. Smith. After several visits to nearby resorts, the couple journeyed to Niagara Falls where they were to be married. A sudden business call forced Newman to return to Chicago before the ceremony.

Attorneys went so far tonight as to declare that nothing but a complete reversal of Judge Rock's decision will make the waterway a possibility.

When the news reached Springfield the attorney general's office took immediate steps to prepare an appeal to the Supreme court for a hearing in June and a ruling on Judge Rock's opinion at the earliest minute thereafter.

The case in which the decision was made grew out of condemnation proceedings instituted by the state to obtain title to thirty-eight acres indispensable to the construction of the proposed Starved Rock lock near Utica.

Judge Rock ruled that the state was without authority to bring condemnation suits until all the cities and villages along the sixty-five mile route, as well as the federal government, through the war department and its chief engineer, had approved construction of the waterway.

The state, under the ruling, is required to submit all plans and the most minute details of every mile of the waterway route to all cities and villages along the way. Even should Judge Rock's ruling be set aside by the Supreme court, the litigation means an immense loss to the state in delay and money, the attorney general's office declared.

Litigants against the state were represented by Charles Woodward, Ottawa attorney and president of the recent constitutional convention.

Sheriff Unable to Find Purnell; Wife Grieves

St. Joseph, Mich., April 6.—Benjamin F. Purnell, leader of the Israelite House of David, which is involved in a dissolution suit brought by the state of Michigan, is not at the Benton Harbor colony where he has been staying since New Year's day, and members of the cult do not know his whereabouts, was the statement made today by Mary Purnell, his wife.

A fruitless search of the colony was made today by Sheriff George Bridges, who said he had no information. Mrs. Purnell said, and with a slight quiver of the lips she added that she did not know when he might return.

MAN HELD ON SERIOUS CHARGE.
Frank Franklin, 22 years old, was arrested yesterday on charges of rape suffered by an 18 year old girl. He was held in bonds of \$5,000.

"I do not know where Benjamin is," Mrs. Purnell said, and with a slight quiver of the lips she added that she did not know when he might return.

Stevens Building Shops
11 N. STATE ST.

Third Floor

Established 1875 by E. J. Lehmann

THE FAIR

Service-Quality-Price
State, Adams and Dearborn Streets

Distinctive Modes in Spring Millinery

A Group of Hats which Adequately Reflect the Latest Dictates of Fashion

Specially priced for tomorrow's selling are these very attractive hats in all the new, desirable shapes and colors. Silks, straws, and straw fabrics in various intriguing combinations. Richly trimmed in flowers, ribbons, feathers, ornaments, ostrich and embroidery.



Big Savings in Women's Outer Garments

The really chic costume for spring is a smart suit, with trim fur collar. Here are assembled suits in every smart style of the season, in lightweights, fashions, adaptable for street, business and dress wear. Priced exceptionally low for this sale.

Unusual Twill Suits

\$24.00

These smart spring suits are not only unusual values from the standpoint of materials but are the most recently created suit modes designed by master designers. Styles that become the matron or miss. Colors are tan, navy and mixtures.

Richly Tailored Suits

\$45.00

Remarkable qualities. Suits that are identical with those that are sold at much higher prices. Fine twill and tricotines in navy or tan. The newest models for spring.

Third Floor



Wraps, Capes and Coats
\$24.00

Graceful wraps; flowing capes, sport models. A large variety of styles in this collection of desirable fabrics. Every garment silk lined. The colors are navy, tan, midnight blue, gray, reindeer, cocoa and black.

Wrappy Coats, Capes
\$39.75

A formal spring assemblage in style array. All acquired at special price concessions from leading New York makers. Fine soft fabrics in the newest spring shades.

Third Floor

Jacquettes and Overblouses

Costume Blouses for Spring

\$4.85

A wonderful assortment of the spring season's very newest costume blouses, in silks, varying from the sombre black and navy to the marvelous new prints. A sale you cannot afford to miss. Sizes and styles for misses and women.

Exceptional Values

These overblouses, in the gorgeous spring fabrics, form a complete and attractive costume with pleated skirt or suit.

Third Floor

Knife Pleated Skirts,
\$10.00

In flannel and wool crepe. In white, gray and tan. Sizes 25 to 32 waist. Very desirable.

Third Floor

Modish Skirts For Spring
In a Special Selling Today

\$6.95

These smart skirts are just the thing for spring. We are offering new wrap-around models in your choice of many fabrics. Sizes are 26 to 32 waist.

Third Floor

Saturday Jewelry Savings
Elgin Wrist Watches

\$25.95

Genuine Elgin Wrist Watches, smallest size, 20 year gold filled case, round or octagon shape. Ribbon or adjustable bracelet. You can now purchase a real timepiece at an unusual saving. Regularly priced \$35.00.

Novelty Earrings, 98c
Values to \$2.00

In all the wanted colors and combinations.

Main Floor

Face Veils
69c

Values to \$1.50
Add Charm to the Spring Hats

A beautiful collection of finished drape veils in plain and combination of colors, dotted and embroidered borders.

9 Inch Satin Ribbons
89c Yd.

Satin back ombre ribbon in combination of colors, such as brown and Harding blue, turquoise and orchid and a number of other beautiful shades. Regular price \$1.40. Would just give the finishing touch to your new plain gowns, in either the new bustle or hip bow effects.

Main Floor

Two models are illustrated, one with French heels, the other with Cuban heels.

Neat fitting patterns. A very special value in a staple slipper, suitable for every purpose.

At \$7.00 to \$12.00

We are showing many new spring models in footwear for women and young wear that are exclusive in style and of the finest quality.

Main Floor

Newest Satin Slippers
\$5 Pr.

For neat, dressy footwear, there is hardly a shoe that will compare with the smart plain black slipper. We are showing them at this very low price, made of the finest quality satin.

Main Floor

Chiffon Hose
\$1.65 Pr.

In black or gunmetal. Full fashioned, with double splicing. Excellent wearing quality.

Women's Majestic Silk Hosiery
\$2.50 Pr.

Black, white, gray, fawn, brown—colors to match your shoes. Finest quality silk, light weight.

Main Floor

Children's Majestic Stockings, 20c

Our regular line of 35c hosiery. In black, brown or white, of fine combed cotton and fine elastic rib.

Main Floor

WHEAT ACRES REDUCTION STIRS UP CHANCE OF SUCCESS

BY FRANK RIDGE
Gov. J. A. O. Press of Minnesota into two schools of thought yesterday when he discussed the viability of advocating a reduction of the 12½ wheat acreage through United States.

"I came to Chicago with mind, to get advice," said the governor. "It has been suggested to call a conference of leading wheat producing states to draw up plans for regulating the acreage of wheat so that farmers produce only what is demanded by the market.

"There is only one way the American wheat farmer can make a profit," he said. "It is to curtail his production to where it is less than the total consumption."

"Farmers could get more money per bushel if we cut our production to be on a parity with wheat from other countries."

He quotes the statement of a nonist who says "the most wasteful country for export we have. It is conducted must be conducted in competitive Australia, Argentina, and India sooner we step it the better."

The stumbling block lies mainly in the fact that the men employed in a campaign to bring about a reduction in wheat crop.

Leaders who boldly advocate a reduction are finding more and more other group who doubt the wisdom of cutting the wheat crop.</p

WHEAT ACREAGE REDUCTION PLAN STIRS UP CLASH

Economists Divided on
Chance of Success.

BY FRANK RIDGWAY.
Gov. J. A. O. Preus of Minnesota ran into two schools of thought in Chicago yesterday when he discussed with economists and agricultural leaders the advisability of advocating a reduction in the wheat acreage throughout the United States.

"I came to Chicago with an open mind, to get advice," said the governor. "It has been suggested that I call a conference of governors of the leading wheat producing states to consider plans for regulating the wheat acreage. In order that farmers may produce and sell at domestic consumption requires, and it may prove exporting wheat in competition with foreign countries. I am going back doubting the wisdom of calling such a meeting, because I believe it would be a mighty big job for the governors to tackle."

Where the Farmer Losses.

In urging the Minnesota governor to call a conference, John R. Mitchell of St. Paul, member of the federal reserve board, said United States government bushels of wheat a year and only 600,000 bushels are used in domestic consumption, leaving 200,000,000 bushels to be sold in competition with such exporting countries as Canada, the Argentine, Australia, and India. He pointed out that the American growers' wheat price is made in a competitive market with foreign countries where wheat are much cheaper. Wages are lower, and taxes are much less.

"There is only one way in which the American wheat farmer can raise wheat at a profit," he said, "and that is to curtail his production to a point where it is trifles less than the domestic consumption."

Farmers should receive at least \$1.50 a bushel for their wheat in order to be on a parity with what they have to pay for their life necessities."

Cut Acreage, Get More Money.

With 25 percent cut in the wheat acreage, Mr. Mitchell said that growers would get \$100,000,000 more for a 400,000,000 bushel crop than they would for an 800,000 bushel crop at \$1 a bushel. Besides, they would have 15,000,000 acres left on which to grow other crops.

He quotes the statement of an economist who says "the growing of grain for bread is the most wasteful industry we have. It is condemned, and must be conducted in cooperation with Australia, Argentina, and India. The sooner we stop it the better."

The stumbling block lies in the method to be employed in a campaign to bring about a reduction in next year's wheat crop.

Advocates who boldly advocate an acreage reduction are finding men in another group who doubt the possibility of cutting the wheat crop of 1924 through such a campaign.

"Farmers," the latter say, "produce as individuals, and many would increase their acreage when they heard a reduction campaign was being waged."

Point to Spring Campaign.

Kansas' wheat acreage reduction campaign is cited as an example. A 15 per cent reduction was advocated generally among corn belt farmers, but the figures show what happened—in 1929 the corn acreage in this country was 100,650,000; in 1931 it was 103,740,000, and in 1932 it stood at 104,428,000.

With the present interest in agriculture, agricultural economists say this country may be wondering where it is going to get its wheat within the next fifteen years. Seasons are so uncertain that no man can tell whether American wheat growers are facing a period of short crops or not. There are economists who think a

TALKS OF CROPS



Gov. J. A. O. Preus of Minnesota attends conference in Chicago. [TRIBUNE Photo.]

JURY FINDS COE NOT GUILTY OF SLAYING INTENT

Less than an hour was required yesterday by a jury in Judge John A. Swanson's court to find Nelson W. Coe, 1754 W. 18th street, not guilty of murderous intent when he fired a revolver into a crowd of youthful Haloween revelers last October, and seriously wounded an 11-year-old boy.

Coe, according to evidence introduced by his attorney, Fred Lowenthal, had been the target of boys' pranks and the scorn of their elders for years.

Gets Threatening Letters.

Anonymous letters written by neighbors in Beverly Hills threatening violence to Coe caused him to ask a detail of police to guard his premises.

Dozens of witnesses, including several prominent citizens of the suburb and many of the lads in the group which surrounded Coe's house last Haloween, testified as to Coe's general unpopularity. Henry Wendorff, 11 years old, who was shot when Coe attempted to disperse the crowd, was the chief witness.

"I didn't shoot to hurt anybody," sobbed Coe, a railroad clerk, during his testimony. "I meant to fire a shot to summon police. The policeman did

tell me to my home had gone home and a crowd of about 150 or 200 men and boys surged in front of the house."

"Fired to Attract Aid."

"In desperation, I opened the door and fired one shot to attract help. I thought I had hit the ground and didn't know I had wounded anyone until the police came."

Brieks, sticks and other missiles hurled at his front door were fired by Coe, who declared that pickets had been ripped from his fence and his windows broken. On cross-examination, Coe admitted that he had fired blind shots at a similar crowd on the preceding Haloween night.

CHARGE BY GIRL CAUSES ARREST OF MARRIED MAN

James L. Wallace, a salesman, was arrested by the Town Hall police yesterday on charges preferred by Miss Ruth Wilson, 24 years old, of 2709 Kenmore avenue. He is married and lives at 4611 North Racine avenue. His wife told the police she was dumfounded at the girl's story. She made no effort to get bail for her husband.



Quality Hats at Low Cost

I'VE been selling Quality Hats for years. It makes little difference what style or shape or color suits your fancy, you know you can find at my Hat Headquarters just what you want in Correct Headgear. The hats I'm offering this season have HIGH QUALITY written all over them—but I'm selling these wonderful hats at a special low quantity price. I've cut my profit to the bone—I'm selling real hats at a real low price—because I know I'll sell more hats at this lower figure! We both win by this great reduction.

Come to Hat Headquarters for Style—Quality—Low Prices

Any Hat in the House

\$2.65

They're All One Price

YOU will want a new Spring Hat—you will want one of my Hatter Newmark Spring Hats because the style and shape and price is right. You'll know why these hats sell fast when you see them. Come in—look over this wonderful selection—take your pick—select your favorite before someone else gets it.

Any Cap \$1.85

They're All One Price

Make your selection from my special collection of quality caps. You are passing up a big bargain if you don't take advantage of my one low price offer.

Hatter Newmark

Monroe near Dearborn
National City Bank Building
Clark near Washington
Conway Building



Dearborn near Madison
Tribune Building
Dearborn near Jackson
Great Northern Hotel

Business Suits \$45, \$55, \$65 and up

Hundreds of beautiful patterns to choose from—Browns, Tans, Blues, Grays and Fancy Mixtures in fine English Scotch, Irish and American Woolens of rugged quality.

How about a Spring Overcoat?

English Top-Coats and Slip-Ons •
Ready-to-Wear

NICOLL The Tailor
W² Jerrem's Sons
Clark and Adams Streets



Canadian Pacific Railway

Subscribe for The Tribune.

MILLINERY

Millinery



Garments

values are not uncommon here, the rule rather than the exception. You know that every customer one of these wraps, capes or cloaks will be more than comfortable for values like these are rare.

Capes and Coats

\$24.00

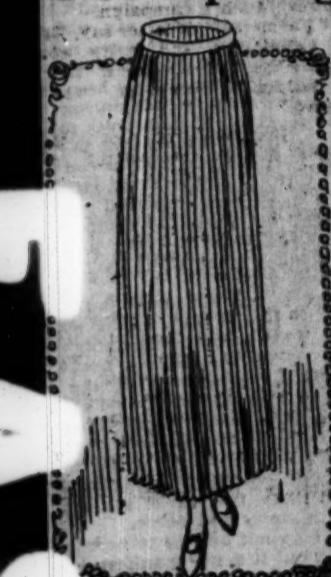
wraps, flowing capes, sport A large variety of styles in section of desirable fabrics. garment silk lined. The colors, tan, midnight blue, gray, cocoa and black.

Coats, Capes
\$39.75

last spring assemblage in style All acquired at special prices from leading New York Fine soft fabrics in the newest shades.

Third Floor.

For Spring



Kayser
hamoiette
Gloves

a tab wrist and novelty embroidery. Sand, coffee, oak, and mastic shades. All \$1.65 value, spe. \$1.15

Main Floor.

Chiffon Hose
\$1.65 Pr.

Black or gunmetal. Full hosiery, with double splicing. Excellent wearing quality.

Women's Majestic
Silk Hosiery
\$2.50 Pr.

Black, white, gray, fawn, brown colors to match your shoes. Best quality silk, light weight.

Children's Majestic
Stockings, 20c

A regular line of 35c hosiery. Black, brown or white, of fine ribbed cotton and fine elastic.

Main Floor.

Sisson
LAKE MICHIGAN AT FIFTY-THIRD STREET

Ten minutes Express from
Main Street, twenty

Send for the
interesting
booklet about
the Sisson

Main Floor.

Chicago Daily Tribune.
THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1841

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAILER, JUNE 2, 1923, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 2, 1879.

ALL EDITORIALS, OPINIONS, NEWS, AND PICTURES AND THE TRIBUNE ARE SOLELY THE PROPERTY OF THE TRIBUNE COMPANY AND THE TRIBUNE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CONTENTS OF THIS PAPER.

SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1923.

THE TRIBUNE OFFICES.
CHICAGO—7 ROCKWOOD DRIVE.
NEW YORK—515 FIFTH AVENUE.
PARIS—138 RUE DE LA PAIX.
LOS ANGELES—401 HANSON BUILDING,
LONDON—138 FLEET STREET, E. C. 4.
PARIS—1 RUE SIECLE.
BERMUDA—UNITED KINGDOM.
DUBLIN—SHELBURNE HOTEL.
PEKING—GRAND HOTEL DES WAGONS-LITS.
SHANGHAI—4 AVENUE EDWARD VII.
TOKIO—IMPERIAL HOTEL.
RIO DE JANEIRO—UNITED STATES EXHIBIT BUILDING.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."
—Stephen Decatur.

**THE TRIBUNE'S
PLATFORM FOR CHICAGO**

1—Build the Subway Now.
2—Abolish "Pittsburgh Plus."
3—Stop Reckless Driving.

TO FRANCE—NO.

The president of the naval committee of the French senate proposes that all the navies be scrapped, and he guarantees, in the name of the French parliament, that France will suppress her entire fleet if the other powers will do likewise.

We suspect this is intended to annoy the English, whose policy has displease the French for some time and whose press and public men, especially since the Ruhr advance, have been making comments not palatable to France. But recent French policy is not easy for us on this side of the water to appreciate, and whether or not the offer was put forth with a certain animus, we in America must accept it at its face value.

In that sense the answer of the United States can be nothing but a flat and final no.

The United States will not scrap its navy. We have lately surrendered a building program that would have made the American navy first in the world within a very few years. By so doing we have avoided a naval competition which would have impoverished nations with which it is our interest and our desire to sustain friendly relations and which, as THE TRIBUNE believes, would have culminated before long in another great war. We have, in the same act, deliberately resigned to a rival power, Japan, the virtually unchallenged naval primacy in the far east and accepted a balance of power in the Pacific where our energies and resources militarily developed might have achieved mastery. We have thus by heavy sacrifices of potential strength given the world an example of pacific intentions and a deliberate policy of moderation which has no precedent in history.

But although we have pacifists and internationalist doctrinaires among our people, they do not voice the instinct or conviction of the American nation, which, if it is not misled beyond expectation, will never give up its defense on the seas. We threaten, no one. That was established at the Washington conference. We wish to live at peace. But defenselessness brings war, not peace, and just to the extent that we have surrendered our opportunity to carry aggression over the world it has become essential to our security to see that our means of defense are adequate and ever ready. We will not scrap our navy. On the contrary, we must make it, in every way, equal to the finest in the world.

**WORK FOR THE
LEGISLATURE.**

Several things which the legislature ought to do are self-assertive. It ought to pass the gateway amendment to the constitution. That would make it possible to get gradually the changes for which a constitutional convention is too rigid. It acts to prevent any change. Amendments to only one article can be submitted. Usually advocates of amendments to two articles conflict in the legislature, neither can get the two-thirds vote, and both fail.

There is difference of opinion as to how many amendments should be submitted at one time. On that a compromise may easily be reached, provided enough liberality is allowed. Three at a time probably would satisfy the requirements of the state in reasonable time. Three will be better than two, and two would be better than what now is permitted. Probably no lack of stability would result from an unlimited number, but conservatives think that it would. There are obstructions to hasty action in the requirement for two-thirds vote in the legislature and a majority vote in the referendum. These requirements are checks.

The legislature ought to pass the state police bill. People who do not want it must be people who think state police would keep them from breaking the law. We do not ask for Cossacks, but merely for protection for the countryside which hard roads are opening up. The legislature ought to redistrict the state and give Chicago full representation, but we know that this legislature will not do so. Chicago may later ask for some enabling legislation and, if the requests are wise, we hope they will be received more generously.

Nearby states are taking action against Pittsburgh plus. Minnesota has appropriated \$10,000 for educational work against it. Wisconsin is considering a similar appropriation, and the Illinois legislature has a bill for a \$25,000 appropriation. It is a fight against an injustice, and the Illinois legislature ought to help its state.

**AGAINST SMOKING AT
PRIZE FIGHTS.**

Chicago had a real prize fight card presented openly in the town's biggest hall Wednesday night. The bantams and fly weight champions met challenges. Many prominent and reputable citizens enjoyed the contests, and with the exception of one of the fighters, who lost a number of teeth, everybody was as happy as a kitten scratched behind the ears. The dentist can make the fighter happy again.

We have been asking for legalized prize fighting for a number of years and have not been able to get it. Suddenly by a characteristic American roundabout we get illegal prize fighting and most of the people are pleased.

Springfield, Aurora, Peoria, and other small

cities of the state have been making dog meat of the law for years, and Chicago decided that what is permissible in the sticks is permissible in town. We are old fashioned enough to think that it is better to repeal a bad law than to violate it, but American life has its own rules and not all of them are based on consistency.

The air at the Coliseum while the fights were on was so thick with tobacco smoke that the fighters could hardly see each other. If the legislature will not do anything else about boxing we suggest that it at least pass a law prohibiting smoking at illegal prize fights. It's a shame to have the vitality of earnest young fighters vitiated by tobacco smoke when they are trying to amuse the inconsiderate men who are poisoning them. The man who starts to smoke at a prize fight ought to be put out in the gutter on his ear.

WHY A SCHOOL BOARD?

Representative Schnackenberg of Chicago has introduced a bill to substitute a department of city government under a commissioner for the present board of education. We believe the idea is good.

The board of education was intended to take the schools out of politics. The imagination of citizens devoted to the cause of the schools conceived a system which would be proof against the rascallities of municipal politics. It was thought that the people could not be trusted to elect a mayor who would constantly put the schools above politics or a council which always would be disinterested.

Hence the schools were to be administered by a body of citizens who were supposed to be of higher grade than the product of politics. These citizens were to be appointed by the mayor, and it was hoped that he would make good appointments. Salaries were not to be paid. The boys in the back room went pay, and if there were no pay checks for the boys they would not want the place.

The theory that the ordinary brand of local government was not good enough to run the schools was not worked. The school board, from the time we were children, has required more policemen to preserve order among its members than any other public body, and its behavior has been an indignity to the city and an offense to the school children. Boode and bluster have combined to unit the board for its duties.

The mayor who appoints the trustees avoids a good deal of responsibility, because he finds it cannot remove them for unfitness. If he has made a bad guess in good faith he can wash his hands of the resulting trouble. The thing to do, we believe, is to give the schools an administrator and to allow the city council to take over all quasi-legislative functions of the school board.

If aldermen were not prohibited from having any other office we'd suggest that the mayor take the short route to a reform and make the school committee of the council the board of education.

Mr. Schnackenberg's bill ought to have fair and, we hope, favorable consideration. The something wrong with the school system is its management. We don't believe much of a cure as a rule, but in this case it would be a simplification of law to give the schools over to an administrator and the city council. If that won't work we don't know what will.

THE "RED" TRIALS.

The failure of the Michigan jury to agree in the case of William Z. Foster, notorious syndicalist and American Red, no doubt is interpreted by communists, I. W. W., and similar radicals as a victory for their cause. Foster at least is free to continue his work of undermining American institutions, and probably will prosecute that work with more energy and less restraint than ever. Others of his ilk will do likewise.

For their benefit, and the benefit of the country at large, it may be just as well to emphasize the fact that Foster was not acquitted. Half the jury, we are told, voted to acquit, and half voted to convict. If Michigan can afford to spend the money for a new trial the verdict might be more definite.

The trial has, to a great degree, served its purpose. It has brought the theories and practices of the Reds in this country to public attention. That, in the final analysis, is the greatest service which the court could accomplish. If the people of this country are brought to realize exactly what this type of trouble maker is getting at we shall be safe.

The vast majority of our population, while perhaps dissatisfied with their own condition in life, would prefer to change that condition through orderly processes rather than through a Red revolution.

The chief danger from the small Red minority which Foster represents lies in the ignorance of the public in general. Facts revealed through the Foster trial should help to remove such ignorance. They show, for example, that the principal hope of the minority lies in "boiling from within." That means proselytizing among classified workers of other elements of our citizenship until the Red minority faces only the most feeble barriers and, through its organization, can impose its will upon the majority.

Having warned us with this evidence, the trial has served its most important purpose. If we are rendered conscious that the Red peril is not to be dismissed contemptuously because it is now small, but must be faced as a mad dog in a kennel of dogs, we need have little fear. Reds will not prevail in America as long as we recognize them for what they are. Our greatest danger lies in a lack of understanding of their insidious evil.

Editorial of the Day

CHICAGO'S SPRING CLEANING.

(Milwaukee Journal.)

Eight years ago it was generally hailed as a turning point in the national administration when the Democrats were put out of Chicago's city offices and "Big Bill" Thompson and his cohorts stepped in. As a matter of fact, the Wilson administration, which had just completed its second year, when the election of 1912 came around, turned its back on foreign problems. The victory of Thompson proved chiefly to have been an expression in Chicago's reaction against the party in power—in Chicago.

Now after eight years Chicagoans are sick of the Thompson brand of administration. The city was so disgusted that Thompson and his gang were frozen out of the campaign. Another Republican was brought out, but he was handicapped by the widespread feeling that there should be a complete change, even though as a citizen, his reputation was good. In many quarters it also is felt that Thompson adherents were out for revenge and used the knife in their party. The election of Dever is mainly the result of a wholesale reaction in Chicago politics. Nationally, although it seems to swell last fall's wave of reaction against the Harding administration, it is less a Republican defeat than a defeat of a local administration that had enraged Chicago sentiment.

THEY GET THAT WAY.
We hear that the man with the largest head in California has just died. He was probably the original native son.—Life.

CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE: SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1923.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

How to the Line, let the
quips fall where they may.

AND NOW our navy is going to be sent to fight the rum buccaneers. Heaven! will the noble words of Oliver Hazard Perry be changed in the next historic dispatch that comes from a sea fight into, "We have met the enemy and they are out—seventy-five cases of Scotch, sixty-two quarts of Old Crow, thirty-three pints of Gordon Gin, and some cocktails."

H H H

SNAP, SNAP!

Dear R. H. L.: Referring to John D. Jr.'s question in his questionnaire on spooning, "How far did you go?" I think a snappy comeback would have been, "Oh, all the way to the car barn."

I want to rush this in, in time to beat Helen Hennie to it.

HARTCH

MATTE YOUR VISITOR WAS LAURA BLACK,

BURN, THOSE BOYS LOOK A GOOD DEAL ALIKE.

Dear R. H. L.: I simply can't be silent any longer. You see I have a friend who made the Line—Gipsy Oh, I'm so proud . . . and she was visiting me at the time. We're just together every moment! Really she's not a half-bad sort of individual, very human, clever, and really a knockout, too, when it comes to looks . . . they tell me I look like her! Isn't that just dandy? She'll be in town again next week . . . Oh, I'm so thrilled.

LBB

ROMANCE.

There was a queen in Nineveh
And there were queens in Tyre
And Egypt had a fair queen
As ever man desired.

Upon her throne in Camelot
Sat burning Guinevere,
And Eleanor in Aquitaine
With an opal on her ear.

These women are but drifting dust,
And who is there to say
That all their loveliness and lust
Bother men today?

But I must make a little song
And make it fair and sweet.
Because a wanton smil'd at me
A-walking down the street.

The King of the Black Isle.

H H H

THIS SOUL IN AGONY.

Sir: Let your mental imagery depict the repugnance with which a princess, issuing from her perfumed bath, clothed in music scented things of purple and silver, would pass through squeamish streets reeking of garlic. Of course, the look of her clothing would bequeath some great commotion.

Emotions such as these surge within the soul of one who chances upon those unspeakable atrocities known as Tongue Twisters, written in zeal inspired by thoughts of monetary gain, by those same savors of evil and savour. Vive.

Then comes the medium of a column dedicated to writing mental effort, appeal to its readers for a cooperative effort toward subjugation of this insurgent army of fake literati? Cannot a cult be formed, a territory segregated, in which these deluded sputters may let Polly's Pernicious Pet Plesiosaurus Playfully Plaster Patient Pococt and Jaundiced Jester Jump Jovially over every letter, from A to Z and back, without disturbing the rest of us? In Heaven's name, DON.

CHICAGO, according to the new census bureau figures, now has 2,886,121 people. And of this number, Mr. Dever, at least 2,886,121 would like better street car service and a subway. Our estimate was hurriedly made and no doubt a study of the figures will show some errors. Mike Polanabee always walks downtown because he says, "It does his liver good. But even with this correction our figures still show 2,886,121 vitally interested in improved traffic conditions.

H H H

OR MR. DEVER: HAVE YOU THE PRESIDENT LADY?

YES, I DO.

Rich, Ole Devil. Apropos of the question for and against—I used to work for a nice man (about 30 years of age and unmarried) who used to say that any man who tried to kill a girl when she didn't have a mustache was like trying to drink coffee without cream. He himself used to sport a little blonde one, and—well, I myself like them without.

FRIDAY'S CHILD.

GRACIOUS! HAS THIS JUST GOT TO EVANSTON?

Sir: When Bert of Knob was but a small lad one Easter while a hen was off her nest he replaced the setting of eggs with brilliantly colored Easter eggs. When the hen returned, she cracked the shells and the poor bird was half dead.

2. Either plate what is the penalty, if there is any, of trying to evade it?

3. What is the penalty if the child is not yet 15, after the child is 16?

4. Is it a Illinois law?

5. \$25 to \$100.

6. See 2.

4. Action of the statute is optional, with this district school.

TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

TIMBERS RUIN THE LAWN.

Chicago, April 1.—To the Legal Friend of the People—1.—Does the child carelessness of the parents, in leaving the house without a child, constitute a criminal offense?

2. The child carelessness of the parents, in leaving the house without a child, constitutes a criminal offense?

3. If there are no children, can the relatives of the deceased claim a share?

4. If there are children, can the wife of the deceased claim a share?

Mrs. F. K.

1. No, unless the deed provides for tenancy in common.

2. Yes, if the deed is not joint.

3. No, if the deed is not joint.

TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

TO ADOPT A CHILD.

Chicago, March 29.—To the Legal Friend of the People—1.—A woman died two weeks ago, leaving seven children, the oldest 22 years, and she earns \$2 a week and is unable to support all. The father deserted almost three years ago, taking everything. He is now in Europe. My husband and I want to adopt the 8 year old girl. How do we do this?

Miss S. F. A.

You can get the proper forms and advice from the clerk of the county court.

TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

FROM THE TRIBUNE'S COLUMNS

How to Keep Well, By Dr. W. A. Evans.

Questions pertaining to hygiene, condition, and prevention of disease, of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit, or the subject is not suitable, letters will be severally answered, subject to proper limitations, and where a stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed.

Dr. Evans will not make diagnosis or practice for individual diseases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.

(Copyright, 1923, by Dr. W. A. Evans.)

ALBUMIN: CAUSE AND EFFECT.

WHEN a person finds that his urine contains albumin, he is said to have albuminuria.</

WEEKS DENIES PACIFIST PLEA TO GAG ARMY

Secretary Scores Foes of Preparedness.

BY GRAFTON WILCOX.

Washington, D. C., April 6.—(Special)—Secretary of War Weeks today issued a statement defending the army and preparedness for defense against the attacks of pacifist and communist organizations.

The secretary's statement was prompted by recent letters from the National Council for Prevention of War and the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom demanding retractions from Gen. Fries of the chemical warfare service, who publicly questioned their patriotism because of their widespread pacifist program.

Secretary Weeks did not mention these organizations by name, and in temperate language warned the public of the dangers to American security that lurk not only in the operations of revolutionaries and communists, but also in the minds of well-meaning Americans who are led to circumspect misgivings about the cost of the national defense.

"We won't gag Army Officers."

The secretary of war, it was learned in this connection, has no thought of attempting to gag army officers who speak on behalf of preparedness and the general welfare but, for the army, he will do the public speaking when American organizations are to be criticized. He has not cautioned Gen. Fries for his recent utterances, but is understood to have declined to authorize a reply which Gen. Fries would like to make to the organization which he belongs in order to keep him from being called to the war department.

Secretary Weeks will encourage army officers to speak in the interest of the national defense but urges them to be temperate in what they say. His own statement today is regarded as much milder than some of his ad- visors who would have had him express.

Patriotism of Pacifists.

"Americans," said Secretary Weeks after explaining misinformation about the cost of defense which is being circulated by the pacifist organizations, "would do well to inform themselves of the facts and to examine into the character and patriotism of those who are pro-pacifist in the pacifist campaign before taking the step that may readily lead them with the enemies of the republic."

Secretary Weeks said that circulation of "incorrect and misleading statistic" had been accomplished by pacifist groups including "those forces in America that are preaching revolution and the establishment of a communal government, and also those who seem to believe that every arm of navy is unnecessary." Unfortunately, these elements, who are a very small minority of our people, are supported by considerable bodies of patriotic citizens, men and women, who are lending themselves to reduce if not destroy the military safeguards of the nation."

Misinformation on Budget.

"Americans," said Secretary Weeks after explaining misinformation about the cost of defense which is being circulated by the pacifist organizations, "would do well to inform themselves of the facts and to examine into the character and patriotism of those who are pro-pacifist in the pacifist campaign before taking the step that may readily lead them with the enemies of the republic."

Now, a Quick Quaker Oats

Cooks in 3 to 5 minutes

The quickest cooking oats in the world

Now your grocer has Quaker Oats in two styles. One the kind you always know—the other is Quick Quaker.

Quick Quaker cooks in from 3 to 5 minutes. And it cooks to perfection. So it is almost like a ready-cooked dish.

No other oat flakes on the market cook anywhere near so quickly.

The two styles are identical in quality and flavor. Both are baked from the finest grains only—just the rich, plump, flavorful oats. A bushel of choice oats yields but ten pounds of these delicious flakes.

But the Quick Quaker oats are cut and partially cooked. So the flakes are smaller and thinner—that is all. And this makes them taste delicious.

See? Weeks said the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 85 per cent of its budget for military purposes," said Mr. Weeks. "The budget report of Dec. 4, 1922, shows that approximately a lesser amount of the annual budget

is spent on military purposes."

Mr. Weeks said that the chart carries a legend stating that it has been prepared by the [federal] bureau of information from the budget report submitted to congress by President [Eleanor] in December, 1922.

"This government is not and never has been spending 8

TUSH AND PIFFLE, SCIENTISTS SAY OF TUT "CURSE"

History and Reason Both
Against Such Theory.

BY GENEVIEVE FORBES.

Sticks and stones will break my bones, but words will never hurt me; not even the magic threat of an august pharaoh dead three thousand years.

It is thus that Chicago Egyptologists say a year ago discussed the theory that the recent death of Lord Carnarvon, discoverer of the tomb of King Tut-

Ankh-Amen, is due to a mysterious curse which would disturb the tomb, or to a potential poison placed there more than 3,000 years ago.

Ridiculous, absurd, or highly improbable in the way the Oriental Institute at the University of Chicago, under the direction of Dr. W. F. Edgerton, refuted the theory.

Laughed At By Breasted.

Charles Breasted, son of Prof. Breasted, head of the department of history at the University of Chicago, laughed at the idea, and quoted pages from his father's books to show the prevalence of grave robbing in ancient times, with nostratified occult results.

Young Breasted recently returned from the valley of the tombs where his father is engaged in excavations.

Dr. Walter Van Horck, 21 North State street, Chicago Egyptologist, put over against the "mysterious curse" the record of hundreds of grave robbers who died of old age.

Ancient Pharaohs, Chicago experts agree, were buried in tombs which were alive. But when they were dead they were just ancestors. Their curses, charms, and magic; their weird incantations in the "Book of Death," made thrilling bedtime stories for sleepy little Egyptians. But they never have caused unexplained deaths.

Die of History.

Local experts, however, based their statements primarily on the records contained in the books of Prof. Breasted, and in the reports of Howard Carter, American, now at King Tut's tomb.

From these annals we learn that had the ancient Pharaohs been buried in their country would have suffered a much higher mortality rate than it did.

Now that of the mummified themselves was a popular underground pastime for hundreds of years. It continued especially during the reign of Ramses IX, who began to reign in 1142 B. C.

Grave Robbing Fund.

It was during this gentleman's rule that grave robbing brought to a climax a whimsical political feud between the "east side" mayor of Thebes, one Paser, and the "west side" mayor, a distant cousin named Pefer. And when he was in the hinterland of Eshub-Negeal, the royal cemetery,

with a gold encrusted sarcophagus for each first family.

Perfumed, heaped high with gold, silver, bronze, amulets, jewels, gems and pearls, the tombs attracted the local contractors who believed they could use the funeral equipment in their business.

Major Pefer informed the grand vizier that eight robbers had taken place. He charged the thieves had stolen from the tombs of pharaohs of the 18th, 17th, and 16th dynasties.

An early Whitewash.

Investigations of the "experts" were appointed by the administration.

They took a junket to the royal cemetery. They returned and gave the grave guards a whitewash and denied all robbery. They marched in triumphal procession through the entire town, just to annoy Pefer.

For a week, in public, the investigation was a farce. When Pefer, Paser called three commissioners into court, forced the opposite mayor to sit as judge, and the alleged robbers were unanimously exonerated.

The scandal led to more arrests. And the doctor of tomb robbers was filled. Now, out of twenty-nine being convicted, the vast majority of eleven. There are many women so complicit.

Many Thiefs, No "Curse."

When the wife of a grave guard appeared suddenly in a new amulet, a pair of bangles, and earings, the police employed were called before the grand jury. Arrest, trial, conviction, punishment—it was the usual procedure. But never once, the records maintain, did the wicked one die mysteriously, the victim of a curse or a charm.

The native syndicate of tomb robbers had first built the most massive pyramid of this kind of the twelfth dynasty. They were the more conveniently located. Later, seeking more sarcophagi to plunder, the thieves moved on beyond the city limits to the rich and great emperors.

Then there were royal thiefs too. The pharaohs Ramses II, and Merneptah were notorious for this kind of larceny. Ramses II, stole the monuments of his predecessors—and used them to make up lies about himself.

With a sealed document in translation informs us that "prosecution and conviction of the 'smash try,' therefore, was of no avail."

There was a third-class the oriental institute points out, who transferred mummies from one tomb to another, with a sense of purpose.

"The experts say," were high priests and kings who had no means of protecting the tombs of their ancestors. They would take out the bodies, write the date on the mummy clothes, and have the body transferred to Deir El Bahri Cache. This reached a high point in the twenty-first dynasty.

So prevalent was this custom, the record shows, that there were too.

Amunhotep II, was actually buried in his own tomb, 2nd into this sarcophagus. May 24, 1901, a band of modern grave robbers made their way. They were, however, 3,000 years late, according to Howard Carter, on the scene at the time of the robbery, for "it was then discovered that other thieves had stripped the tomb of its mummy, leaving only the body of the king."

(Next Saturday—Maxim Gorky's "The Lower Depths.")

BOOKS

Best Sellers of the Ages

By James O'Donnell Bennett

Sixty-eighth Paper—Martin Luther's "Table Talk"; Or, Sitting Down to Gossip with the Sixteenth Century.

History and Reason Both Against Such Theory.

BY GENEVIEVE FORBES.

Sticks and stones will break my bones, but words will never hurt me; not even the magic threat of an august pharaoh dead three thousand years.

It is thus that Chicago Egyptologists say a year ago discussed the theory that the recent death of Lord Carnarvon, discoverer of the tomb of King Tut-

Ankh-Amen, is due to a mysterious curse which would disturb the tomb, or to a potential poison placed there more than 3,000 years ago.

Ridiculous, absurd, or highly improbable in the way the Oriental Institute at the University of Chicago, under the direction of Dr. W. F. Edgerton, refuted the theory.

Laughed At By Breasted.

Charles Breasted, son of Prof. Breasted, head of the department of history at the University of Chicago, laughed at the idea, and quoted pages from his father's books to show the prevalence of grave robbing in ancient times, with nostratified occult results.

Young Breasted recently returned from the valley of the tombs where his father is engaged in excavations.

Dr. Walter Van Horck, 21 North State street, Chicago Egyptologist, put over against the "mysterious curse" the record of hundreds of grave robbers who died of old age.

Ancient Pharaohs, Chicago experts agree, were buried in tombs which were alive. But when they were dead they were just ancestors. Their curses, charms, and magic; their weird incantations in the "Book of Death," made thrilling bedtime stories for sleepy little Egyptians. But they never have caused unexplained deaths.

Die of History.

Local experts, however, based their statements primarily on the records contained in the books of Prof. Breasted, and in the reports of Howard Carter, American, now at King Tut's tomb.

From these annals we learn that had the ancient Pharaohs been buried in their country would have suffered a much higher mortality rate than it did.

Now that of the mummified themselves was a popular underground pastime for hundreds of years. It continued especially during the reign of Ramses IX, who began to reign in 1142 B. C.

Grave Robbing Fund.

It was during this gentleman's rule that grave robbing brought to a climax a whimsical political feud between the "east side" mayor of Thebes, one Paser, and the "west side" mayor, a distant cousin named Pefer. And when he was in the hinterland of Eshub-Negeal, the royal cemetery,

with a gold encrusted sarcophagus for each first family.

Perfumed, heaped high with gold, silver, bronze, amulets, jewels, gems and pearls, the tombs attracted the local contractors who believed they could use the funeral equipment in their business.

Major Pefer informed the grand vizier that eight robbers had taken place. He charged the thieves had stolen from the tombs of pharaohs of the 18th, 17th, and 16th dynasties.

An early Whitewash.

Investigations of the "experts" were appointed by the administration.

They took a junket to the royal cemetery.

They returned and gave the grave guards a whitewash and denied all robbery. They marched in triumphal procession through the entire town, just to annoy Pefer.

For a week, in public, the investigation was a farce. When Pefer, Paser called three commissioners into court, forced the opposite mayor to sit as judge, and the alleged robbers were unanimously exonerated.

The scandal led to more arrests. And the doctor of tomb robbers was filled. Now, out of twenty-nine being convicted, the vast majority of eleven. There are many women so complicit.

Many Thiefs, No "Curse."

When the wife of a grave guard ap-

peared suddenly in a new amulet, a pair of bangles, and earings, the police employed were called before the grand jury.

Arrest, trial, conviction, punishment—it was the usual procedure.

But never once, the records maintain, did the wicked one die mysteriously, the victim of a curse or a charm.

The native syndicate of tomb robbers had first built the most massive pyramid of this kind of the twelfth dynasty. They were the more conveniently located. Later, seeking more sarcophagi to plunder, the thieves moved on beyond the city limits to the rich and great emperors.

Then there were royal thiefs too. The pharaohs Ramses II, and Merneptah were notorious for this kind of larceny. Ramses II, stole the monuments of his predecessors—and used them to make up lies about himself.

With a sealed document in translation informs us that "prosecution and conviction of the 'smash try,' therefore, was of no avail."

There was a third-class the oriental institute points out, who transferred mummies from one tomb to another, with a sense of purpose.

"The experts say," were high priests and kings who had no means of protecting the tombs of their ancestors. They would take out the bodies, write the date on the mummy clothes, and have the body transferred to Deir El Bahri Cache. This reached a high point in the twenty-first dynasty.

So prevalent was this custom, the record shows, that there were too.

Amunhotep II, was actually buried in his own tomb, 2nd into this sarcophagus. May 24, 1901, a band of modern grave robbers made their way. They were, however, 3,000 years late, according to Howard Carter, on the scene at the time of the robbery, for "it was then discovered that other thieves had stripped the tomb of its mummy, leaving only the body of the king."

(Next Saturday—Maxim Gorky's "The Lower Depths.")

ALLIES BEG TURK TO LET PET BARS SERVE LIQUORS

Otherwise They Favor Prohibition.

BY LARRY RUE.

Chicago Tribune Foreign News Service.

[Copyright: 1923. By the Chicago Tribune.]

LONDON, April 6.—(Tribune Radio.)—Ambassador Harvey is making a close study of the Norfolk farm strike, which considers one of the most important movements now going on in Europe from an American point of view, for the reason that American farming is in almost as bad a way as British, and any British solution may prove a useful guide for America in settling her farm problems.

Commonwealth Edison post degree team will initiate a class of candidates at the next regular meeting of Lewandowski-Crawford post Tuesday evening, at 5401 South Kedzie avenue.

The second of a series of spring dances of Square post will be held tonight in the new ballroom of the Midway Masonic temple, 6101 Cottage Grove avenue. Arrangements for an elaborate program of entertainment have been completed.

The women's auxiliary of North Shore post will have "country store" at 1118½ Bryn Mawr avenue today, when it will sell groceries, candy, and other merchandise.

also bring in 25 per cent of the mill offals for feeding cattle.

Reacts Against America.

This, of course, will react against America by depriving American farmers of a proportion of the cheap feed-stuffs now available. Other proposals for a revival of agriculture are the establishment of farm credit banks, a reduction in fiscal taxation, and a cut in railway rates.

A report of the government said the bill, which was introduced yesterday, proposed a duty of 2 shillings per quarter on imported malt and barley and 20 shillings per hundredweight on imported hops, which most almost exclusively from California. It also proposes to prohibit the importation of wheat and flour unless the importers

are asking to remain in Maxim's.

Amongs the places which the British are asking to remain in Maxim's are the United States, Negroes, Indians, and Eskimos. These places which they desire to remain immune from the dry law under capitalizations protecting Christian activities against Moslem fanatics. Outside these fifty-odd drink emporiums the likes of certain "country stores" are planning to appeal to American churches and the Anti-Saloon League for moral support in the war against rum. Turks, who have visited the United States say that unquestionably American religious institutions will protest at the allies forcing a wet and dry law upon them.

The proposal will be presented to parliament next week and may be used as the basis for legislation.

DANIS NOW FUSE CO., CHAIRMAN.

CHURCHES OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST.

SUNDAY, APRIL 3. Sunday 10:45 a.m. m.

UNREALITY.

FIRST CHURCH—4017 Dress-blvd.

SECOND CHURCH—W. Belmont and Pine

Reading room, 2202 N. Clark-st.

THIRD CHURCH—1711 W. Madison and W. Marquette. Reading room, 6308 Harrison.

FOURTH CHURCH—4540-50 Dorchester-av.

SEVENTH CHURCH—11045 Lake-av.

EIGHTH CHURCH—4359 S. Michigan-av.

NINTH CHURCH—11050 Woodward-av.

Reading room, 6248 Kimball-av.

TENTH CHURCH—5500 Blackstone-av.

Reading room, 1425-1500 Cass-av.

TWELFTH CHURCH—1011 W. Grace-av.

Reading room, 1014-1512 Leavenworth-av.

THIRTEENTH CHURCH—10517 Leavenworth-av.

Reading room, 1104-11 Lake-av.

FOURTEENTH CHURCH—10517 Leavenworth-av.

Reading room, 1104-11 Lake-av.

By EDGAR RICE BURROUGHS.

Creator of "Tarzan"

THE GREATER IMMANUEL CHURCH,

2820 S. Michigan-av.

Services 9:30-11:50-7-8-7-8.

Come and see the new building and hear the good news.

Johnston Myers will preach.

BAPTIST.

VICTORY SUNDAY

AT THE MOODY CHURCH,

Garrison and North-av.

MOODY BIBLE INSTITUTE

AUDITORIUM;

RECEIVER ASKED AS KLAN KNIGHTS TILT IN COURT

Dissenters Cite Old Skip as Dangerous Man.

Atlanta, Ga., April 6.—Arguments in the legal battle between Emperor William J. Simmons and Imperial Wizard H. W. Evans for control of the Ku Klux Klan were concluded late today before Judge E. D. Thomas, who took the case under advisement and announced that he would render a decision tomorrow. Pending that time Sheriff J. I. Lowry retained custody of the imperial palace, the general headquarters of the order.

Reading of an affidavit from Ben H. Sullivan, attorney for Emperor W. J. Simmons, preceded the argument.

The affidavit asserted that a meeting of the Klan, the governing body, was held in a downtown office in the afternoon of April 2 and again that night in the imperial palace after the temporary injunction was issued which put Emperor Simmons in charge for the time being. He said there was a quorum in attendance and that Simmons presided both as emperor and national commander.

The coming of Capt. J. K. Skipwith of the Morehouse [La.] Ku Klux Klan to Atlanta was cited today as an example of the schemes alleged to have torn the Klan, by H. B. Terrell and his associates in asking for the appointment of a receiver for the organization.

Says Skip Is Dangerous.

The petition presented to Judge D. Thomas alleged that Capt. Skipwith came to Atlanta with a force of seventeen men to subvert Emperor Simmons. It was charged that "Capt. Skipwith is a dangerous man and has a following of dangerous men." It was also charged that among the articles that have disappeared from the imperial palace, the official headquarters of the Klan, is an important file containing documents and data concerning the happenings in New Orleans and Morehouse prior to Judge Thomas' will hearing the petition April 12.

Kiss Chapter Disbands.

Opelousas, La., April 6.—The local chapter of the Ku Klux Klan today disbanded and surrendered its charter. It was the second Klan in Louisiana to disband this week, that at Lafayette having surrendered its charter Monday.

State Senator Leon S. Hess, a former official, said the action "was taken in the interest of peace, harmony and good will for our community."

River Forest Launches Drive for Memorial Hall

River Forest yesterday launched a drive to raise funds for the building of a memorial hall in honor of the suburb's war veterans who died in the service. The hall will accommodate a seating capacity of 700, dining room with accommodations for 500 guests, and a room for display of war trophies. Soundings of fire sirens announced the opening of the drive.



Do you know?

That after a day's work a man's appetite craves a wholesome sweet. Serve him

**FIG
NEWTONS**

Delicious cakes with jam centers that captivate the taste completely. They

are made by the bakers of

**Uneeda
Biscuit**

The National Soda Cracker

**NATIONAL
BISCUIT COMPANY**
'Uneeda Biscuit'



FARMERS TO PAY 7% ON LOANS IN NEW LAND BANKS

Board Chief Explains Law's Operation.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., April 6.—Oil stock promoters operating in the state of Texas during the last five years have filed more than \$100,000,000 from the public. Postmaster General New was advised today by John H. Edwards, solicitor of the postoffice department, and Chief Postal Inspector Simmons, who also of Fort Worth, concerning the destruction of mail fraud cases involving oil promoters.

Regulations governing the operation of the banks were adopted today by the Farm loan board. At the same time, Charles E. Lobdell, head of the board, made it known that the initial rediscountrate, which will be promulgated by the banks, themselves, subject to the approval of the board, will be 5½ per cent and uniform among the twelve banks open their doors for business.

Charge for Borrowers.

Under the new law, banks which re-discount agricultural paper at the new intermediate credit banks must charge their borrowers a rate of 1½ per cent in excess of the rediscountrate.

Limiting the rate to the farmer to 7 per cent will mean, according to Mr. Lobdell, that the borrowers will no longer pay such rates as 8, 10 and 12 per cent or more as have prevailed in the past.

The rediscountrate of 5½ per cent is 1 per cent higher than the rate of 4½ per cent which now prevails at the federal reserve banks.

Ready for Business April 26.

Mr. Lobdell said that the twelve new banks should be ready to begin operations about April 26. He said it was not anticipated that the volume of business would be large at the start and each of the twelve banks has been allotted an initial capital of \$1,000,000 and a maximum of \$5,000,000 as authorized by the law. "There is one bank which is located in each of the cities where there is a federal land bank, thus will start business with government capital aggregating \$10,000,000, which gradually will be increased to \$60,000,000."

Ready for Business April 26.

No doubt many of these companies were started by men who hoped to strike oil and make money from production, but in practically every case the promoters later planned to profit from the stock selling regardless of the result of field operations. Seldom was it that a promoter invested any money of his own.

"Almost all the promoters' concerns operate as common law trusts. Over such organizations the Texas state statutes provide no supervision whatever."

\$100,000,000 IN 5 YEARS IN TEXAS OIL STOCK GRAFT

RARE WORKS ON MEDICINE GIVEN TO RUSH COLLEGE

Rush Medical college was presented

with the Meuse collection of books

dealing with medical history last night

at a meeting of the Chicago Society of

Medical History. The collection num-

bers 222 volumes, ranging from the

sixteenth to the eighteenth century,

and includes first editions of practically

all of the famous medical works of

that period. Among the group are

works by Galen and Vesalius.

The collection was the property of

Dr. Edouard Meuse, a native of French

during the '60s, and was given to the

college by his son. The books were

formally presented by Dr. Ludwig Hek-

torn and demonstrated by James C.

Bay.

It is an exceedingly valuable col-

lection and Rush Medical college is

fortunate in its acquisition," said Dr.

Fishbein, secretary of the society.

"The books are in their original bind-

ings, many of them having the old

silver buckles used long ago."

WANTED Hupmobile Salesmen

Four additional high grade automobile salesmen to sell Hupmobiles in Cook county. We delivered five hundred forty-one Hupmobiles in the Chicago territory in March. We prefer salesmen between 30 and 40 years of age, married, residents of Chicago, and thoroughly experienced in automobile selling. The men we employ must be leaders in the line, they are now selling. Attractive salary and permanent positions.

GAMBILL MOTOR CO.

Hupmobile Distributors

2230 MICHIGAN AVENUE
Tel. Calumet 5800

MAGNIFICENT LAKE SHORE ESTATE

On the Bluff in Highland Park
80 Feet Above Lake Michigan
45 Minutes from the Loop

JUST a few years ago a man, whose means placed no limit upon his desire to create a home of superlative distinction, selected nine acres of high and rolling wooded land in Highland Park, fronting 600 feet on Lake Michigan, with like frontage on Sheridan Road.

Here, with the help of leading architects, and after rejecting several plans, a Manor House and suitable outbuildings were erected; the cost of land and buildings approximating one-half million dollars. The house, which required two years to build, and in the construction of which no expense was spared, is a splendid modern example of French Renaissance architecture, with appropriate interior finish and furnishings.

While construction went on, the owner, touring foreign lands, selected tapestries, rugs and rare articles of virtue which are included among the furnishings.

The complete harmonious result is a monument to good taste, and it is placed in an unusually beautiful natural setting of finely timbered highland, terminating in a jutting bluff, from which one commands superb view of the ever-changing moods and colors of old Lake Michigan, eighty feet below.

The bluff is a veritable garden of shrubs and flowers, with winding rustic stairway providing easy access to a broad stretch of sandy beach.

This gentleman's estate, which is perhaps without exception the finest Lake Shore estate in this part of the country, practically new and in perfect condition, is now available for purchase exclusively through McGuire & Orr.

The furniture, rugs and other furnishings were all made to order, many of them in foreign lands. The living room rug, for instance, was made to order in Kersch, Persia; it measures 16½ x 34 feet. All the furnishings will be sold with the property at their appraised market value.

Further information will be given to principals in person—to people who are qualified to purchase an estate of this value—under no circumstances may the premises be inspected except with a representative from this office, and after appointment for inspection has been arranged.

Upon request, representative will be glad to call with photographs, and to give such information as may be desired by a bona fide prospective buyer.

Phone Randolph 2981

McGuire & Orr

Exclusive Agents

69 West Washington Street
CHICAGO

works by Galen and Vesalius.

The collection was the property of Dr. Edouard Meuse, a native of French during the '60s, and was given to the college by his son. The books were formally presented by Dr. Ludwig Hektor and demonstrated by James C. Bay.

It is an exceedingly valuable collection and Rush Medical college is fortunate in its acquisition," said Dr. Fishbein, secretary of the society.

"The books are in their original bindings, many of them having the old silver buckles used long ago."



Wm. Baumgarten & Co., Inc.

Interior Decorators

*of
Fifth Ave., New York City*

Announces the closing of its Chicago Branch and the

Unrestricted Sale at Auction

of an extensive and very valuable gathering of beautiful and desirable

Tapestries, Works of Art

Old Jacobean Oak Paneled Room

Antique and Modern Furniture

and other valuable artistic property at its premises

700 S. Michigan Ave.

opposite the Blackstone, Chicago

On Public Exhibition Beginning

THURSDAY, APRIL 5th, 1923

and continuing to date of sale from 9 A. M. until 6 P. M., including

SUNDAY, APRIL 8th

To be sold at unrestricted public sale on the afternoons of

April 10th, 11th and 12th, 1923

beginning at 2 o'clock each day

Under the management of

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO.

Auctioneers

Catalogues on Application

are you one of the marked

4?

Do your gums bleed easily? If so, take heed. Pyorrhea is coming. It strikes four persons out of every five past forty, and thousands younger, endangering their priceless teeth and health.

Brush your teeth with

Forhan's

FOR THE GUMS

More than a tooth paste—it checks Pyorrhea
35c and 60c in tubes



Lovely Healthy Skin Kept So By Cuticura

Daily use of this soap keeps the skin fresh and clean, while touches of the Ointment now and then prevent little skin troubles becoming serious. Do not fail to include the exquisitely scented Cuticura Talcum in your toilet preparations.

Sample Box Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories," 140 W. Division St., Chicago, Ill. Soap 25c. Ointment 25c and 50c. Talcum 25c.

Cuticura Soap shaved without soap.

The Tribune has the largest morning daily circulation in America.

Subscribe for THE TRIBUNE

Net Paid
circulation of
The Chicago Tribune
for the month of
March averaged
556,019
on Week Days and
939,391
on Sundays



Striking Data to Help Sell More Sunbeam Electric Irons

MANY are amazed to find, that by using The Sunday Tribune, they can reach approximately one-half of all the wired homes in this great 18,000,000 population territory known as Zone 7. No other publication, in fact the leading two, national, weekly publications do not have so great a circulation in this single, vast area as does The Chicago Tribune.

GET A MAP which shows this rich Chicago territory (Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Wisconsin), and across each state mark its number of wired homes. You'll find the total for the five states is 1,835,600, or 21% of all the wired homes in the United States. You'll find there is the surprising total of 3,157 towns and cities in Zone 7 having wired homes.

Now go a step further; check the number of units your company sold in 1922 in each city and town in Zone 7. Then compare the number of wired homes in these towns and cities against The Tribune daily or Sunday circulation and it will open your eyes to the possibilities of sectional advertising and selling.

IT IS THIS KIND OF SECTIONALIZED and localized selling that has made possible the growth of many great companies. It has oftentimes doubled and even trebled sales volume in as highly competitive a field as yours.

It is the co-ordinating of advertising with selling that has created hundreds of fine dealer and jobber connections in this rich territory.

Chicago alone has more wired homes than any other city in the world, while in hundreds of outlying cities

and towns the influence of The Tribune is surprising. You can reach through The Tribune scores and scores of towns and cities like Escanaba, Mich. (328 miles from Chicago) with its 2,621 families to which 1,087 Sunday Tribunes are sold. At one low cost you can cover one-third of all the wired homes in hundreds of communities.

BY USING THIS GREAT NEWSPAPER with its 547,839 daily and 935,587 Sunday circulation, you reach one-fifth of the wealth of the whole United States. You directly influence thousands of towns and cities in Zone 7 where volume sales of electrical goods can be greatly increased.

IN A RECENT SURVEY, 76% of all the electrical jobbers in Zone 7 indicated they read The Tribune. 66.7% said that Tribune advertising directly influenced sales. Among electrical goods retailers, 70% claimed that The Tribune actually helped them move the goods into the consumers' hands. 68.6% were actual readers of The Tribune.

When you consider that there are 3,408 electrical dealers in this great, five-state area and that two out of every three are Tribune readers, you realize the influence and sales power of advertising in The Chicago Tribune.

THINK WHAT A TREMENDOUS FACTOR The Tribune is among these local electrical goods dealers, who themselves read and who know that customers in their immediate neighborhood also read the world's greatest newspaper.

Through advertising in The Tribune you can coordinate your sales and advertising effort in a way, utterly impossible, by using national media. Tribune men are trained not only in advertising, but also in merchandising. They have directed sales campaigns in The Chicago Territory and know by repeated contacts with jobbers and retailers what can be done and how to do it. A letter will bring a Tribune man to your office to discuss what can be done to increase your sales in The Chicago Territory.

IF YOU WISH TO DOUBLE YOUR SALES units in 1923—if you wish to establish yourself in this great market of Zone 7—if you wish to secure both dealer and jobber enthusiastic co-operation—use The Chicago Tribune consistently and intensively.



THE CHICAGO TERRITORY

The Chicago Tribune

The World's Greatest Newspaper

RAN
on
m
BRAN!

the up-trail
ambitious

consistently!
use it! Two
as much at
es! Being
d ready to
y delicious
ver hot or
mixed with
tablespoon
on and mix
ked!

in raisin
c. Recipes
ourselves and
ninety per
are caused

ed in indi
hotels
t your res
Kellogg's

or
nature
Kellogg's

e you one
the marked

4?

o your gums bleed
sily? If so, take heed.
orrhœa is coming.
strikes four persons
of every five past
ay, and thousands
unger, endangering
their priceless
th and health.

ugh your teeth with

orhan's
R THE GUMS

more than a tooth paste
it checks Pyorrhœa

35c and 60c in tubes

ely Healthy Skin
not So By Cuticura

use of the Soap keeps the
skin and clean, while touches
Ointment now and then pre-
vents skin troubles becoming
acute. Do not fail to include the
scented Cuticura Talcum
in your toilet preparations.

The Tribune has the
largest morning daily
circulation in America.

CUBS GET DOWN TO BUSINESS AND WHALE HOUSTON

COMPETITION FOR PHLS

PONCA CITY, Okla., April 6.—A record for baseball errors probably was made here today, when the Ponca City Indians, the Don Meinos club of the Western league, The Pirates won the game, 15 to 12.

The Don Meinos club made eighteen errors. The Pirates misplayed sixteen times.

Houston, Tex., April 6.—[Special]—Displaying the best form of the spring trip, the Cubs pulled themselves together today and played some real baseball. They defeated Houston, 14 to 4.

Kleiber trotted out Nick Duncan for a starter and his seven innings hit allowed only two hits. He was very wild, however, and passed seven men.

Nick Duncan, Jr., worked one inning, and did not care if Cawley finished and did not get much sleep. He allowed three hits in the ninth and hit a batsman.

Show Hitting Strength.

What pleased the boys most was the way the Cubs batted. They rolled up six hits and eight runs in the second inning. This included a homer by Gruenham over the right field wall which is farther away from the plate than the screen door. The home runs Ruthless ended in the scoring with a double, while Stas Grimes, Hartnett, and Nick Dunovich all made singles. All except Grimes' blow came off Goodwin former Cardinal, so the Cubs must have credit for hitting some good hurling.

The youngster name Pierotti started the game, but in the second inning Trumbo bunted after Grimes hit and the Houston catcher let loose a throw for a second base that struck the pitcher on the side of the head and made him

slip out of his pants.

Nick Dunovich's pitching was not bad as the seven passes would indicate. When he had to be put the ball outside the plate, The Cubs pulled four errors, all of which were on hard changes on very rough ground. Every man in the Cub lineup except Trumbo and Miller scored a run. M. Dunovich has to be omitted because he did not go to bat. The Cubs left for Fort Worth tonight.

Score:

Cubs 14, Indians 12.

Houston 4, Pittsburgh 1.

St. Louis 14, Cardinals 12.

Chicago 14, Cincinnati 12.

Baltimore 14, Boston 12.

Philadelphia 14, New York 12.

Washington 14, Brooklyn 12.



NEW YORK LEADS BOTH LEAGUES AT 3D BASE

DOPE ON THIRD BASEMEN

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Total.

New York.....767 312 1,079

Cleveland.....784 282 1,067

Philadelphia.....785 271 1,063

Chicago.....759 271 1,023

St. Louis.....739 275 1,014

St. Louis.....744 228 985

Washington.....737 268 975

Total.....737 268 975

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Offensive Defense.

Total.

New York.....767 312 1,079

Cincinnati.....787 280 1,066

Chicago.....765 280 1,065

St. Louis.....749 281 1,065

Philadelphia.....751 246 992

Brooklyn.....737 226 962

Total.....737 226 962

BY HUGH FULLERTON.

ARTICLE IV.

New York scores a double triumph in the comparative dope on the third basemen. In the American League the best right-hander hinter among the fielders of the land, leads the National league, but in spite of his outstanding advantage, Tracy of Pittsburgh has shown such tremendous advancement that he is pressing the leader hard.

Gruenham slumped a lot last year. His leg bothered him and for a time it looked as if he was slipping badly, but at the end of the year he had the world's series. He was back in his old form. He looks fairly good this spring, a bit heavy, but his legs have not shown signs of troubling him and he still holds premier ranking.

Heads Given Third Place.

Cincinnatians ranks third, but it is extremely doubtful whether by June 1st, Pfeiffer and Klimm will deserve rating over Friberg. I find it impossible, on the figures, to rate Friberg as highly as the Cubs themselves place him, but beyond doubt, he is a coming third baseman, a good promise and improving all the while.

The Cards, with Stock figured to beat two-thirds of the season and his young understudy Bladon evidently coming on fast, that he will replace the veteran sooner or later, gets next rank.

In the American League Joe Dugan gives the Yankees the first rank, and the leading change is the fact that two of the present remaining teams—St. Louis and Detroit—are down low in the list. Detroit's figures may have to be amended. Jones may be in the top form that he seems to be this spring, but he had a lot of trouble last year.

New Men's Strength Surprise.

It is a queer freak of this season's dope to do practically all its unproven ranking up so high. Yet, in the face of their minor league performances, it is impossible to disregard their claims and the records of the young stars who are candidates for the big bats. Jones, however, has been so good this spring that there is scarcely a doubt that their ability is proved.

Lutze of the Indians is almost beyond doubt the greatest young third baseman we have come into baseball since Bill Dozier. He has an marvelous pair of hands and has shown an instinctive ball player doing the right thing with the ball all the time and hitting properly.

Next we find the Athletics, and on the next column we see that they would rank higher in the American entry. Hale's shoulder appears to handicap his throwing somewhat, but he is a corking man at the hot corner and in addition Ronda is touted as a coming star. Connie Mack thinks Ronda is good fit to have a chance to display his talents. He has a definite mistake in his fielding of a ball player and when he figures out his sticks to his figures until they come true.

Kamm Must Show Goods.

Kamm the most highly touted of the new men cannot yet be given entire credit for his coast league showing, as his first year has not been a success.

Willie Keeler, the San Fran-

cisco star, is a fine player.

M. Dugan, the St. Louis star,

has a fine record.

The Sox and Giants split up together, the latter going to Memphis for two games and the Sox to Birmingham. They resume their series Monday at Chattanooga. Score:

Giants 14, Sox 12.

Sox 10, Giants 9.

Giants 10, Sox 9.

CASE AGAINST ROSENBLUTH IS HERE OUTLINED

Pothier Not the Only One to Make Charges.

BY DONALD EWING.

CHAPTER VII.

The government's case charging Capt. Robert Rosenbluth and Sergt. Roland Pothier with the murder of Maj. Alexander P. Cronkhite at Camp Lewis, Washington, is summed up in two pages of testimony which, when pieced together, forms a story which officials contend proves that Cronkhite was lured to the spot of his death and murdered—willfully and premeditatedly.

The general belief that the Pothier confession, later weakened by Pothier's own admission, is the chief factor in the case is incorrect. Pothier's statements formed the match which touched off the bomb of investigation, but the explosion was so great that the sergeant-major's confessions now are considered only a minor link by government officials.

Can't Quota Testify.

The actual testimony before the federal grand jury, which sat on Oct. 13, 1922, indicted Rosenbluth and Pothier for murder cannot be reproduced because of federal laws, but there is no anchor on the reports of the agents who investigated.

The first concrete evidence made available to the government came on July 9, 1920. On that date O. F. Schulze, the medical homicide bureau in New York and William Jones, firearms expert and former New York police lieutenant, opened the grave of Maj. Cronkhite at West Point, N. Y., at the request of Maj. Gen. Cronkhite.

Makes This Report.

Dr. Schulze formerly was on the Cornell university faculty as professor of pathology and has made more than 5,000 autopsies. When he and Jones had finished their work he made a report which ended with the following statement:

"From the observation of the bullet wound, from entrance on the right side of the chest, through the third rib, one and one-fourth inches from the armpit, and one-half inch from the bullet through the organs of the chest, to the left third rib, in the middle of the armpit, in my opinion, the wound could not have been self-inflicted with a firearm in the hand of the deceased."

When this report, seemingly so contradictory to the army autopsy performed by Dr. Edward A. Sommer, came to Dr. Sommer, he compared it with the report of his own autopsy. Then he made a statement to government agents and this quotation from it is the first statement from Dr. Sommer ever printed:

"I have never seen this report, or my autopsy," he said. "When I made it, I did not know what it said, and they took it down in shorthand. It appears that I dictated too fast, for obviously some details are left out. I am certain I would not have traced the bullet to a stopping place without saying just where I extracted it. I can neither vouch for nor disclaim this autopsy report."

Death of Pothier.

"I remember that it seemed strange to me how a man could have shot himself in such a place. I closely questioned those present—Rosenbluth and others—and their answers were so frank that if I had had any doubt they were removed."

"But, my recollection is that the gun which Cronkhite was using at a can thrown in the air and that his gun slipped from his hand and discharged. I had the bullet for a long time, and I think I finally gave it to one of the nurses. I expected to be called before the board of inquiry to express my opinion on the wound, but was never called. I signed the report."

WALK-OVER



The young man's sloping wedge-toe last illustrated is offered with wide triple stitched tip and vamp. The same model may be had in black calf. The sturdy construction and trim appearance of our several popular \$7 models is sure to please you, however exacting your tastes may be.

Other Walk-Overs offered at \$8.50 and \$10.

Walk-Over

105 S. State St.

6440 So. Halsted

\$7

If you have the "hard-to-fit" kind of foot visit our special fitting Department.



Misses' suits, capes and coats secured to pronounced advantage

are to be sold at a money-saving price. The suits may be worn under the coats now, and alone when warmer weather arrives. Four stunning styles are sketched.



Capes and coats of poiret, twill cord, velydyne, velour, lustrosa, roshanara. \$55 Choose tailleur well made of twill cord, velour, covert and of poiret twill

In black, navy, gray, tan, beige and brown are the swag capes and coats. Several cape modes have carnel collar in black, tan or natural color.

The coats are slim and straight and show by their side ties that they are spring-new. Tucking and silk stitching, panels and soutache embroidery lend distinction. Carnel collared capes of roshanara crepe enhance their graceful lines with plaiting.

Fourth floor, State.

\$7

Fourth floor, State.

pair

7.50

pair

10.85

pair



TODAY IS LUCKY FOR THE ECONOMICAL.

Groff and evil planetary influences operate today, according to astrology. While the sun and Jupiter are in friendly aspect there are several other planets wielding minister aspect. It is a day when the practice of economy were better begun and encouraged on every hand.

The winter birthday it is have the forecast of a checkered year before them, gains and losses. Avoid disputes and keep your health in order.

Children born on this day will experience a most eventful career, and will be in difficulties often through lack of judgment.

You are given to forming first sight judgment on people and things, and acting upon the judgment as though it had been given due consideration from all angles. You are not exactly vain—but at times assume a superior air which is not altogether becoming. You like to be in the lead or nowhere. You are always reaching out for something for yourself, your family, and those dear to you. If you are a man of family, you want to leave your wife and children well off. You are full of fun and vivacious by nature; hot-headed and somewhat combative. Content in your faith and love affairs.

Doris' Sound Reasonable.

"Dear Miss Blake: Is it right for me to go out with a fellow I refuse to go out with because I am longing for someone else whom I hope God will send to me? ANXIOUS."

Dear Anxious: Accepting the gift you would make him believe you care for him, and that is just what you do not want to do.



A FRIEND IN NEED

BY SALLY JOY BROWN.
Eight Children to Clothe.

I am writing to ask for clothing, which I am getting from a fellow I refuse to go out with because I am longing for someone else whom I hope God will send to me? ANXIOUS."

When need is so great, almost anything will help. Surely you have some article of clothing around the house you don't want any longer that would be a godsend to this struggling mother. It reads:

"My Dear Mrs. Bremer: Your favor at hand. I was strongly tempted to give you my recipe directions for Husbands return from their travels

TRIBUNE COOK BOOK

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

French Fried Onions.

Twice last year W. J. Bryan contributed the recipe for French fried onions to compilers of cook books. It first appeared in "The All-American Cook Book," also written by Mrs. Fyvie Stevenson, Miami, Fla., to the patriotic and philanthropic editor of that book.

"I first ate these at the famous Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C., and since that time have passed the recipe on to a number of friends as well as to dining car stewards. [Ah, there is where he made trouble for housewives!]

and want French fried onions.) If you crosswise, so that each slice will be made up of a number of rings, and then drop the rings separately into a thin flour batter and fry them as you would sliced potatoes, you will find them delicious.

Much the same recipe is to be found in Philippines' "The International Cook Book," where the advice is to cut onions in thin slices, separate in rings, season in salt and pepper, roll gently in flour, and fry golden brown—in five minutes.

BEAUTY ANSWERS

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

HAZEL: FOR OILY HAIR AN ACQUAINTANCE FOUND SPINKING COMMON SALT ON THE SCALP AND BRUSHING IT OUT THOROUGHLY WITH A CLEAN HAIR BRUSH ALLEVIATED THE TROUBLE WHEN SHE WAS NOT READY FOR A SHAMPOO. AFTER A BATH THE SALT RUB IS FINE. IN TURKISH BATHS YOU GET A SALT RUB JUST BEFORE THE FINAL HOT AND COLD SHOWER, AND IT MAKES YOUR SKIN FEEL CLEAN AND SWEET AND GIVES IT A HEALTHY GLOW.

Bright Sayings of the Children

The Tribune will pay \$1 for each child's saying. The story told must never have been printed in any magazine or paper. It is not possible to acknowledge or return unanswerable contributions.

Address Bright Sayings to Andy Lee, Tribune, Chicago.

Lillian had been sent to the grocery store for some breakfast bacon.

Upon arriving at the store, she be-

A FLAKE BRAN IS WHAT ACTS

Bran must be in flake form to be efficient. Its action is mechanical.

To make flake bran inviting we hide it in a dainty-in-jackets flakes of wheat. Pettijohn's is rolled from soft wheat—the most flavorful wheat that grows. And each delicious flake hides 25% of bran.

Whole wheat and bran are two essentials in right diet. They make them delightful. Pettijohn's combines them in a premium cereal dainty. Try it tomorrow.

Pettijohn's
Rolled Wheat—25% Bran

After-Theater Train

11:30 P. M. NIGHTLY

(GRAND CENTRAL STATION)

TOURISTS SLEEPING CAR

DES MOINES WATERTON FT. DODGE MARSHALLTOWN DUBUQUE

Also the Great Western Limited—every night 6:30 P. M.—for Rochester and the Twin Cities. H. H. HILLTOPPER, G. W. WATSON, G. W. WILLIAMS

Chicago Great Western

Society Enjoys Farce
and Contributors
Princeton Infirmary

Princeton is nearer by about 35 miles than the new infirmary than yesterday, owing to the present last night at the Aryan Grove played by one of its talented women, Arthur Meeker Jr., the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Meeker of Lake Shore drive. The play, "The Husbands," was the first three plays Mr. Meeker has written, and is amusing a farce as many a "drama" of the woolly players put out.

It was given in a manner far surpassing by a company of amateurs including Mrs. John Root as Eva's mother Clifford, a charming widow of husband; Miss Helen Gilbert Cornelia Harrington, Eva's young and nervous sister; Lorin W. Cooley as John Harrington, who has been fully trying to quiet his wife's tempests; Mrs. C. C. Root as Eva's Christian, a carry neighbor; Mrs. Anna Williams as Willie Chapman, her sweet-tempered husband; Stuart Bailey Brooks, the butler; Miss Mary Mae as Antonette, Eva's fascinating French maid; J. Williams, Mac Lord Wolverine, who, it appears, is to be Eva's newest husband at the end of the second act; when it is reported to leave and stand in J. Williams as the three porters who are required to carry in Eva's trunk.

The beautiful Mrs. Root was in her natural self, but still beautiful an auburn wig, and dainty and nice Miss Meeker, a sister of the author, was completely disguised by a black wig. She was good in her role, especially Mrs. Root.

Mrs. Alexander F. Stevenson Jr., Lucretia James Gleason as Philip George Francis Wolf as Jean, Bertie Carpenter as the undertaker, Stuart Ballou as André gave a good show, while the cast included from French by Mrs. Meeker who served as a curtain raiser. During the intermission between the plays Bill Forgan sang, accompanied by Louis Tilden on an accordian, maintaining the audience so well that the evening was a success.

Following the performance the members of the cast, the ushers, and the who had assisted Mrs. Meeker in posing of the boxes and tickets attended a supper-dance given by the members of the cast and Mrs. Meeker at the Casino.

The Sixth corps area polo team which is located at Fort Sheridan, a place of entire reason in the western circuit of the polo association in and near Chicago, where the Owntown, Gramercy, Miami Valley, Indianapolis, Denver and other teams, is planning an area polo ball for Friday evening, April 13.

It is to be patterned after an affair of the same nature given each year Washington by the officers of the department and is attended by all the diplomatic set and those high in social circles.

Just a week later comes the military to be given under the auspices of the Army and Navy Club at the Green Apple, Louis Loeser is chairman of the committee making the arrangements for this ball. Mr. and Mrs. F. Forgan Jr., Mrs. J. Allen Hart, Mrs. Edward A. Evers, Mrs. Walter Evans, Mrs. Perry Shepard, Mrs. B. Davies, Mrs. Jacob Baur, and Mrs. Chauncey B. Blair are among the troopers.

The Sixth corps area polo team which is located at Fort Sheridan, a place of entire reason in the western circuit of the polo association in and near Chicago, where the Owntown, Gramercy, Miami Valley, Indianapolis, Denver and other teams, is planning an area polo ball for Friday evening, April 13.

It is to be patterned after an affair of the same nature given each year Washington by the officers of the department and is attended by all the diplomatic set and those high in social circles.

Just a week later comes the military to be given under the auspices of the Army and Navy Club at the Green Apple, Louis Loeser is chairman of the committee making the arrangements for this ball. Mr. and Mrs. F. Forgan Jr., Mrs. J. Allen Hart, Mrs. Edward A. Evers, Mrs. Walter Evans, Mrs. Perry Shepard, Mrs. B. Davies, Mrs. Jacob Baur, and Mrs. Chauncey B. Blair are among the troopers.

When Miss Harriet Partridge daughter of Mrs. Edward W. Partridge 110 Lake Shore drive, becomes bride of Columbus Healy this afternoon she will be attended by her mother, Mrs. Alfred Schellkopf of Buffalo, and Mr. Henry Healy will be attended by his mother, Mrs. Henry Healy of Chicago.

The service will be held at 4:30 o'clock in the chapel of St. James Episcopal church by the Rev. Dr. Herbert Edwards in the presence of the immediate families. After the ceremony there will be a small reception at the residence of the bride's mother and Mr. and Mrs. Healy will be at home after June 15 on Lake Shore drive.

The cast of the Junior League will be given next Saturday night at the auditorium theater will be for dinner tonight at the Casino, after which a rehearsal will be held at Drake, which will be broadcast. The Foilier girls, Miss Anna Foilier, the stars who will be prominent parts are Mrs. R. Boyd Rogers, Miss Lucretia Green, Mrs. William C. Hubbard, John R. Windham, John H. McIlvane, Ballard Bradie, George Clark, and Albert Erskine. Last four compone a quartet which give several numbers.

Mr. Holmes Forsyth was reelected president of the Illinois Society of Colonial Dames of America at the annual meeting and luncheon Thursday in the society's new quarters in the Fortnightly, 128 Belmont, First vice-president, Mrs. M. Cyrus H. Adams; treasurer, Miss Mary Newberry; recording secretary, Mrs. Carrie Blair Neely; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Robert D. McFadden; steward, Mrs. Charles M. Howerton; treasurer, Mrs. Moses J. Weston.

The 26th Annual Christmas Show of the Daughters of the American Revolution will give a tea this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Woman's Athletic club. The Du Moulin trio will give musical program at 2:30 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Hale Holden of 14th street will move to Lake Forest for the summer. Mr. Hale Holden, taken the Clifford W. Barnes home.

DO YOU FEEL DULL
ARE YOU WEAK?

DON'T blame the spring weather if you can't hardy drag your self around, are the when you get up in the morning and have no appetite, no strength, no energy or "pop." In fact, the fault of the season, or the weather. It's you.

Take Gude's Pepto-Mangan for a short time and note the wonderful change in your feelings and your appetite. It will purify and cleanse your blood, cleanse it of the impurities which have accumulated during the winter. It will give you a loss appetite and improve your digestion.

It will help to renew your physical strength, your energy and endurance. It will clear up your skin and bring the color back to your cheeks. Gude's Pepto-Mangan is the real

truth.

Oral Pepto-Bismol

**Society Enjoys Farce
and Contributors to
Princeton Infirmary**

Princeton is nearer by about \$5,000 to having a new infirmary than it was yesterday, owing to the presentation last night at the Aryan Grotto of a play by one of its talented students, Arthur Meeker Jr., the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Meeker of 3801 Lake shore drive. The play, "Eric's Husband," was the first three acts play Mr. Meeker has written, and is as amusing a farce as many a "dyed in the wool" playwright-turns out.

It was given in a manner far from amateurish by a company of amateurs, including John Root as Fred, Wellwade Clifford, a charming collector of bric-a-brac; Miss Helen Gilbert as Geraldine Harrington, Eric's harassed and nervous sister; Loring W. Coleman as John Harrington, who had his hands full trying to quiet his wife's tantrums; Mrs. Cecil Barnes as Emily Chapman, a caty neighbor; Samuel Newton as Will Chapman, her benevolent husband; Stuart Bailey as Brookside's father; Miss Mary Meeker as Antoinette, Eric's fascinating French maid; J. Williams Macie as Lord Wolverine, who, it appears, is to be Eric's newest husband at the end of the second act when it was time for reporters to leave, and Steven Ford as Leonard Marshall, and Lawrence Williams as the three reporters who were required to carry in Eric's many trunks.

The beautiful Mrs. Root was unlike her natural self, but still beautiful in a mown wig, and dainty and blonde Miss Meeker, a sister of the author, was completely disguised by a black wig. Each was good in her role, especially Mrs. Root.

Mrs. Alexander P. Stevenson Jr., as Louise Harrington; Glessner, Philippe, George Francis Wolf as Fred; Emil Carpenter as the undertaker, and Stuart Bailey as Andre gave a finished production of a one-act comedy, "The Day After," translated from the French by Mrs. Meeker Sr., which served as intermission between the plays. During the intermission between the plays, Root sang, accompanied by Louis Tilden on an accordion, entertaining the audience as well as they were recalled for several encores.

Following the performance the members of the cast, the ushers, and those who had assisted Mrs. Meeker in dispensing of the boxes and tickets attended a supper-dance given by Mr. and Mrs. Meeker at the Casino.

The Sixth corps area polo team, which is located at Fort Sheridan, and plays the entire season in the mid-western circuit of the American Polo association in and near Chicago, with the University, Grammer, Glenwood, Winona Valley, Indianapolis, Detroit and other cities, is playing an army polo ball for Friday evening April 6. It is to be patterned after an affair of the same nature given each year in Washington by the officers of the war department and is attended by all the diplomatic set and those high in social circles.

Just a week later comes the military ball to be given under the auspices of the Army and Navy club at the Congress. Capt. Louis Loeser is chairman of the committee making the arrangements for this ball. Mr. James E. Forgan Jr., Mrs. J. Allen Haines, Mrs. Edward A. Evans, Mrs. Waldo Evans, Mrs. Perry Shepard, Mrs. Ray Davies, Mrs. Jacob Baur, and Mrs. Chancery B. Blair are among the participants.

When Miss Harriet Partridge, daughter of Mr. Edward W. Partridge of 110 Lake Shore drive, becomes the bride of Columbus Healy this afternoon she will be attended by Rev. John Herber, Edwards in the presence of the immediate families. After the ceremony there will be a small reception at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Healy, who will be at home after June 15 at 219 Lake Shore drive.

The cast of the Junior League follows to be given next Saturday night at the auditorium theater will meet for dinner tonight at the Casino, after which a rehearsal will be held at the hall, which will be the studio where the film will be made. The stars in the film are Miss Anna Wren and Walter Frazer. Others who will have prominent parts are Mrs. E. Boynton Rogers, Miss Lucretia Green, Mrs. William Hubbard, John R. Winterbottom Jr., Huntington Henry, John H. McAlvane, Ballard Brandy, George Clark, and Albert Bruskin. The four compose a quartet which will give several numbers.

Mr. Holmes Forsyth was reelected president of the Illinois Society of the Colonial Dames of America at the annual meeting and luncheon held Thursday in the society's new quarters. The other officers are: First vice president, Mrs. Carroll H. Miller; second vice president, Mrs. Cyrus H. Adams; treasurer, Miss Mary L. Newberry; recording secretary, Miss Carrie Blair Neely; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Robert D. McFadon; historian, Mrs. Charles M. Howe; historian, Mrs. Moses C. Johnson.

This thing lasted a year and a half. She grew pale. Another three months and she began to feel run down. Her employer noticed this, a man much older than this young woman.

He realized the state she was in and realized also it was his own fault. That he had worked her too hard. That he had done this because she had made herself so extraordinarily valuable.

He suggested the girl needing a doctor, and then changed his mind: "You better visit a doctor." She went on the golf links she went the following Saturday afternoon. Week after week she put in her Saturday afternoons in the open. It did her good and she decided she would take a part of her Sunday for recreation, too.

The golf links were the place that brought all the charms of this girl to the surface. She not only was an office executive, she was a charming personality. If I told you the marriage she made it would be so romantic and so unbelievable that you would think she had married well.

Today, while she is not one of the four hundred, she is high up in the society of New York; and it was all due to her making a sudden decision on walking one morning to change her place of residence, go where she would meet new faces, new people, new work, and a new outlook on life.

Of course, it is not always necessary to get up in the morning and say: "I

DON'T blame the spring weather if you can hardly drag your self around, are tired when you get up in the morning and have no ambition, no appetite, no energy. It isn't the fault of the season, or of the weather. It's you.

Take Gude's Pepto-Mangan for a short time and note the wonderful change in your feelings and your appetite. It will purify and enrich your blood, and rid it of the impurities which have accumulated during the winter. It will give you a keen appetite and improve your digestion. It will help to renew your physical strength, your energy and ambition. It will clear up your skin and bring the color back to your cheeks. Gude's Pepto-Mangan is the most

used and most effective of all tonics and blood enrichters. It is composed of just the elements you need to tone up and invigorate your blood, muscle and nerve. Get a bottle today, and begin to take it at once.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan has been recommended and prescribed by physicians for over 30 years, and during all that time its formula has not been altered nor its ingredients changed. It is palatable and pleasant little children take it readily, and it is beneficial to them as to adults.

All druggists sell Gude's Pepto-

Mangan, in both liquid and tablet form. Ask for it by its full name.

"He that minds his own business will be asked to mind the business of others." —HAZEL PASCO, Stenographer, 496 Arlington Ave., Elmhurst, Ill.

The Tribune awards Miss Pasco \$2 for the above and will pay her \$2 each day for the best motto submitted by a reader. Address "Mottoes" care The Tribune. Please state occupation.

WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER: That's Fair Enough



HOW TO WIN A MAN

Change of Work, Surroundings or Viewpoint of World Often Brings Friendship and Love

Miss Blake continues today her series of articles of advice to young women readers of The Tribune who find themselves facing life without romance.

BY DORIS BLAKE.

It is a good idea to get up one morning and say: "Thus far and no farther. I am thirty-two, have lived in St. Louis and have not made a success of life as I should. In other words, I am thirty-two years old and have not found a man that I want." An extract from a letter before me.

It is time to change. Now what the change should be is the thing to be considered and determined. Sometimes it may be advisable to change your city. If you are an expert stenographer or secretary, a woman who can take charge of an office, Chicago and New York need you fully equipped.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understand and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Your new work will put new obligations on you. New obligations entail meeting new people and new situations, and that may mean your finding yourself as a woman who is loved and ultimately as a wife.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

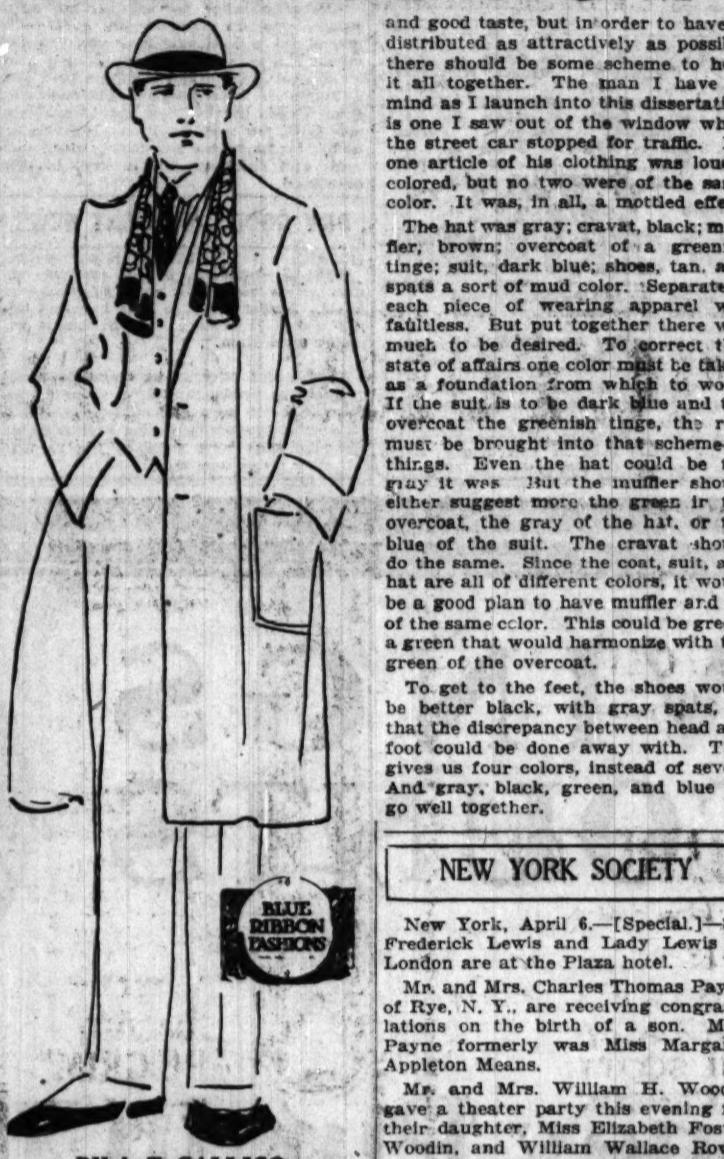
Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

Very often people next door to you know you least. The point is: contact is what you make it. It can be made into a cold, disagreeable, perfumy affair. It can be made into a warm friendship and lasting love.

The girl must remember that love is not a thing that comes one-sidedly. Love begets love, indifference begets indifference. If you wish hard enough, wish in the sense of making yourself understood and of trying to understand and cultivate a friend and interest in your fellow men it ultimately will solve your own problem, the problem of putting into play. Your new life is apt to call them off.

MEN'S FASHIONS.



BY A. T. GALLICO.

Too Many Colors.

NEXT YORK. — [Special Correspondence] — "Respectable people do it — people with umbrellas." We are judging of something else, but I am wondering if she is wearing knickers under

the skirt.

NEW YORK SOCIETY.

NEW YORK. — [Special Correspondence] — "Respectable people do it — people with umbrellas." We are judging of something else, but I am wondering if she is wearing knickers under

the skirt.

AMUSEMENTS.

STUDEBAKER.

MARIGOLD.

HODGE.

FOR ALL OF US.

JUDGE W. L. MCNEMENIN.

SAYS: "Just a little after seeing 'For All of Us'."

EDWARD J. SWEENEY.

WHEAT AND CORN TRADE 'BULLISH'; ALL GRAINS UP

BY CHARLES MICHAELS.

A bull market was on in wheat and corn while May wheat lagged and remained unchanged for the day, the delivered futures broke in new ground for the season and closed 4@ 5c higher. Corn led the advance and gained 1@ 1@ 4c, with oats 4@ 6c higher, and rye up 1@ 2c.

Unfavorable crop reports continue to come from the southwest, and while the grain market reported some improvement, it was not enough to move the price of the entire grain belt. The forecast was for abnormally low temperatures for this season of the year over the entire grain belt. Local May wheat came out freely at \$1.22, which checked the bulge at that figure. Export demand was less active following sales of around \$8,000,000 by the two previous days.

New High on Corn.

July and September corn sold at a new high for the season, and while there was some profit-taking at 7@ 8c and 10@ 11c, the price of July on resting orders, the offerings were finally absorbed, and those that figure some stop loss orders were caught. Local bulls were free buyers and had considerable assistance from commission houses. The strong cash situation was the main bullish influence, with grain buyers here and taking 200,000 bu. Receipts, 67 can be seen.

Cats held within a range of 1@ 2c and failed to get very far in either direction early, although closing on a bulge in sympathy with the strength in corn. There was buying of May and calling of July at 4c discount for the May by a commission house early. Shipping demand was slightly better.

Russia Sells Rye.

Russia was reported to have sold Germany around 1,000,000 bu rye at a price of 1.10c per bushel, and 1,000,000 bu laid down from American Atlantic ports, but Norway was in the market for domestic grain and took 200,000 bu for May shipment. The two northwestern markets made a strong close in the pro-vision market. Prices follow:

Lent. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Wheat 1.10 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05
St L. 1.20% 1.20% 1.20% 1.20% 1.20%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
July Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Sept. Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Oct. Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Nov. Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dec. Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Jan. Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Feb. Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Mar. Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Apr. Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
May Wheat. Cents. Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.
Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%
Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

GRAINS-IN-ALL MARKETS

May Wheat. Cents.

Apr. 6, Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.

Open. High. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.

Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Apr. 7. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.

Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Apr. 8. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.

Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Apr. 9. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.

Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Apr. 10. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.

Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Apr. 11. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.

Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Iowa 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Apr. 12. May. Low. 1923. 1922. 1921.

Chi. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

St L. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

K. C. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

M. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Dul. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%

Wyo. 1.10% 1.10% 1.10% 1.10%



RUST AND
SAVINGS BANK

dition at the
April 3, 1923

Condition of Chicago Banks as 1923 Begins

Both National and State Institutions Show Increases in Loans and Savings Deposits, with Lower Cash Resources; Differ as to Total Deposits.

Following is a summary of loans and discounts, deposits, cash resources, and savings deposits, together with conditions at the close of business last Tuesday, April 3, issued by the controller of the currency and the Illinois state auditor. The last previous statements were made by the banks as of the close of business Dec. 29, 1922:

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS		DEPOSITS		CASH RESOURCES		SAVINGS DEPOSITS	
April 3, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922	April 3, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922	April 3, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922	April 3, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922
\$ 600,477,823 \$ 752,569,451	\$ 44,400,864 \$ 80,500,200	\$ 255,394,200	\$ 255,394,200	\$ 255,394,200	\$ 255,394,200	\$ 46,271,540	\$ 46,271,540
State	State	All banks	All banks				

All banks.....\$ 1,858,111,141 \$ 1,897,785,108 \$ 16,100,386,960 \$ 16,122,835,596 \$ 16,122,835,596 \$ 16,122,835,596 \$ 558,749,641 \$ 544,026,724

NATIONAL BANKS.

DEPOSITS CASH RESOURCES SAVINGS DEPOSITS

Apr. 3, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922	Apr. 3, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922	Apr. 3, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922	Apr. 3, 1923	Dec. 29, 1922
\$ 1,355,080 \$ 3,124,280	\$ 1,346,000 \$ 3,124,280	\$ 1,355,080 \$ 3,124,280	\$ 1,346,000 \$ 3,124,280	\$ 1,355,080 \$ 3,124,280	\$ 1,346,000 \$ 3,124,280	\$ 1,355,080 \$ 3,124,280	\$ 1,346,000 \$ 3,124,280
Alton Exchange.....\$ 280,468	785,960	1,216,378	1,450,378	280,468	785,960	1,216,378	1,450,378
Alden Park.....\$ 327,986	625,959	848,273	1,201,457	327,986	625,959	848,273	1,201,457
Amelia.....\$ 384,239	785,000	1,270,000	1,480,000	384,239	785,000	1,270,000	1,480,000
Anderson.....\$ 1,414,715	1,087,220	1,286,541	1,408,112	1,414,715	1,087,220	1,286,541	1,408,112
Associated.....\$ 2,281,310	3,060,170	3,672,672	4,000,000	2,281,310	3,060,170	3,672,672	4,000,000
Bank & Commercial.....\$ 250,378,825	245,144,017	280,860,610	379,470,015	250,378,825	245,144,017	280,860,610	379,470,015
Corn Exchange.....\$ 75,074,110	71,131,755	85,229,625	102,600,000	75,074,110	71,131,755	85,229,625	102,600,000
Devon.....\$ 11,772,073	10,182,056	16,945,160	20,000,000	11,772,073	10,182,056	16,945,160	20,000,000
First Nat'l. of Chi....\$ 2,183,145,34	696,956,78	1,080,000	2,183,145,34	2,183,145,34	696,956,78	1,080,000	2,183,145,34
Fifth of Englewood.....\$ 378,999	8,675,90	10,000	378,999	378,999	8,675,90	10,000	378,999
Fifth of Oak Park.....\$ 8,675,90	8,675,90	10,000	8,675,90	8,675,90	8,675,90	10,000	8,675,90
Interstate.....\$ 351,429	1,050,547	1,019,050	1,050,547	351,429	1,050,547	1,019,050	1,050,547
Intra-Medical.....\$ 4,094,609	5,478,239	5,478,239	5,478,239	4,094,609	5,478,239	5,478,239	5,478,239
Jesuit Park.....\$ 2,841,574	2,306,214	5,047,432	4,905,303	2,841,574	2,306,214	5,047,432	4,905,303
Keweenaw.....\$ 3,369,669	5,111,084	5,009,871	5,111,084	3,369,669	5,111,084	5,009,871	5,111,084
Lakeview.....\$ 13,584,996	12,688,934	15,658,620	18,834,026	13,584,996	12,688,934	15,658,620	18,834,026
Land Title.....\$ 1,521,150	1,096,480	1,216,378	1,216,378	1,521,150	1,096,480	1,216,378	1,216,378
First Nat'l. of Chi....\$ 600,477,823	752,569,451	44,400,864	80,500,200	600,477,823	752,569,451	44,400,864	80,500,200
First Nat'l. of Woodlawn.....\$ 322,493	322,493	322,493	322,493	322,493	322,493	322,493	322,493
Hill City of Chicago.....\$ 36,161,29	36,161,29	36,161,29	36,161,29	36,161,29	36,161,29	36,161,29	36,161,29
Holiday Park.....\$ 2,875,625	2,868,210	2,868,210	2,868,210	2,875,625	2,868,210	2,868,210	2,875,625
Lawndale.....\$ 2,821,407	3,775,155	8,651,960	8,651,960	2,821,407	3,775,155	8,651,960	8,651,960
Life Stock Exchange.....\$ 1,107	708,628	1,875,419	1,854,410	1,107	708,628	1,875,419	1,854,410
Met. Bank of Republic.....\$ 2,183,145,34	696,956,78	1,080,000	2,183,145,34	2,183,145,34	696,956,78	1,080,000	2,183,145,34
Met. Bank of Woodlawn.....\$ 378,999	8,675,90	10,000	378,999	378,999	8,675,90	10,000	378,999
Met. City of Chicago.....\$ 60,000,00	60,000,00	60,000,00	60,000,00	60,000,00	60,000,00	60,000,00	60,000,00
Met. Co. of Chi....\$ 16,161,29	16,161,29	16,161,29	16,161,29	16,161,29	16,161,29	16,161,29	16,161,29
Met. Co. of Chi....\$ 5,208,33	5,208,33	5,208,33	5,208,33	5,208,33	5,208,33	5,208,33	5,208,33
Met. Co. of Chi....\$ 13,566,67	13,566,67	13,566,67	13,566,67	13,566,67	13,566,67	13,566,67	13,566,67
Met. Co. of Chi....\$ 3,747,530,27	3,747,530,27	3,747,530,27	3,747,530,27	3,747,530,27	3,747,530,27	3,747,530,27	3,747,530,27
Met. Co. of Chi....\$ 4,162,474,53	4,162,474,53	4,162,474,53	4,162,474,53	4,162,474,53	4,162,474,53	4,162,474,53	4,162,474,53
Met. Co. of Chi....\$ 3,747,530,53	3,747,530,53	3,747,530,53	3,747,530,53	3,747,530,53	3,747,530,53	3,747,530,53	3,747,530,53
Met. Co. of Chi....\$ 3,455,169,70	3,455,169,70	3,455,169,70	3,455,169,70	3,455,169,70	3,455,169,70	3,455,169,70	3,455,169,70
Met. Co. of Chi....\$ 292,360,83	292,360,83	292,360,83	292,360,83	292,360,83	292,360,83	292,360,83	292,360,83
Chairman Board of Directors.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	Chairman Board of Directors.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00
President.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	President.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00
Assistant Cashier.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	Assistant Cashier.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00
Assistant Cashier.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	Assistant Cashier.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00
Robert R. McCormick.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	Robert R. McCormick.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00
Frederick H. Rawson.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	Frederick H. Rawson.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00
E. Thomas.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	E. Thomas.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00
Bertram M. Winston.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	Bertram M. Winston.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00
William Kline.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	William Kline.....\$ 1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00	1,000,000,00
ND SAVINGS BANK				ND SAVINGS BANK			
at Ohio Street				at Ohio Street			</td

10-15c
VALUES;
CASH STRONG

INVESTORS' GUIDE

Answers are based upon information which THE TRIBUNE believes correct, but beyond care in securing it THE TRIBUNE assumes no responsibility.

Inquiries must bear the signature and address of writer. Answers of public interest will be published, those not of general interest will be mailed if stamped, self-addressed envelope is included. Address letters to Investors' Guide.

Belden Manufacturing.

L. H. L. The Belden Manufacturing company manufactures electrical wire, cordage, and cables. It is issuing \$500,000 of 6% per cent bonds of an authorized \$1,000,000. These bonds are secured by a first mortgage on all the company's land, buildings, machinery, and equipment, given a depreciated valuation of \$1,000,000. The bonds are three years from the date of issue.

Low grade killing steers... 7.50¢

Hog... 8.50¢

Heavy and heavy packing... 8.25¢

Light bacon, 160 lb./50 lbs... 8.25¢

Selected, 140 lb./45 lbs... 8.25¢

Pork, 100 lb./40 lbs... 8.00¢

Steaks, subject to dockage... 8.25¢

CATTLE.

Prime steer, 1,000 lb./500 lbs... 10.00¢

Heavy steers, 1,100 lb./550 lbs... 9.50¢

Medium, 1,200 lb./600 lbs... 9.00¢

Heavy and mixed packing... 7.50¢

Hog and heavy packing... 8.25¢

Light bacon, 160 lb./50 lbs... 8.25¢

Selected, 140 lb./45 lbs... 8.25¢

Pork, 100 lb./40 lbs... 8.00¢

Steaks, subject to dockage... 8.25¢

SHORTHORN CATTLE.

Western lamb... 12.00¢

Native lamb... 12.00¢

Eastern lamb... 12.50¢

Lamb, pure to best veal... 10.50¢

Evening... 11.50¢

Yearling... 11.50¢

Western lamb, pure... 12.75¢

Shorthorn lamb... 12.75¢

Shorthorn... 12.75¢

One year ago... 13.25¢

Comparative Figures.

Hogs—Bulk of sales yesterday... 8.25¢

One month ago... 8.25¢

Cattle—Bull of beef steers, yesterday... 7.50¢

One year ago... 7.00¢

One year ago... 7.00¢

Western lamb... 12.75¢

Shorthorn lamb... 12.75¢

One year ago... 13.25¢

Hoof values dropped 10¢ yesterday, being the first decline in practically a week. After a weak start trade finished strong at best prices of the day with few left in the pens. Receipts were second largest of the week at 88,000,000, 7,900 direct to pens from Nebraska, Iowa, Dakota, and Illinois points. Good shipping orders late in the day added tone to the trade. Day's top at \$8.65 for 180 lb. averages and the general average at \$8.40, both showed 10¢ decline from Thursday. All day's advance in cattle prices was lost yesterday, most sales showing 10¢ decline. Nothing sold above 23.30, signifying a 10¢ top the previous Friday. Beef steers were slightly changed, compared with a week ago. Butcher stock shared in yesterday's decline, with calves steady and feeding steers weak to 10¢ lower.

Lamb Trade Unseen.

After an active, strong to shade higher opening, the lamb market reacted with opening of the market to 10¢ lower.

Top reached \$14.75 early, with bulk of woolen lamb at \$14.000-\$14.75.

Colorado lamb averaging 35 lbs brought \$12.50, with 100 lb averages at \$12.75.

Clipped stock moved at \$11.25@11.50 and heavy at \$10.50. Aged sheep up 10¢, square and solid strong, higher even averaging 180 lbs bringing 27.75.

Sheep to "Greeks" upward to \$40 per 100 lbs for less than half a dozen head, while local packers paid as high as \$35.00.

Receipts at Chicago for today are estimated at 1,000 cattle, 10,000 hogs and 2,000 sheep, against 350 cattle, 6,800 hogs and 2,645 sheep the corresponding Saturday a year ago.

Yesterday's Hog Purchases.

Hogs purchased by Chicago packers were ordered as follows:

London... 4,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Anglo-Amer... 3,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Smith & Co... 3,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Swiss & Co... 3,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Morris & Co... 3,000 Others... 1,000

Wilson & Co... 2,700 Shanks... 8,000

Day & Son... 2,000

Western P. Co... 2,000 Total... 43,500

Roberts & Co... 1,500 Left over... 5,000

Agex F. Co... 5,000

Special Indus... 8,000 forwarded to Arizona.

Local Indus... 1,400 to Wilson, and 200 to Roberts & Co from outside market.

LIVE STOCK MOVEMENTS AT CHICAGO.

Receipts... Cattle, Calves, Hogs, Sheep.

Thurs., April 6... 8,281 4,611 24,805 14,000

Est., April 6... 7,000 2,000 38,000 10,000

Week so far... 67,000 17,350 50,000 10,000

Year ago... 64,820 16,000 47,800 10,000

Shorthorn... April 5... 2,455 2,000 2,175 8,846

Est., April 6... 2,000 200 8,000 3,000

Week so far... 14,632 140 36,207 25,021

Week ago... 14,450 623 35,004 21,670

Year ago... 17,565 787 24,264 15,861

OUTSIDE LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

HOGS.

Most centers ruled steady to 10¢ lower, with few in the market at \$3.25 or less, except and prior follow:

Receipts... Top Bulk.

Cows and heifers.

Kansas City... 4,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Omaha... 3,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Louis... 3,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Paul... 3,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Minneapolis... 3,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Pittsburgh... 3,500 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Cleveland... 4,500 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Paul... 4,500 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Louisville... 4,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Montgomery... 4,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Receipts... Lamb... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Omaha... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Louis... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Paul... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Montgomery... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Receipts... Sheep... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Kansas City... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Omaha... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Louis... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Paul... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Montgomery... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Receipts... Cattle... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Kansas City... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Omaha... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Louis... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Paul... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Montgomery... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Receipts... Hogs... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Kansas City... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Omaha... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Louis... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Paul... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Montgomery... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Receipts... Sheep... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Kansas City... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Omaha... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Louis... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Paul... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Montgomery... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Receipts... Cattle... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Kansas City... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Omaha... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Louis... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Paul... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Montgomery... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Receipts... Hogs... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Kansas City... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Omaha... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Louis... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

St. Paul... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Montgomery... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

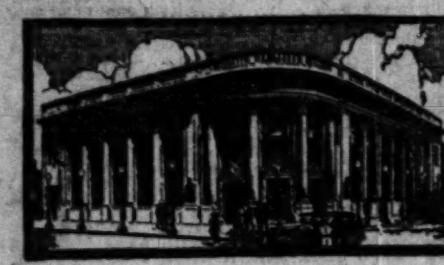
Receipts... Sheep... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Kansas City... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000

Omaha... 1,000 Hogs & Harts... 1,000



Statement of Condition of the OUTLYING BANKS of CHICAGO



STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF South Side Trust & Savings Bank OF CHICAGO

As made to the Auditor of Public Accounts, April 3, 1923

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$6,159,519.89	Capital Stock \$4,999,711.25
Stock in Federal Reserve Bank 18,000.00	Surplus 5,256.04
U. S. Government and Other Bonds 1,941,397.30	Dividends 151,300.00
Furniture and Fixtures 39,261.36	Discount—Collected but not
Cash and Due from Banks 1,334,104.36	Received 34,795.61
	Stock of Federal Reserve
	U. S. Liberty Bonds on hand 2,073,152.73
	for Certificates issued 50,300.00
	U. S. Government Bonds 10,000.00
	Debentures 50,000.00
	Customer's Liability on Letters of Credit 27,484.80
	Letters of Credit Outstanding 1,343.00
	Bank Deposits 27,484.80
	Reserve for Interest, Taxes, etc. 33,233.36
	U. S. Liberty Bonds Certified 50,300.00
	Letters of Deposit 27,484.80
	Letters of Credit Outstanding 1,343.00
	Bank Deposits 27,484.80
	Cash and Due from Banks 1,137,699.59
	Total 55,396,212.72
	Increase in deposits for one year, \$2,062,031.04
	Increase in deposits since last call, \$2,062,031.04

INCREASE IN DEPOSITS

Sept. 15, 1922	\$7,009,000.00
Dec. 29, 1922	8,028,000.00
April 3, 1923	8,578,000.00

DIRECTORS

A. R. FAY	Guy D. Randis
D. W. CAHILL	Alvin H. Sanders
F. S. COOPER	W. H. O'Conor
F. S. MARTIN	Roy O. West
F. M. LEO	J. M. O'Farrell
WALTER C. ORR	Oscar F. Schmidt
PAUL CORKE	Isaac N. Powell
	D. V. Callill

COTTAGE GROVE AVENUE AT 47th STREET
Member Federal Reserve System—Under Federal and State Supervision

LOGAN SQUARE STATE AND SAVINGS BANK

at Close of Business on April 3, 1923

ASSETS	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$1,869,991.58	Capital Stock \$1,351,903.33
Overdrafts 419.22	Surplus 2,023.14
Bonds and Securities 664,877.22	U. S. Liberty Bonds and Other Bonds 67,846.37
Furniture and Fixtures 12,798.28	Furniture and Fixtures 25,344.65
Cash and Due from Banks 429,632.24	Other Real Estate 1,172.40
	Due from Customers Under Letters of Credit 25,000.00
	Other Resources 29,344.32
	Due from Banks and Cash on Hand 678,623.29
	Total \$4,982,354.42

DIRECTORS	HARRY A. REZK, Real Estate
Wm. J. Berger, Director Division	Conrad A. J. Salath
Chas. V. Clark, Security Bank of Chicago	Lou A. Schuman, Schuman Reconstruction Company
Mitch. Forster, Secretary, Northwestern Trust and Savings Bank	Albert V. Vorkel, Hatterman and Goss
J. J. Kratz, Vice President and Director	Norman H. New, Roman Furniture Co.
Frank C. Rathin, President and Director, National Bank; Director, Allianz National Bank	Henry S. Savage, President, Logan Square State and Savings Bank

OFFICERS

Henry S. Savage, President	Wm. J. Berger, Vice President
A. A. Muller, Vice President	H. J. Hutter, Vice President
H. J. Schaeffer, Assistant Cashier	Lester B. Neiman, Assistant Cashier
Peter Richlowitz, Assistant Cashier	Peter Richlowitz, Assistant Cashier

MEMBER Reserve Federal System

OGDEN AVENUE STATE BANK

Associated Member Chicago Clearing House Association

Statement of Condition April 3, 1923

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$311,010.67	Capital Stock \$200,000.00
Bonds 814,533.50	Surplus 40,000.00
Accrued Interest 8,719.01	Undivided Profits 27,149.91
Banking House 90,000.00	Reserve for Interest 4,333.29
Cash and in Banks 260,866.05	Reserved for Taxes 4,395.21
	Uncurred Discount 1,873.15
	Deposits 1,207,378.07
	Total \$1,485,130.13

DIRECTORS

Frank Stanford, President	Otto Rabe, Manufacturer
Clyde C. Ansley, Vice President	Frank X. Rydzewski, President Inter-state National Bank, Hegewisch, Ill.
Michael H. Kesté, Vice President	Raymond Greene, Cashier

Affiliated Member Chicago Clearing House Association

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

(As reported to the State Auditor)

at the Close of Business, April 3, 1923

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$2,778,543.37	Capital Stock \$2,900,000.00
Overdrafts 2,929,839.84	Surplus 100,000.00
	Undivided Profits 22,578.43
	Reserve for Taxes and Interest 27,778.43
	Deposits 3,046,313.59
	Total \$5,746,695.56

Deposits April 3, 1923

Deposits March 10, 1922

Increase \$848,708.53

Affiliated Member Chicago Clearing House Association

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

(As reported to the State Auditor)

at the Close of Business, April 3, 1923

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$3,778,543.37	Capital Stock \$300,000.00
Overdrafts 2,929,839.84	Surplus 70,851.06
	Undivided Profits 2,240.00
	Reserve for Taxes and Interest 22,875.40
	Deposits 3,274.57
	Total \$6,994.92

Increase \$6,994.92

Affiliated Member Chicago Clearing House Association

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

(As reported to the State Auditor)

at the Close of Business, April 3, 1923

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$3,778,543.37	Capital Stock \$300,000.00
Overdrafts 2,929,839.84	Surplus 70,851.06
	Undivided Profits 2,240.00
	Reserve for Taxes and Interest 22,875.40
	Deposits 3,274.57
	Total \$6,994.92

Increase \$6,994.92

Affiliated Member Chicago Clearing House Association

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

(As reported to the State Auditor)

at the Close of Business, April 3, 1923

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$3,778,543.37	Capital Stock \$300,000.00
Overdrafts 2,929,839.84	Surplus 70,851.06
	Undivided Profits 2,240.00
	Reserve for Taxes and Interest 22,875.40
	Deposits 3,274.57
	Total \$6,994.92

Increase \$6,994.92

Affiliated Member Chicago Clearing House Association

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

(As reported to the State Auditor)



STATE BANK

Wilson Street
USE BANK
Close of Business

\$ 475,001.65
81.36
382,690.94
Deposit
15,218.90
6,248.42
7,851.53
169,484.59
\$1,056,577.39
\$ 100,000.00
25,293.25
1,723.29
929,560.85
\$1,056,577.39
Since last call,
\$248,813.46

STANDING... Ass't to President
YOUNG..... Cashier
TOMASO..... Ass't Cashier
J. LE REAU, Geo. J. Le Beau
ERT HINCHLiffe, Tanning
KOEGER, Standard Varnish
pany of Illinois
M. A. KELLY, Vice President Re
State Bank
ED C. STROTZ, Mitchell
Hill Co. and Director Re
State BankON OF THE
SAVINGS BANKAccounts at the Close of
1923

LIABILITIES
\$ 500,000.00
and Profits..... 286,353.19
for Interest and taxes..... 36,000.00
Deposits..... \$1,102,317.90
\$ 89,916,930.19
20, 1922, \$1,217,687.07

R. PRINCIPAL
Bankers' Loan Department
McCAMBRIDGE
Manager Bond Department
IAN P. BRASOR, Cashier
W. B. BJORCKMAN, Ass't Cashier
THOMAS F. RYAN, Trust OfficerHENRY G. SAAL
CURT WEICH
CHAS. WADSWORTH

for Safety

BANK

USE BANK
Clearing House Bank
Hubert and Amborg
State Bank10 West North Avenue
Report of Condition, Close of
Business, April 3rd, 1923RESOURCES
and Discounts \$ 1,147,398.68State and Municipal
Bonds 200,903.73
400,918.02and Due from Banks
85,317.00
\$2,320,247.60LIABILITIES
\$ 200,000.00
and Profits 31,176.20
1,176,632.00
1,999,458.00

\$2,320,247.60

OFFICERS
E. S. Sauer, President
John F. Stroh, Vice President
Frank W. Collins, Ass't CashierSTATEMENT OF DEPOSITS
Apr. 1921 (Opening) \$ 142,928.46

Apr. 1922 792,214.95

Apr. 1923 1,628,972.48

Apr. 1924 1,609,450.66

INCREASE IN DEPOSITS IN FIFTEEN
MONTHS 1,579,000.00OFFICERS
Benj. S. Mayer, Chairman of the Board
Chas. Hollenbach, Vice PresidentCustomers' Liability
on Letters of Credit 34,000.00Cash and Due from Banks
1,746,908.38LIABILITIES
\$ 200,000.00
and Profits 31,176.20
1,176,632.00
1,999,458.00

\$2,320,247.60

REMINDER

The following facts pertaining to Noel State Bank are generally known and understood, but this is an opportune time to re-state them.

It has been a Clearing House bank for more than eight years.

It is operated by experienced bankers who concentrate their time and energies on its affairs.

It was established over seventeen years ago and is therefore, the oldest bank on the Northwest side.

It has adopted every known approved precaution and safeguard for the protection of its depositors.

It is operated in the interest of and for the benefit of the community of which most of its 353 stockholders are a part.

It has always been a successful bank paying regular dividends in addition to creating a surplus of \$100,000.00 out of its earnings.

It was the thirteenth state bank or trust company in Chicago to join the Federal Reserve System whereby it can immediately convert into cash the loans it has made to assist commerce and industry.

It has confined itself strictly to legitimate banking. It does not finance or underwrite experiments, or furnish long time capital to its customers, or lend any of its funds to its own officers, directly or indirectly.

It is not a one man bank. Its seventeen directors are well and favorably known men who are financially responsible. They individually and collectively own a substantial amount of its stock. They regularly attend meetings of its board and committees and are thoroughly familiar with its affairs. Neither they nor its officers are officially identified with any other bank.

At the close of business April 3rd, 1923, its Total assets were \$8,694,377.44 Total deposits were \$7,401,379.73 Excess of assets over deposits (amounting to 17 1/2%), was \$1,292,997.71

This latter sum is the total of its capital, surplus, undivided profits and reserves for interest, taxes, etc.

As a further protection to its depositors its stockholders are liable under the law for an additional one million dollars.

Noel State Bank
MILWAUKEE AND NORTH AVENUES
"A BANK FOR ALL THE PEOPLE"THE WEST SIDE TRUST & SAVINGS BANK
Roosevelt Road at Halsted Street
CHICAGO

Statement at the Close of Business, April 3, 1923

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$ 8,169,973.38	Capital Stock..... \$ 700,000.00
Overdrafts 7,884.43	Surplus and Undivided Profits 127,140.46
Banking House 101,000.00	Uncarried Discount 49,075.05
S. Bonds 100,000.00	Reserve for Taxes, etc. 24,000.00
Borrowings 946,300.00	Dividends Unpaid 2,425.00
Accrued Interest 55,858.42	Deposits 7,631,625.95
Customers' Liability on Letters of Credit 34,000.00	Cash and Due from Banks 1,616,184.60
Cash and Due from Banks 1,746,908.38	\$ 8,238,690.74
Liability on Letters of Credit 34,000.00	\$ 8,238,690.74

INCREASE IN DEPOSITS IN FIFTEEN
MONTHS 1,579,000.00OFFICERS
Benj. S. Mayer, Chairman of the Board
Albert F. Ossman, Ass't Cashier
Chas. O. Fettscher, President
Herbert S. Pfauth, Cashier
Carl L. Jernberg, Ass't CashierReport of the Condition of the Peoples Stock Yards State Bank
47th St. and Ashland Ave.

At the Close of Business April 3, 1923

RESOURCES	LIABILITIES
Loans and Discounts \$ 10,826,300.91	Capital Stock..... \$ 1,000,000.00
Overdrafts 7,203.35	Surplus and Undivided Profits 250,000.00
U. S. Government Bonds 1,408,697.23	Discount (Collected but not Earned) 70,510.38
and Certificates 1,125.75	Reserve for Taxes and Interest 173,163.32
Bank Deposits 1,210,069.75	Dividends Unpaid 2,425.00
Letters of Credit 88,248.48	Deposits 7,631,625.95
Cash Assets 123,400.56	Cash and Due from Banks 1,616,184.60
116,984.30	\$ 10,826,300.91
Liability on Letters of Credit 123,400.56	\$ 10,826,300.91

INCREASE Since Last Statement of Condition 5 447,106.46

OFFICERS
R. J. Schlesinger, chairman of boardH. C. Laycock, president
Frank J. O'Neill, vice-president
Drewry, vice-president
J. G. Vlask, vice-presidentDIRECTORS AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS
Edward Morris Edw. F. Swift Nelson Morris J. A. Poer Frank Kohn
Arthur H. Ogle J. H. Hendon Brownie Wm. H. Rethke Frank J. Vlask
C. M. Macfarlane J. P. O'Leary J. P. Conley H. C. Laycock R. J. SchlesingerCONDENSED STATEMENT OF CONDITION
CLOSE OF BUSINESS, APRIL 3, 1923

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts \$ 1,321,800.46

Overdrafts 22,052.05

U. S. Government Securities 851,914.25

Bonds and Securities 2,672,000.00

Furniture and Fixtures 78,164.56

Customers' Liability, Com., L.C. 42,000.00

Reserve for Taxes, etc. 16,499.83

Interest and Dividends Receivable 2,727.25

and Due from Banks 2,452.82

LIABILITIES

\$ 100,000.00

and Profits 2,882,27.79

Deposits 1,039,000.00

S. Bonds 2,181.65

Interest and Dividends Unpaid 31.00

Payable 6,000.00

Total 3,041,909.23

AN AUTHORIZED TRUST COMPANY
A CLEARING HOUSE BANK

OFFICERS

BENJAMIN J. SCHIFF President

SAMUEL PHILLIPS Vice-President

SEYMOUR W. SCHIFF Vice-President

W. R. WOOD Assistant Cashier

L. W. WOOD Assistant Cashier

Report of Condition at Close of Business April 3, 1923,
as made to the Auditor of Public Accounts

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts \$ 1,321,800.46

Overdrafts 22,052.05

U. S. Government Securities 851,914.25

Bonds and Securities 2,672,000.00

Furniture and Fixtures 78,164.56

Customers' Liability, Com., L.C. 42,000.00

Reserve for Taxes, etc. 16,499.83

Interest and Dividends Receivable 2,727.25

and Due from Banks 2,452.82

LIABILITIES

\$ 100,000.00

and Profits 2,882,27.79

Deposits 1,039,000.00

S. Bonds 2,181.65

Interest and Dividends Unpaid 31.00

Payable 6,000.00

Total 3,041,909.23

AN AUTHORIZED TRUST COMPANY
A CLEARING HOUSE BANK

OFFICERS

President

Vice-President

Assistant Cashier

Chicago

\$ 12,500,000.00
12,500,000.00
4,669,038.70
1,164,335.16
245,432.00
2,067,463.70
4,200,000.00
8,330,000.00
1,160,783.81
8,157,463.75
1,399,761.28
2,463,211.80
Bills Bought
Stated...
SPECIAL AND
Guaranteed by
\$ 5,778,393.41

John A. Taylor, Vice-President
Foster, Paints, Oils, Glass, etc.
Local Assets and Insurance
Foster, Miscellaneous
Morgan, Jr., Assistant Vice-President
Commission and Cold Storage
Infectionary, etc. Tobacco
Bakers Hotels
Newhall, Vice-President and Cashier
McNamee, Assist. Vice-President
Anton Cather
Steinlein, Executive Secretary
DEPARTMENT
General Counsel
Harold V. Ambler, Attorney
COLLATERAL DEPARTMENT
Dillon, Manager

\$ 6,250,000.00
6,250,000.00
2,935,949.90
2,902,364.05
1,575,000.00
506,676.87
1,774,411.96
9,980,630.27
Bills Stated...
\$ 719,005.51
\$ 113,893,438.56

Frank O. Weimer, Vice-President
L. Davis, Mgr. Real Estate Dept.
J. Donnelly, Asst. Manager
Real Estate Department
L. Dresenmiller, Auditor
P. McIlhenny, Auditor
Walter Lichtenstein, Exec. Secretary
Edward E. Brown, General Counsel
Harold V. Ambler, Attorney

Malvin A. Taylor
Wm. J. Watson
Frank O. Weimer
William Wilson
William Wrigley, Jr.

NATIONAL BANK
of Chicago
of Business April 3, 1923

\$ 11,872,573.00
2,350.00
1,276,162.00
37,500.00
6,463.84
5,486,558.27

\$ 1,000,000.00
404,496.11
100,929.85
83,938.87
110,313.24
12,797.50
500,000.00
130,000.00
16,245,163.87
\$ 18,687,582.87

OFFICERS
CHARLES H. RICHEY, President
RALPH N. BALLEAU, Vice President
JOHN J. MCDONALD, Cashier
THOMAS KLECHAK, Asst. Cashier
All of the executive officers of the bank are men who have devoted their entire careers to banking in Chicago. The board of directors are responsible local men who do their full duty in directing the management.

Garfield Park State Savings Bank
West Madison St. at Crawford Ave.
CHICAGO
Report of Condition at the Close of Business April 3, 1923

\$ 2,786,529.46
662,982.87
2,505,778.22
857,765.39
10,447.12
\$ 7,591,003.66

\$ 250,000.00
250,000.00
144,928.53
81,354.34
6,855,266.19
\$ 7,591,003.66

\$ 250,000.00
250,000.00
144,928.53
81,354.34
6,855,266.19
\$ 7,591,003.66

Henry Vester
Freight, Warner
Frederick N. Marcer
Gates A. Ryther
Murray M. Ottrott
John M. Ottrott
Casier
Chamberlain
P. Gately
Asst. Casier
A. Madelin
Casier
Chamberlain
P. Gately
Asst. Casier
SAVINGS BANK
Street, Chicago

ROB 'SKINNAY' OF SWIMMIN' HOLE TO 'JUICE' FARMS

BY SCRUTATOR.

High destiny, but tolleone, awaits the 'o' swimmin' hole. According to engineers of the big electrical equipment companies the old mill stream, the ruined mill 'neverthing are in for a change of scene. Upon the hundreds of small creeks and rivers of the Midwest departs the most promising plans for electrifying farms. The hundreds of abandoned water mill sites on the Atlantic seaboard will play a similar part.

Automatic control of turbines and generators in series makes it feasible to harness the streams from mouth to headwaters. Most costly impounding works are needed to get the head of water. No valuable farm land need be flooded. Instead of one or two big generating plants, dozens or scores are installed and linked into a common network of power lines. Automatic control and other factors assure a fairly constant load.

This method of utilizing the power of the smaller streams helps solve the problem of flood control, as the great number of small dams and pools stop the flashy flow of such rivers in floodtime. Plans now being carried out to harness these creeks and rivers provide for a "juice" system, so that enough wheels and generators are available to use the peak power of their flood currents. This excess power is fed into the low tension lines now connecting the smaller towns of the farming regions. In turn, the town juice is available for farm use in times of drought. Fortunately, the usual low water season is the time of minimum lighting demand in town and country.

The present network of power lines feeding the smaller towns and cities are mostly of low tension, usually about 22,000 volts. It requires no expensive switching plants to transfer current from such lines to the even lower tension lines linking up the small water-powers.

Another favorable factor in this plan of power control attained by the smaller streams has a tendency to create a more constant water flow and power supply to hydro-electric plants on the larger streams farther down.

Riding across Nebraska from the west, one would never think of water power while looking out a car window. It seems incomparable from the peaks, gorges, and torrents left behind. In Nebraska, however, there is a little river, which hereinafter makes the United States wall map, that is producing several thousand kilowatts of power from eight or ten small plants, one of only 150 kilowatt capacity. The low installation cost of these plants is such that some realize 30 per cent on the investment.

There are famous water-powers, producing thousands of kilowatts, but pay only 6 per cent; and the development of others that will eventually do great work for the nation is held back by high construction costs.

The electric equipment interests are

Statement of Condition of the OUTLYING BANKS of Chicago

The Irving Park National Bank

Statement of Condition as made to the Comptroller of the Currency at the close of business April 3rd, 1923.

Charter Member Federal Reserve System and Affiliated Member of the Chicago Clearing House Association.

ASSETS

Loans and Discounts \$ 169,161.44
Overdrafts 229.00
U. S. Liberty Bonds and Certificates 1,114,221.00
Other Bonds and Securities 1,616,578.75
Federal Reserve Securities 500,000.00
Bankers' Deposits and Fixtures 104,122.84
Pictures 656,791.30
Cash Due from Banks 31,935.50
Interest Earned, Not Collected 54,000.00

LIABILITIES

Capital Stock \$ 300,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits 46,000.13
Interest Collected, Not Earned 14,658.71
Circulation 200,000.00
Bankers' Deposits 3,027,159.20

LOANS AND DISCOUNTS

Charles G. Dawes, Chairman of the Board

EDWIN F. MACK, Walter H. Wilson, William R. Dawes, J. E. Lindquist

WILLIAM C. COOK, THOMAS C. NEAL, L. H. SCHROEDER

CASHIER HOWARD S. CAMP

DIRECTORS

A. J. EARLING, President, C. M. & Co., P. R. Co.

ALEXANDER H. REVELL, Pres. Alm. Revell & Co.

S. M. FELTON, Pres. Chicago Gear Works R. R. Co.

T. W. ROBINSON, Vice-Pres. Illinois Steel Company

CHANDLER B. BEACH, Captain

Z. G. SIMMONS, President, Simmons Co.

EDWARD G. METZLER, Pres. W. W. Metzler & Co.

HENRY M. DAWEES, Pres. Henry M. Dawees

WALTER H. WILSON, Pres. W. H. Wilson

BURTON F. PEK, Vice-Pres. and Treasurer, Burton F. Pek

ESTHER J. STEVENS, Vice-Pres. and Cashier, Esther J. Stevens

FLOYD CLINCH, Pres. Floyd Clinch & Co.

JOSEPH E. OTIS, President

CHARLES G. DAWES, Chairman of the Board

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF THE FOREMAN BROS. BANKING CO.

S. W. Cor. La Salle and Washington Sts.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION

At the Close of Business April 3, 1923

RESOURCES

Loans and Discounts \$ 45,657,377.27

Overdrafts 17,608.66

Stock in Federal Reserve Bank 120,000.00

U. S. Bonds and Certificates 834,000.00

Stocks, Bonds and Other Investments 1,068,226.78

Customers' Liability on Letters of Credit and Acceptances 352,051.04

Bankers' Acceptances Purchased 840,000.00

Cash on Hand and in Banks 13,444,489.00

Total \$ 62,333,752.15

LIABILITIES

Capital \$ 2,500,000.00

Surplus 1,500,000.00

Undivided Profits 1,320,847.21

Uncared Interest 310,311.60

Reserves for Taxes and Interest 249,360.32

Letters of Credit and Acceptances 352,051.04

Contingent Liability Bankers' Acceptances Sold 840,000.00

Deposits 55,261,181.98

Total \$ 62,333,752.15

OFFICERS

OSCAR G. FOREMAN, Chairman of the Board

J. EDWARD G. FOREMAN, Second Vice-President

EDWARD G. FOREMAN, Vice-President

ALFRED H. FOREMAN, Vice-President

GEORGE J. FINGERER, Vice-President

CHARLES A. FOREMAN, Vice-President

FRANK G. FOREMAN, Second Vice-President

FRANK S. WOLFE, Second Vice-President

JOHN H. BARTELMAN, Auditor

NEIL J. SHANNON, Trust Officer

Founded 1862

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits Exceed

\$ 5,000,000.00

Member Federal Reserve System

Chicago Clearing House Association

CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE: SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1923.

BORIN AND TURPENTINE.
SAVANNAH, Ga., April 6.—**TURPENTINE OIL.**
Closed 50¢ points at lower. Sale, 10,000
bbls. Primes crude, 10.50¢ admt; prime sum-
mer yellow, spot, 11.95¢/12.25¢; Mar. 11.85¢;
July, 11.82¢; September, 11.72¢/all Md.

COTTONSEED OIL.
NEW YORK, April 6.—**COTTONSEED OIL.**

Closed 50¢ points at lower. Sale, 10,000
bbls. Primes crude, 12.75¢ admt; prime sum-
mer yellow, spot, 12.05¢/12.30¢; Mar. 11.95¢;
July, 11.92¢; September, 11.85¢/all Md.

PEANUT OIL.
NEW YORK, April 6.—**PEANUT OIL.**

Closed 50¢ points at lower. Sale, 10,000
bbls. Primes crude, 12.75¢ admt; prime sum-
mer yellow, spot, 12.05¢/12.30¢; Mar. 11.95¢;

July, 11.92¢; September, 11.85¢/all Md.

SOYBEAN OIL.
NEW YORK, April 6.—**SOYBEAN OIL.**

Closed 50¢ points at lower. Sale, 10,000
bbls. Primes crude, 12.75¢ admt; prime sum-
mer yellow, spot, 12.05¢/12.30¢; Mar. 11.95¢;

July, 11.92¢; September, 11.85¢/all Md.

COCONUT OIL.
NEW YORK, April 6.—**COCONUT OIL.**

Closed 50¢ points at lower. Sale, 10,000
bbls. Primes crude, 12.75¢ admt; prime sum-
mer yellow, spot, 12.05¢/12.30¢; Mar. 11.95¢;

July, 11.92¢; September, 11.85¢/all Md.

WHEAT OIL.
NEW YORK, April 6.—**WHEAT OIL.**

Closed 50¢ points at lower. Sale, 10,000
bbls. Primes crude, 12.75¢ admt; prime sum-
mer yellow, spot, 12.05¢/12.30¢; Mar. 11.95¢;

July, 11.92¢; September, 11.85¢/all Md.

SESAME OIL.
NEW YORK, April 6.—**SESAME OIL.**

Closed 50¢ points at lower. Sale, 10,000
bbls. Primes crude, 12.75¢ admt; prime sum-
mer yellow, spot, 12.05¢/12.30¢; Mar. 11.95¢;

July, 11.92¢; September, 11.85¢/all Md.

COFFEE MARKETS.
NEW YORK, April 6.—**COFFEE MARKETS.**

Closed 50¢

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

BOOKKEEPERS and Clerks.
SITUATION WTD.—BOOKKEEPER—GENERAL all round office man, adaptable to any kind of work, good references. Address: 240 W. Wells St., Suite 522, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER. Auditor, desires permanent position; All info. to Mr. Katz, 111 W. Adams St., Suite 10, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—MATURITY DEPENDABLE. Bookkeeper, auditor, desires permanent position; All info. to Mr. Katz, 111 W. Adams St., Suite 10, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—BOOKKEEPING: SMALL FIRM OPENED. Lake View 2526.

SITUATION WTD.—BOOKKEEPER. 21st Street, 101, Tribune.

Accountants and Auditors.

SITUATION WTD.—BY MIDDLE AGED MAN. Many small accounts, no experience or knowledge will start at any clerical position with full responsibility. Address: 100 N. Dearborn St., Suite 10, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—CASHIER AND CREDIT WORK. Price Lake View 2526.

SITUATION WTD.—BY YOUNG MAN, EXP. In fact, state salary, etc., must have good bank, telephone number, experience not essential. Address: 100 N. Dearborn St., Suite 10, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—BOOKKEEPING: SMALL FIRM OPENED. Lake View 2526.

SITUATION WTD.—BOOKKEEPER. 21st Street, 101, Tribune.

Executives and Managers.

HIGH GRADE EXECUTIVE. SUCCESSFUL ORGANIZER
Desire position as general executive in medium size concerns or as head of organization in large size. Possess ability for getting results.

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL MATTERS. Desires to get through experience in corporation accounting, shop planning, routing, securities costs, stock control, bank credit, collections and music financial matters.

Accountant. Desires to get through and make things right without red tape; have special knowledge of business and financial matters. Address: 301 Marion St., Tribune.

Bookkeepers, Selectors, Etc.

FACTORY REPRESENTATIVE. For Texas and Louisiana; married man, located Dallas, Texas, financially responsible; 25 to 35 years old; good references; proposition for above territory. Address: 821, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—BY AN EXPERIENCED SPECIAL SALESMAN. Are 35; single, reliable firm only; salary and expense; present work or on commission; good credit; with strong, drug, bakery, and butcher trade. Address: 512, Tribune.

Professionals and Trades.

ARTIST. Graduate of Academy of Arts, qualified in many lines of good flowers, church paintings, portraits, still life, etc.; good references; decorations; wishes permanent position either in studio or established studio. Address: 512, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—BY A GOOD MILLER. 1822 Howes.

Foreman—Composing Room.

Experienced in large and small plants, as compositor and proof reader and on Gordon's 10th floor, Chicago. Address: 100 N. Dearborn St., Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—PRINTING WORKER. Good, around; can take charge of medium shop. Address: T 464, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—BY AN EXPERIENCED SPECIAL SALESMAN. Are 24; single, reliable firm only; salary and expense; present work or on commission; good credit; with strong, drug, bakery, and butcher trade. Address: 512, Tribune.

Professionals and Trades.

SALESMEN. Thoroughly familiar with sporting goods and automobile accessories. Steady positions, good salary. Apply Employment Office, 5th floor.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Paints and Garden Help. SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER, MAR. North Side, 100, Tribune.

Climbs and Hotels.

SITUATION WTD.—CORPORATE CHEF. IN HOME, 100, Tribune.

Waiters and Porters.

SITUATION WTD.—COOK, WAITER, 24, male, good, as waiter, but poor; good references. Address: 100 N. Dearborn St., Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—KITCHEN WORKER. Good, around; can take charge of kitchen. Address: T 464, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—BY AN EXPERIENCED SPECIAL SALESMAN. Are 24; single, reliable firm only; salary and expense; present work or on commission; good credit; with strong, drug, bakery, and butcher trade. Address: 512, Tribune.

Professionals and Trades.

SALESMEN. Thoroughly familiar with sporting goods and automobile accessories. Steady positions, good salary. Apply Employment Office, 5th floor.

SITUATION WTD.—BY AN EXPERIENCED SPECIAL SALESMAN. Are 24; single, reliable firm only; salary and expense; present work or on commission; good credit; with strong, drug, bakery, and butcher trade. Address: 512, Tribune.

Professionals and Trades.

SALESMEN. Thoroughly familiar with sporting goods and automobile accessories. Steady positions, good salary. Apply Employment Office, 5th floor.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—BY YOUNG MAN, 30, TO 40, IN HOME. Good, around; can take charge of kitchen. Address: 100 N. Dearborn St., Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—BY YOUNG MAN, 30, TO 40, IN HOME. Good, around; can take charge of kitchen. Address: 100 N. Dearborn St., Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

Domestics and Cooks.

SITUATION WTD.—PAINTER AND PAINTER. Painter and Decorator. Address: 875, Tribune.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

FRER PUBLIC SALES SCHOOL.

A representative REAL ESTATE.

Established for the past 30 YEARS IN CHICAGO, gives YOU.

An opportunity to attend their FREE SALES SCHOOL.

One night per week.

To those qualifying after completing a four week course of study.

FULL.

or

PART-TIME PROPOSITION.

A liberal remuneration will be made.

New class starts Tuesday, April 10, at 7:30 p.m.

Address: Room 101, in the rear of the building.

We sell wholesale ONLY to

SILDERS, DEALERS, SUB-

SIDERS, AND SPECULATORS.

A BIG CHANCE FOR

MAN WHO CAN TALK

BIG MEN. REAL MONEY

FOR THE RIGHT MAN. SEE

WEST, 2019 CONWAY

BUILDING.

SALESMAN.

Want to secure first Lubricating oil salesman factory trade at Kalamazoo, Michigan. Write giving previous experience and particulars, including salary expected.

Wonderful opportunity for advancement in one of the oldest companies in the industry.

THE NATIONAL REFINING COMPANY,

Kalamazoo, Michigan.

SALESMAN.

Mechanical training. Man with

experience or training, or exper-

ience in sales, wire and

dr. screening machines, computers to

aid manufacturing processes and

opportunities to visit plants and help

particulars, including sal-

ary expected.

Wonderful opportunity for advancement

in one of the oldest com-

panies in the industry.

THE NATIONAL REFINING COMPANY,

Kalamazoo, Michigan.

SALESMAN.

Mechanical training. Man with

experience or training, or exper-

ience in sales, wire and

dr. screening machines, computers to

aid manufacturing processes and

opportunities to visit plants and help

particulars, including sal-

ary expected.

Wonderful opportunity for advancement

in one of the oldest com-

panies in the industry.

THE NATIONAL REFINING COMPANY,

Kalamazoo, Michigan.

SALESMAN.

Mechanical training. Man with

experience or training, or exper-

ience in sales, wire and

dr. screening machines, computers to

aid manufacturing processes and

opportunities to visit plants and help

particulars, including sal-

ary expected.

Wonderful opportunity for advancement

in one of the oldest com-

panies in the industry.

THE NATIONAL REFINING COMPANY,

Kalamazoo, Michigan.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition to sales force for Chicago

and surrounding areas, Illinois.

Experiences with trade and

acquaintance with advertising experience;

work placement, and, if possible, personal

representatives are only limited by the amount of

time available to produce. For interview

start at 10 a.m. and 2 p.m., Sunday only.

SALESMAN.

Manufacturer of stable established lines

in addition

TO RENT-PLATE-NORTH.

1521 FARGO-A.V.

1618-20 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1639 NORTH SHORE-A.V.

1744 JARVIS-A.V.

1744 KIRKLAND & RUSCHIN

1860 ROGERS PARK 2400.

1861-22 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1862-24 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1863-25 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1864-26 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1865-27 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1866-28 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1867-29 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1868-30 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1869-31 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1870-32 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1871-33 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1872-34 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1873-35 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1874-36 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1875-37 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1876-38 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1877-39 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1878-40 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1879-41 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1880-42 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1881-43 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1882-44 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1883-45 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1884-46 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1885-47 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1886-48 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1887-49 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1888-50 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1889-51 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1890-52 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1891-53 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1892-54 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1893-55 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1894-56 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1895-57 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1896-58 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1897-59 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1898-60 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1899-61 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1900-62 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1901-63 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1902-64 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1903-65 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1904-66 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1905-67 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1906-68 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1907-69 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1908-70 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1909-71 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1910-72 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1911-73 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1912-74 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1913-75 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1914-76 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1915-77 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1916-78 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1917-79 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1918-80 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1919-81 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1920-82 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1921-83 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1922-84 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1923-85 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1924-86 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1925-87 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1926-88 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1927-89 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1928-90 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1929-91 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1930-92 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1931-93 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1932-94 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1933-95 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1934-96 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1935-97 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1936-98 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1937-99 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1938-00 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1939-01 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1940-02 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1941-03 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1942-04 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1943-05 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1944-06 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1945-07 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1946-08 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1947-09 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1948-10 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1949-11 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1950-12 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1951-13 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1952-14 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1953-15 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1954-16 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1955-17 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1956-18 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1957-19 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1958-20 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1959-21 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1960-22 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1961-23 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1962-24 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1963-25 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1964-26 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1965-27 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1966-28 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1967-29 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1968-30 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1969-31 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1970-32 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1971-33 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1972-34 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1973-35 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1974-36 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1975-37 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1976-38 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1977-39 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1978-40 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1979-41 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1980-42 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1981-43 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1982-44 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1983-45 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1984-46 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1985-47 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1986-48 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1987-49 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1988-50 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1989-51 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1990-52 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1991-53 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1992-54 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1993-55 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1994-56 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1995-57 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1996-58 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1997-59 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1998-60 COLUMBIA-A.V.

1999-61 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2000-62 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2001-63 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2002-64 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2003-65 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2004-66 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2005-67 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2006-68 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2007-69 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2008-70 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2009-71 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2010-72 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2011-73 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2012-74 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2013-75 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2014-76 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2015-77 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2016-78 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2017-79 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2018-80 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2019-81 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2020-82 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2021-83 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2022-84 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2023-85 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2024-86 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2025-87 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2026-88 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2027-89 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2028-90 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2029-91 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2030-92 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2031-93 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2032-94 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2033-95 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2034-96 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2035-97 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2036-98 COLUMBIA-A.V.

2037-99 COLUMBIA-A.V.

ESTATE FOR SALE.
S—NORTHWEST SIDE

NORTHWEST SIDE BUNGALOWS
LAND & STAHL.
OUR REAL BARGAINS.
bung.; pr. \$8,000-\$3,000 cash.
bung.; price \$8,300, \$1,000
7,750, \$2,000 cash.
bung.; price \$8,500, \$1,200
bung.; price \$8,300; 2 car \$100
cash.
1 bung.; \$8,500, \$3,000 cash.
tion, call at 3944 Irving Pl., Div.
MORTGAGE PARK
BUNGALOW.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

VACANT—NORTHWEST SIDE
Beautiful Residence Lots
New \$300,000 subdivision at W. North
and N. Oak Park av.: consists of beau-
tiful residence lots. 30x125. \$1,000. \$250 down.
10 per mo.; bus. lots. 25x125. \$1,000.
\$250 down, \$10 per mo. This is one of the
desirable locations in Chicago. Good ch-
chool, playground, park, transportation.
Draw P. 78. Tribune.

REAL ESTATE—OAK PK., AUSTIN

T. A. HOLM & CO.
5 RM. BUNGALOW, \$8,750.
5 room FRAME in fine condition; large
lot 50x100'; nice yard, shrubbery; newly
painted; nice location adjoining Oak Park;
price \$8,750. \$1,500 cash.
COZY 5 ROOM BUNGALOW.
Has 5 rooms and two

CHICAGO

BUNGALOW, \$7,000.
rms., slp., porch; poss. April 15; every
d. feature; mr. L. school; stores; \$2,000
h. \$50 mo.
GREEN, LINK & CO.,
Harrison-st. Oak Park 4615. Austin 3974
Fairfield L to Lombard-av. sta. Oak Park.

DAILY TRIBUNE

ESTATE—SUBURBAN—NORTH.
EVANSTON.
tech colonial, single exterior, 5 rooms, 1 parlor; furnace heat; automatic water; large wooded lot. Price \$30,000.
—
North Evanston.—We offer a large frame
ing, 8 rooms, 5 bedrooms; large fire-
and living room; 1 bath; extra lavatory;
—

SATURDAY, APRIL 7.

**ESTATE—SUBURBAN—WEST.
ERWYN BUNGALOW.**
\$8,100; \$1,000 CASH.
5 rm. elastic, ready May 1; finest
arrangement; wide lot. See this to-
morrow.
Oak Park-blvd. Q. station. Phone
R 325.
RIVERSIDE HOMES.

1923.

ESTATE—SUBURBAN—WEST. R.
RIVERSIDE. FOR
Buy in village. 6 rms. cement bunga-
lmodern; nearly new: \$8,750: terms.
brick and stucco bungalow; beautiful
price \$11,000: terms.
1 English colonial 5 rm. house, with

ESTATE-FARM LANDS.
Wisconsin.
DON'T BE A RENTER; OWN A
farm and sell you an 80 acre
cultured with house and barn on payment
\$100; no further payments for 4
improvements are made; to help you
every \$1 in labor you put in is a
new improvement, we will advance

* * 33

REAL ESTATE LOANS.
MONEY TO LOAN
Buy real estate. Choice security or
otherwise. Building loans com-
JOHN B. COLNON & CO.
Clark & St. Hartigan 2005.
LOANS.

Friends Suggest Dever Name His Wife as Member of School Board—Society Favorite Accused in Suit



[TRIBUNE Photo.]
ACCUSED. Mrs. C. B. Chadwick, social favorite, charged with seizing jewels worth \$25,000.

MAYOR-ELECT AT FRENCH LICK. Left to right: Frank Ford, secretary to county treasurer; Al F. Gorman, city clerk-elect; Emmet Whealan, county commissioner; Judge Dever, County Treasurer P. J. Carr.

[TRIBUNE Photo.]



DEMOCRATIC LEADERS CONFER AT HEALTH RESORT. Left to right, first row: County Treasurer P. J. Carr, Judge Dever, Martin J. O'Brien, George E. Brennan, P. A. Nash, and Arthur O'Brien. Second row: Al F. Gorman, Frank Ford, James C. Denvir, Emmet Whealan, Judge John J. Sullivan.

[TRIBUNE Photo.]



[Edgewater Beach Studio Photo.]

SUGGESTED FOR SCHOOL BOARD POST. Mrs. William E. Dever, whose appointment as a school trustee has been suggested to her husband, the mayor-elect.



[TRIBUNE Photo.]
BIGAMIST'S WIFE NO. 4 AND THEIR CHILD. Mrs. Madeleine Michels Deleige and Margaret Kathryn Deleige, 2 years old, in their home at 2530 Cullum avenue.



[Copyright: Underwood & Underwood.]
SHAKEN BY BOMB. Bobby Maher, 5508 Harper avenue, has exciting experience.



DEATH OF SARAH BERNHARDT DRAWS THOUSANDS TO HER HOME. Throngs around Paris house just after the news of her death. The left window of the two upper double casements is that of bedroom in which her body lay as this picture was taken.



[TRIBUNE Photo.]

CRIPPLED GIRL RESCUED FROM FIRE. Lotus Kuilek, crippled, deaf and dumb (left), and her sister, Stella, who had narrow escape in fire at 945 North Ashland avenue.

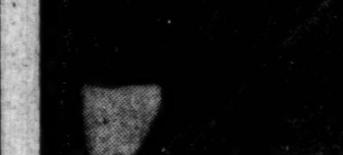


CHALLENGES WOMAN RING CHAMPION. Ida Schnall, who defies Jeanne La Marre, French title holder, sparring with her partner, Willie Bradley, in preparation for New York match.

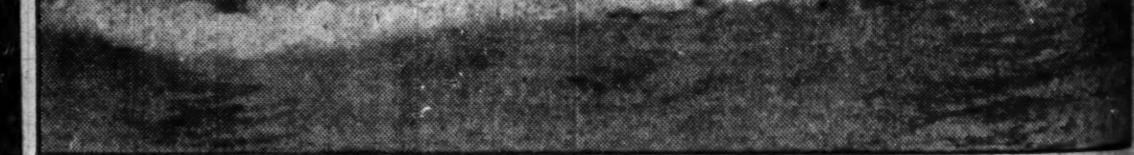
[Wide World Photo.]



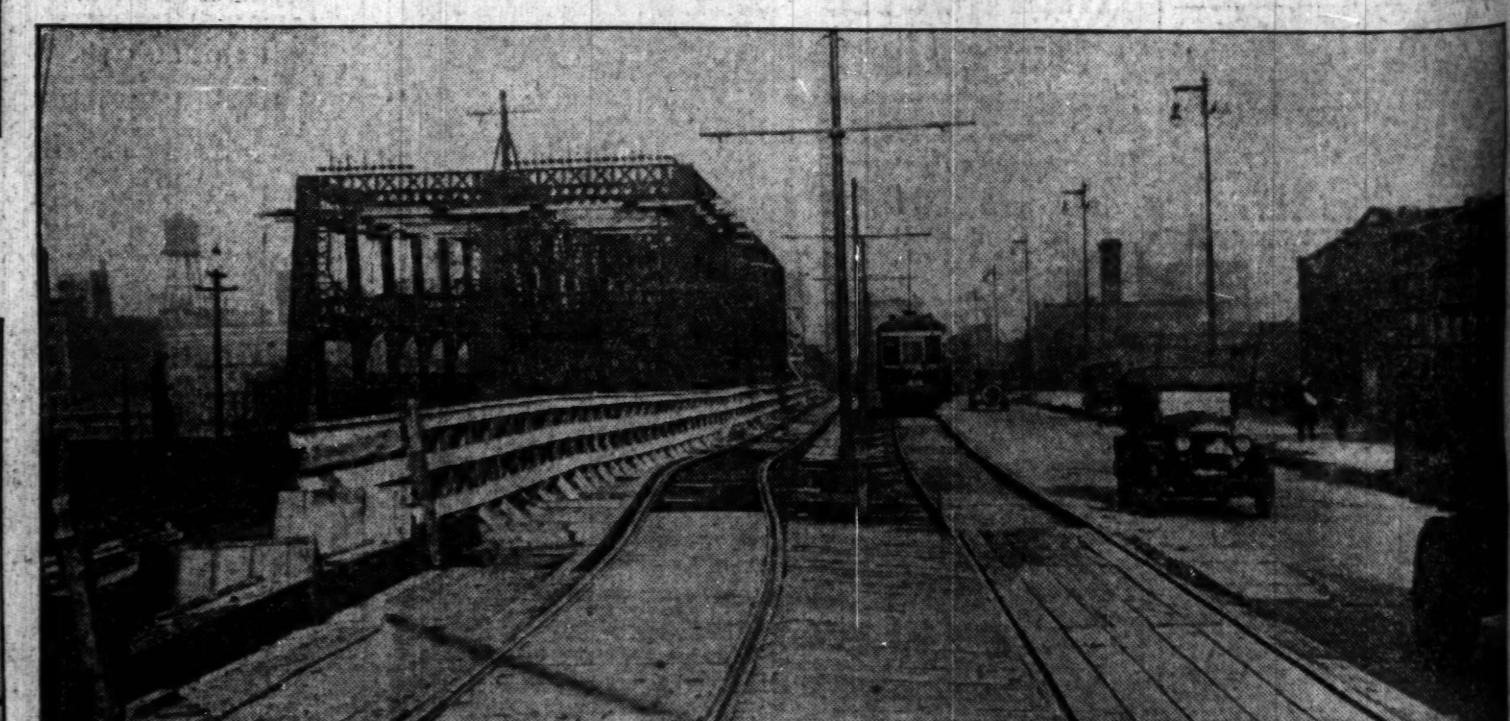
[TRIBUNE Photo.]
AT THE OTHER END OF THE CAMERA. Madge Bellamy, motion picture star, and the world's most costly camera as they appeared yesterday at the Blackstone hotel.



HELD DANGEROUS. J. K. Skipwith, Louisiana K. K. K., assailed in Georgia petition.



[TRIBUNE Photos.]
LOOK AND BELIEVE. SPRING IS HERE. The fine weather yesterday led Travis Hedrick (left) and Percy Stanton took a dip in Lake Michigan at the foot of Howard avenue. They are shown playing in the water just as if they enjoyed it.



WORK ON THE ROOSEVELT ROAD BRIDGE AND VIADUCT ENTERS UPON ITS LAST STAGES. The picture shows the street cars using the new structure, which was built alongside of the old one. To one side is the old structure which is to be removed, and the new structure will then be extended over the space it now occupies.

[TRIBUNE Photo.]

CIV

CANAL BATTLE PROVED NAVY FUEL POVER

Not Enough to Tr in Maneuvering

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENN

RALEIGH, C. Z., March 26.—The inefficiency in the handling of fighting ships in the recent naval exercises and tactical drills of the United States fleet has been disclosed, according to reports.

The marksmanship displayed is firing on the Iowa, in view of the circumstances, is pronounced excellent naval expert. Those qualifying circumstances are the use for the firing of the worn out guns of the Mississippi, a battleship which stood in gunnery last year, and the fact a large proportion of the gun crews consisted of men of short trials. The Mississippi guns had been fired many times previously that they could not be aimed with exact accuracy; they are now to be dismounted and lined. Despite this handicap, the Mississippi sank the Iowa in seven minutes when fifty regular shells were fired at a distance of eight to ten miles.

Fleet Maneuvers Faulty.

When it comes to maneuver tactics, however, the higher naval authorities pronounce the fleet series lacking in the efficiency that would vital in battle. There was considerable handling of battleships in fleet maneuvers, at one time one ship sailing so far out of line that it blanketed another in the successive evolution into firing position.

The destroyer torpedo practice characterized as a joke. The destroyers launched a multitude of dummy torpedoes, some of which made hits, the tactics of the destroyer force so faulty in execution that in actual battle it would have been easy for enemy cruisers.

Salvage Work Was Excellent.

The torpedoes fired were regular practice, rendered non-explosive. They are valuable and not to be wasted practice. All were recovered by small boats afterward. This plainly the remark of an admiral who was asked his opinion of the destroyer torpedo practice.

"It was magnificent," he said. "The percentage of hits was 100 per cent recovery of torpedoes."

The deficiencies are attributed to the large proportion of untrained men in the navy, but mainly to lack of sufficient fuel for more frequent exercises in gunnery, maneuver, and tactics. Congress has denied the final appropriation to a sum that makes impossible the holding these drills more than once a month, while, as a result of the organization of the navy immediately following the war, this has been first time in several years that games on a large scale have attempted.

Training of Recruits a Big Task.

The fleet, with 54,000 enlisted men, is being compelled this year to train 46,000 recruits. As a result, the officers are working under a tremendous strain to keep the ships in condition and to accommodate this large untrained personnel, and at the same time maintain the fighting efficiency of the ships. Any one familiar with life on a ship of war would regard such a task as impossible. Nevertheless, the impossible is being achieved, although it would be hard to assume that the fleet is ready for battle.

The fleet is a vast training school working under the highest pressure. Never has so severe a task been given to the officers, chief petty officers, and the older petty officers to keep the operating force, extravagant and wasteful.

Such conditions are due, in part, to the vacillating policy of Congress which, among other things, passed a law for two year enlistments permitting tremendous outlays of money for the operating force, extravagant and wasteful.

Enlistment Is Improving.

The navy believes there will be difficulty now in getting recruits straight six year enlistments. Two year men are being taken now, and the probability will be asked to fill for the longer term.